THE Bombay Gazette.

No. 55,590—New Series. BOMBAY:—MONDAY, MARCH 11, 1912. PRICE: ONE ANNA

LIBRARY ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

MAIL SERVICE.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing.	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1912 16th Mar.	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	11000
20th "	*ARCADIA	7000		
23rd "	PERSIA	8000		
30th "	MARMORA	10500		
6th April.	MOOLTAN	10000		
13th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	11000
20th "	MANTUA	11000		
27th "	SALSETTE	6000	MALOJA	12500
4th May.	EGYPT	8000		
11th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
18th "	ARABIA	8000		
25th "	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11000
1st June.	PERSIA	8000		
8th "	SALSETTE	6000	CHINA	8000
15th "	MOOLTAN	11000		
22nd "	OCEANA	7000	MACEDONIA	10500

The above Regular Mail Steamers are fitted with *WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.*

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER, on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 12-30 P. M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

* INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER.

The s.s. "ARCADIA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY, at 2 P. M., on WEDNESDAY, 20th MARCH, 1912, direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	Single.	Return.
To Marseilles	Rs. 495 or Rs. 594	Rs. 743 or Rs. 891
To London by Sea ...	Rs. 528 or Rs. 627	Rs. 792 or Rs. 990

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For Accommodation and further information, apply to

W. C. SYMES,
Superintendent.

Bombay.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS
BOMBAY.

PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES	Booked without charge.
BERTHS	Carefully Selected.
STEAMER PLANS	Sent for Inspection.
HANDBOOK	Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.
BAGGAGE	Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.

CALCUTTA: GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON: GRINDLAY & Co.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged:—

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1912.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leave Bombay
Olympia ...	5124	R.H. Brown, R.N.R.	1st Apr. 1912
*Circassia...	6716	C.F. Osborne R.N.R.	6th " "
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	21st " "
*Castalia......	6368	G. Mitchell.........	3rd May "
*Elysia	6383	A. Haigh............	17th " "
Massilia......	5091	J. Thomson.........	2nd June "

*" Fitted with Wireless Telegraphy."

FARES.

	Single.	Return
Bombay to Suez	Rs. 413	627
Bombay to Portsaid	" 446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	" 578	924
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool.	" 653	999
Bombay to Gibraltar	" 590	891
Bombay to Liverpool	" 605	957
Bombay to New York	" 808	1,340
Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez	" 446	

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leaves by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents, Bombay

BOMBAY AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY. TAKING CARGO FOR NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, OR BALTIMORE.

For further particulars regarding freight, etc., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
TURNER MORRISON & Co.,
Agents.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamers,	Tons.	Sailing.	Date.	Time.	Route via.
Lhasa ...	2184	Mon.	11th Mar.	11 a.m.	‡ via P. D. & C. M.
Dumra ...	1695	Thurs.	14th Mar.	9 a.m.	*C. M.
Linga ...	2184	Friday	1 th Mar.	6 a.m.	† direct.

‡Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvie.
*Cutch Mandvie.
† Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSHEH (Weekly).

S. S. "Dumra," 1695 tons, on Thursday, 14th March calling at Muscat, Linga, Bushire, and Mahomerah.

FOR PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

S. S. "Madura," 1956 tons, on Wednesday 13th March, calling at Verawal, Mangrol, Karachi, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, and Bushire.

FOR EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA. (Monthly.)

S. S. "Palamcotta," 3418 tons, on or about 21st March, calling at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "Lindula" 3358 tons on or about 12th March.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct.)

Frequent sailings, with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, BOMBAY.

11th March, 1912.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY.
Nera	5538	Casanova	14th Mar. 1912.
Oceanien	4143	Mages	11th April 1912.
Armand Behic...	6385	Lafont	9th May 1912.
Caledonien	4130	Melber	6th June 1912.
Salazie	4147	X	4th July 1912.

PASSAGE FARES "B" RATE.

	I class	II class	III class
To Marseilles (single)	Rs. 594	495	225
Do. (return)	Rs. 891	743	405
To London (single)	Rs. 660	528	270
Do. (return)	Rs. 990	792	495

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigations General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

One sailing every four weeks.

For furtherparticulars apply to—

J. de COURTOIS,
Agent

Albert Building Hornby Road.

SOCIETA' NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE (transhipping at PORT SAID.)

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
R. Rubattino...	4,580	A. Muzio	15th Mar. 1912.
Sicilia	5,500	D. Maganzini...	15th Apr. 1912.
Capri	6,000	P. Figari........	20th Apr. 1912.
Sardegna	6,000	Mattina	15th May 1912.

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE AND FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Ticket from	Rs. 400 to 550	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years from	Rs. 600 to 825	Rs. 525	Rs. 247

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through Tickets to New York in connection at Naples or Genoa, 1st Class, Rs. 740. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break journey at any port on route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY TO SINGAPORE, KOBE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on.
Ischia	6,000	G. Belsito	14th Mar. 1912.
Polcevera ...	4,000	Lanasa...........	16th Apr. 1912.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean, Black Sea and American Ports issued.

SALOON Fares to COLOMBO, Rs. 75; to PENANG, Rs. 140; to SINGAPORE, Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG, Rs. 220.

Subject to alterations.

G. DEGROSSI,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle.

● SELF CURE NO FICTION! ●
NO SUFFERER NEED NOW DESPAIR.
TRY NEW FRENCH REMEDY.

THERAPION No. 1

in a remarkably short time, often a few days only. Cures discharges (either sex) superseding injections

THERAPION No. 2

Cures blood poison, bad legs, ulcers, sores, painful swelled joints, &c. when mercurial treatment fails.

THERAPION No. 3

Cures chronic weakness, lost vigor and vital force. Either Number Therapion & all self treatment directions enclosed, of chemists or post free 3/- from The LeClerc Medicine Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng. Try New Dragee (Tasteless) Form of Therapion, easy to take, safe, lasting cure. Trade Marked word 'THERAPION' is on British Govt. Stamp affixed to every genuine packet.

※ THERAPION ※
CURES TO STAY CURED.

SOLD BY TREACHER & Co.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

BANKS.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

Capital Paid up....................	Gold $	3,250,000,00
Reserve Fund.......................	" "	3,250,000,00
Undivided Profits.................	" "	316,083,58

LONDON OFFICE: 36, Bishopsgate, E.C.—

BRANCHES:

Bombay.
Calcutta.
Singapore.
Hongkong.
Canton.
Manila.

Cebu.
Shanghai.
Hankow.
Peking.
Yokohama.
Kobe.

San Francisco.
Mexico.
Panama.
Colon.
Empire.

THE CORPORATION sells drafts and Cable Transfers on the principal cities of Europe, America, Australia, China and Japan, buys Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit; and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened, on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum, on Daily Balances, from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

TRAVELLERS CHEQUES SUPPLIED.

H. A. W. BRENT,
Ag. Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42-43, Church Gate Street.

COX & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS

ESTABLISHED 1758.

Registered under the Companies (Consolidated) Act 1908.

CAPITAL PAID UP............£400,000
RESERVE..........................£ 50,000

HEAD OFFICE:—16 Charing Cross, London.

BRANCHES:—Bombay, Calcutta, Karachi, Rawal Pindi, Murree and Srinagar (Kashmir).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened, terms on application.

LETTERS of CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.

INSURANCES of every description effected.

SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT OF CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.

A copy of the half-yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S. W.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

CORPORATED BY ROYAL CHAPTER.

CAPITAL £1,200,000
RESERVE FUND £1,625,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS.....£1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE.
38, Bishopsgate, London E. C.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES.

Hamburg
Bombay
Calcutta
Madras
Rangoon
Colombo
Karachi
Amritsar
Delhi
Penang
Puket
Thaiping (Perak F. M. S.

Ipoh (Perak), F. M. S.
Medan Deli (Sumatra)
Singapore
Malacca
Kwala Lumpor F. M. S.
Klang (F. M. States.)
Seremban (F. M. States.)
Bangkok
Batavia
Sourabaya
Saigon

Manilla
Cebu
Yloilo
Hongkong
Canton
Foochow
Shanghai
Tientsin
Hankow
Yokohama
Kobe
New York

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES, bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter period at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS 10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays 10 30 A.M. to 2 P.M.

POST BOX No. 34.

JOHN GREIG,
Agent,

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

THE EASTERN BANK LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:
4, Crosby Square, LONDON, E. C.

CALCUTTA OFFICE:
103, Clive Street, Calcutta.

BOMBAY OFFICE:
Corner of Hornby Road and Church Gate Street.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL......£1,000,000
CALLED UP £400,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS £600,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Rt. Hon. LORD BALFOUR of Burleigh, K. T.
Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart. (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co.)
EMILE FRANCQUI (Director of the Banque d'Outremer.)
JAMES LEIGH WOOD, Esq., C. M. G., (Messrs Brown, Shipley and Co.)
J. C. GEORGES BOUILLAT, (Director of the Societe Generale de Paris).
J. S. HASKELL, Esq., (Messrs E. D. Sassoon and Co).

BOMBAY COMMITTEE

Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart.
A. J. RAYMOND, Esq.,
Sir DINSHAW M. PETIT, Bart.
MATHURADASS GOCULDAS, Esq.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received on terms to be ascertained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased, loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

The purchase and sale of Government securities, stocks, and shares undertaken, and dividends thereon collected for constituents.

W. M. ANDERSON,
Manager

BOMBAY RACES.

GOERZ TRIEDER BINOCULARS.

No. 20. Linear magnification 6 x. Surface magnification 36 x. Actual field of view 6·7. Subjective field of view 40° ... ... Price Rs. 110.

No. 40. The extreme magnifying power of this glass renders it useful for all occasions where a distinct image of objects at great distances is required. It is the best glass for use in the Army and Navy or at Races, but is not suitable for the Theatre. Linear magnification 12 x. Surface magnification 144 x. Actual field of view 3.4°. Subjective field of view 40° ... ... Price Rs. 144.

GOERZ PAGOR BINOCULARS.

The smallest Prism glass. A Telescope in Opera size. Army and Sporting models. Small, handy and convenient in form, the "Pagor" may be easily carried in the pocket. Definition sharp and clear. Focussed in the same manner as the ordinary Opera glass by the rotation of a small wheel. x 8 weight 10½ oz. x 10 weight 11 oz. ... ... Price Rs. 122·8. and Rs. 133.

GOERZ NEO-TRIEDER BINOCULAR.

These glasses give increased Stereoscopic effect. Enlarged field of view, great illumination of the pictures. Focussed by rack and wheel. Right ocular separately adjusted to allow for inequality of vision, x 8 diameters Field of view. Actual 6,4° with leather case and slings. Weight 18½ oz. ... ... Price Rs. 122·8.

GOERZ HELI-TRIEDER BINOCULAR.

The features of this glass are increased stereoscopic effect and illumination. Enlarged field of view. Focussed by rotation of the oculars. Damp proof, specially constructed for India. x 8 diameters. Field of view: Actual 6.4° with leather case and sling. ... ... Price Rs. 122-8.

MARCKS & CO., LD., BOMBAY & POONA.

CHEAPEST & THE BEST.

MR. N. K. STENENSON, of the General Traffic Manager's Office., G. I. P. Ry. Co., says:—I have received the ENLARGEMENT of the PHOTOGRAPH of my little boy and am extremely pleased with it. It has been most carefully and correctly done, and is an exceedingly good enlargement for the low price of Rs. 5 only. I shall shortly be sending you a few more Photographs for enlargement, and will not forget to send you as many of my friends, with their orders. I hope your business every success, which I am sure your work will merit.

FOR PERM. BROM. ENLARGEMENTS.
THERE IS NO BETTER HOUSE IN INDIA.

THAN

THE ENLARGOPHOTE CO.,
Kanta Bldg., 1st Floor, above Sutor & Co., Kalbadevi, Bombay.

G. & W. HELLER'S

FINEST ASSORTMENT
OF
VIENNA CHOCOLATES
AS SUPPLIED TO THE
IMPERIAL AND ROYAL COURT OF AUSTRIA
in 1lb. boxes at Rs. 3-8

OBTAINABLE AT

MONGINI BROTHERS.
25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

A CUP OF DELICIOUS COCOA IN 15 SECONDS

Everybody uses cocoa, and everybody knows that cocoa in the ordinary way is not quickly prepared. But you can now prepare a cup of this excellent food-beverage in 15 seconds or less by using ...

ELESKA

DRY MILK COCOA

In ½lb and 1lb tins

NO EXTRA SUGAR OR MILK REQUIRED.
ONLY BOILING WATER.

"ELESKA" contains the cocoa together with the proper amount of sugar and milk—all ready for instant use, in powdered form. The flavor is delicious and the quality excellent. "ELESKA" wins the praises of all at first taste.

TO BE OBTAINED FROM

DHUNJIBHOY COWASJEE OOMRIGHUR & Co., Princess Street.
COWASJI RUTTONJI & SON, No. 1, Inside Crawford Market, Bombay.
P. C. SHROFF & SONS, Grant Road.

SOLE AGENTS FOR INDIA.
ALDRIDGE SALMON & CO., LTD.,
SIRDARS PALACE, APOLLO STREET, BOMBAY.

Standard Oil Company of New York,

MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

LARGEST IMPORTERS OF AND DEALERS IN:—

Kerosene and Lubricating Oils.
Motor Spirit: Pratt's and Pegasus Brand.
Pratt's Genuine Spirit or Turpentine
Grease.
Paraffine Wax, &c., &c.

KEROSINE OIL BRANDS:—

Snowflake	150°	in cases.
White Rose	150°	" "
Chester	125°	" "
Devoe's	125°	" "
Monkey	125°	" "

These well-known Brands are imported and sold in cases only.

Elephant 125° in tins, and in bulk from yellow carts.

150° "SHELL" 150° "SHELL"

"SHELL" BRAND CASE OIL.

150°

It is no longer necessary to pay an extravagant price to obtain the best oil.

HAVE YOU TRIED

"SHELL"?

It is the finest American Case Oil.

OTHER 150° OIL COSTS Rs. 6 PER CASE.	REFINED and PACKED in AMERICA.	150° TEST	NO SMOKE and NO SMELL.	"SHELL" COSTS Rs. 5-4 PER CASE.

DON'T allow your Butler or Grocer to decide what Brand of oil you burn

SEE THAT YOU GET

"SHELL"

THE BEST OIL FOR THE BEST LAMPS.

"SHELL" 150° "SHELL" 150°

IMPORTED BY
THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM CO., LD.,
GRAHAMS BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

SOLE AGENTS FOR INDIA FOR

ANTIMALARIC RANA

The incomparable specific against MALARIC FEVERS Prepared by the Chemist.

FRANCISCO RANA OF BARI IN ITALY.

CITRATE, (by A. BRIOSCHI & Co., of MILANO) an effervescent drink for the hot weather. Very pleasing to the taste. Every Family House should stock the CITRATE; and to travellers by Sea or Land is beneficial. Highly recommended.

THE ITALIAN STORES,

C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.,
105, MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

GRIMAULT & Co.'s ENERGICAL SYRUP

THE BEST NERVINE TONIC FOR BRAIN AND BODY.

IT is prescribed in cases of Nervous Exhaustion, Neurasthenia, Anaemia, Chlorosis to shorten convalescence, loss of manhood, etc.

SOLE AGENTS:

V. C. DASTUR & CO.,
PRINCESS STREET, BOMBAY.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED

NOTICE.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Bank will be CLOSED from the 12th to the 19th instant both dates inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
W. J. K. HEGARTY,
Acting Manager.

Bombay, 9th March, 1912.

NOTICE.

SASSOON MECHANICS' INSTITUTE, BOMBAY.

THE Rev. D. MACKICHAN, M.A., D.D., LL. D., Principal, Wilson College, Bombay, will deliver a LECTURE at the Institute on TUESDAY, the 19th March, 1912, at 6-0 p. m.

SUBJECT :—"Lord Kelvin."

Members, their families and friends are cordially invited to be present.

The Lecture is also open to the Public.

G. F. CHALK,
Honorary Secretary.

ROYAL ALFRED SAILORS' HOME SOCIETY.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Society will be held in the Recreation Room of the Home on WEDNESDAY, the 20th March, 1912, at 6-15 P. M.

All interested in the welfare of Seamen and the Society are invited.

F. E. HARDCASTLE,
Honorary Secretary.

NOTICE

IS hereby given to the PUBLIC that the Certificate for one ordinary share of the Bombay Steam Navigation Co., Limited, bearing No. 9423 of the nominal value of Rs. 250 standing in the name of Haji Jan Mahomed Haji Mahomed has been LOST. Any one finding the said share certificating is requested to deliver it at the Office of Messrs. KILLICK NIXON and Co., Home Street, Fort, Bombay. Any one dealing otherwise with it will do so at his own risk.

THE MADHOWJI DHARAMSI MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the NINETEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Madhowji Dharamsi Manufacturing Company, Limited, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company No. 1 Bruce Lane, within the Fort of Bombay on FRIDAY the 15th March, 1912 at 4-30 P. M. (Bombay Time) for the following purposes, namely :—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report for the year ended 31st December, 1911 and two half-yearly Audited Balance Sheets made up to 30th June and 31st December, 1911 respectively.
2. To sanction the declaration of a Dividend.
3. To elect a Director in the room of the Director who retires by rotation, but is eligible for re-election.
4. To elect a Director in place of Mr. Bhagwandass Chatoorbhoj who retires.
5. To confirm the appointments made by the Board of Messrs. C. M. Boss and J. H. Dunkerley as Directors of the Company.
6. To approve and confirm the Agreement entered into by the Board with the Tata Hydro Electric Supply Co., Ld., for the supply to our Company with Electric energy to drive the Machinery of your Mill.
7. To appoint an Auditor or Auditors for the current year and to fix his or their remuneration.
8. To transact any other business that may be brought before the Meeting by the Chairman.

By Order of the Board,
GOCULDASS MADHOWJEE SONS & Co.,
Secretaries, Treasurers, & agents.

Bombay, 23rd February 1912.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V., by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the Property and Credits of LAKHMIDAS VASSONJI late of Bombay Bhatia Hindu inhabitant, Merchant, deceased.

MULJI LAKHMIDAS of Bombay Bhatia Hindu inhabitant, Merchant, son of the abovenamed deceased residing at Holi Chakla within the Fort......................Petitioner.

ALL PERSONS claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness, Sir BASIL SCOTT, KNIGHT, Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid this 6th day of March in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and twelve and in the second year of our Reign.

A. M. KAJIJI,
Registrar.

The Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

P. B. MALABARI,
The 6th day of March, 1912.
Messrs. MANSUKHLAL JAMSEDJI HIRALAL & Co.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.

EUROPEAN GENERAL (ST. GEORGE'S) HOSPITAL.

ENDOWMENT FUNDS.

KHANDALLA CONVALESCENT HOME.

A GENERAL MEETING of Subscribers to the above Funds will be held at Messrs. KILLICK NIXON & Co's. Office on March 11th 1912, at 6-15 P. M.

BUSINESS.

To consider the report of the Committee and to pass the accounts for the season 1910-1911.

L. H. SAVILE,
Honorary Secretary.

NOTICE.

WAGONS FOR THE NORTH WESTERN STATE RAILWAY.

SEALED TENDERS superscribed "Tenders for the construction of 455 Covered Goods Wagons for the North Western State Railway" are invited from firms in India to reach the office of the Secretary, Railway Board, Simla, not later than noon on MONDAY the 1st April, 1912 (at which place, time and date they will be opened) for the construction and delivery during 1912-13 of the said 455 four wheeled wagons, 5' 6" gauge, body 21' 0" long and 9' 6" wide inside.

2. Specifications and drawings can be obtained on payment of Rs. 100 per set from the Carriage and Wagon Superintendent, North Western Railway, Moghulpura, Punjab, which amount will be returned on receipt of BONA-FIDE tenders, but not otherwise.

3. Tenders should specify place of delivery.

4. The Railway Board do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender or to assign reasons for non-acceptance.

R. C. VOLKERS,
Secretary, Railway Board.

Calcutta, the March 1912.

NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at No. 12 A, Mission Row Calcutta, and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette Ld."

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

WANTED AT ONCE.

BOARD and RESIDENCE by ENGLISHMAN and WIFE with English Family in or near Wodehouse Road. Permanency if suitable. Terms Moderate. Apply to—

W. No. 167 "Gazette" Office, Bombay.

NOTICE

IS hereby given that the next contract for the exclusive privilege of selling country liquor in the Deesa Cantonment for the year 1912-13 from 1st April 1912 to 31st March 1913 will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION at the Office of the Collector of Abkari, Deesa at 12 noon on 15th March, 1912.

2. The conditions of sale and all other particulars may be learnt at the office of the undersigned.

J. F. PARKIN, Captain,
Cantonment Magistrate &
Collector of Abkari,
Deesa.

WINES, SPIRITS BEERS &C.

O THE CHEAPEST Old
T PEG McTaggart
WHISKY.
B Rs. 29 per Doz. Blend

ONLY ONE TRIAL WILL SATISFY.

SOLE AGENTS:

CROFT, MODY & CO.,
BOMBAY.

RETAIL SUPPLIERS:

Messrs. BRANDON & Co.
VICTORIA TERMINUS.
AND
Messrs. DENISON & Co.
HUMMUM ST. BOMBAY.

SALES BY AUCTION.

J. S. MODY AND COMPANY,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
24-26 Bank Street, Fort.

AUCTION SALE of the Bay Arab Race Pony "Mountain King."

Under instructions from B. F. Mehta, Esq., pleader for Mr. Shaikh Cassum Trainer and on account and at the risk of Mr. E. K. Macdonald, Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co. will sell by Public Auction THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 11th instant at 3 p.m. (S.T.), at their Rooms in Bank Street, Fort.

The Bay Arab Race pony known as "Mountain King" of 13-2 3-4 height who has won many races in Bombay and Poona

The pony can be seen in the stables of Messrs. Stephens and Sons opposite the Allbless Baugh at Churni Road.

AUCTION SALE of very valuable Household Seasonwood Furniture, Cottage Piano etc.

Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co., Auctioneers are instructed to sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY the 14th instant at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), sharp in the Petit Building opposite the Oriental Buildings and next to Allice Buildings, on Hornby Road, Fort (where the whole furniture has been removed) the very valuable and new designed handsome seasonwood, teak and blackwood furniture made to order such as drawing, dining, bedroom and office furniture consisting of silk tapestry lined drawing room, suites of sofas and chairs, Chesterfield sofas and chairs fancy mirrored and carved cabinets by Benjamin, Chippendale chairs, writing tables, dining table, dining room chairs dinner waggon, side board, screen, English mirror, zoondah almyrah, single and double door mirror wardrobe and hanging almyrahs, iron bedsteads with wire mattress, dressing, and wash-hand tables, large chival glass, office writing table bookcases and stands, hat and umbrella stands, card tables, rich carpets, oil paintings table and hanging lamps, Benjamin cabinets, sideboard by Robert's electric fan stands, Refrigerator electric fan, cottage piano, cane furniture, arm and easy chairs, law and Curzon chairs, guncase, sick chair, folding chair clocks, Tantalus liquor frame brass pots, brass lamps solid brass flower pot stands, Burmese figures platedware, crockery and glassware, cooking utensils, etc., etc., the property of Captain SIDNEY ANDREWS of P. and O. Company proceeding home and others.

The above furniture is made under the direct supervision of the owner and is worth a visit.

Catalogues will be published and the furniture, is on view.

AUCTION SALE OF LANDED PROPERTY ON DUNCAN ROAD.

Messrs. J. S. MODY, and Co. Auctioneers, will, on THURSDAY, the 14th instant, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction on the premises by order and under instructions of the mortgagees Sha Maganlal Vallabji and Sha Kalidas Umersey, and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor Khoja Motibhai Ladha, in exercise of the power of sale contained in the Indenture of mortgage dated 8th December, 1908, executed by the abovenamed mortgagor in favour of the mortgagees, the following landed property, viz.:

All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Duncan Road outside the Fort, and in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay and assessed by the Municipality under C. Ward No. 7342, Street Nos. 147-149, and Registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 1769, New No. 8901, Old Survey No. 2-1272, and New Survey No. 4742, and containing by admeasurement (77 2-9) square yards or thereabouts, and bounded on the east by a sweeper's passage on the west by the said Duncan Road, on the north by the property of Balwant Kashiram Raikar, and on the south by the property of Suleman Jakeria.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Manchershah and Narmadashankar, Attorneys for the said Mortgagees, at their Office, in No. 13, Military Square Lane, Fort, or to the undersigned.

Printed particulars and conditions of sale of the above property can be had at the Rooms of the Auctioneers.

J. S. MODY & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 11th March, 1912.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense will be found a great boon.

They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the acme of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :—
Nickel, Rs. 3-8, Gold, Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial" of the following sizes :—

6 inch by 4½ inch ...Rupee 1 per hundred*
9½ inch by 4½ inch ...Annas 4 per do. *
If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Rs. 3 per 1,000.
5 13-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Rs. 2½ per thousand*
If printed on flap Rs. 4 per thousands.

AMUSEMENTS.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

(PART PROPRIETOR AND MANAGER MAURICE E. BANDMANN)

VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT.

Under the patronage of H. E. THE GOVERNOR
21st and 23rd March

"The Open Door" Dualogue by Alfred Sutro.
Mrs. Acworth and Capt. Davis.
Songs. Choruses Dances.

The following ladies and gentlemen will assist :—

Mrs.	Binning	Messrs.	Binning
"	Blunt	"	Brady.
"	Paterson Brown	"	Croft.
"	Croft	"	Drummond (Capt.)
"	Donald	"	Jackson.
"	Laing	"	Kendall.
"	McBain	"	Macbeth.
"	Rogoton	"	Murray.
"	Wilson	"	Nicholson,
Miss	Elliott	"	Pollard.
"	Russell	"	Sim.
"	Stileman	"	Standage,
"	Warden	"	Stuart.
"	Willis.		

By kind permission of Colonel Vaughan and officers.

Band of the VI Royal Warwickshire Regiment.

The performance will be for CHARITY. Each purchaser of seats in stalls, boxes, or dress circle is entitled to one vote for each seat.

Full particulars and Booking Office at
Messrs. S. ROSE & Co.

EXCELSIOR CENEMATOGRAPH.

TO-NIGHT,

Our great poem-picture ENOCH ARDEN, founded on Lord Tennyson's famous poem and a huge programme of novelties.

TIME AND PRICES AS USUAL.

BOMBAY TWELFTH EXTRA MEETING.
SATURDAY, 16TH MARCH, 1912.

OWNERS are reminded that ENTRY CLOSES, at 6 P. M., on MONDAY, the 11th March, 1912.

CECIL GRAY,
Secretary, W. I. T. C.

Byculla, 7th March, 1912.

NOW IN BOMBAY
The World's Most Famous
MODERN PROPHET,
Dr. CARL LOUIS PERIN,
The Palmist and Psychic of Kings, Emperors and Potentates,
The Foremost Mental Scientist and Reader of Human Destiny.
Hours every day from 10 to 12 and 2 to 5 or by Special Appointment.
TAJ MAHAL PALACE HOTEL
SUITE 451.

Notice : Telephone Messages cannot be answered.
Letters will only be answered by enclosing a stamped and Self-Addressed Envelope.

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Daily 8-30 A.M. TO 8 P.M. (S.T.)
From 28TH FEBRUARY to 13TH MARCH,
(including Sunday).
ADMISSION As. 4.

DANN & CO.,
GENTS' SMART TAILORS.

NEW GOODS NOW ON VIEW.
MEN'S SMART TWEED AND FLANNEL suits in a large variety of latest designs.
PRICES :—From Rs. 18 to 35.
GENTS' NAVY BLUE SERGE Suit fast Indigo Dye.
PRICES :—From Rs. 20 to 35.
DONEGAL TWEED SPORTING COATS.
PRICE :—Rs. 19 complete.
MEN'S WHITE FLANNEL AND SERGE TROUSERS.
PRICES :—From Rs. 6-8 to Rs. 12.

DANN & CO.,
HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY,
Opposite Whiteaway's Buildings.

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The leading Financial Paper in the East.
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The leading Commercial Paper in the East.
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HEAD OFFICE :—
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CALCUTTA.

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rates for Subscribers are unaltered, viz., Rs. 37-8 per annum credit, or Rs. 30 in advance, post free.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Not exceeding three lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid

"CLARESQUE" PLATE POWDER—will make your Silver and Plated Table Ware, look their brightest. Annas 12 per tin. Rs. 8 per doz Instructions for using on every box. We use it ourselves and have had every opportunity of watching its lasting effect for the good of Silver and Plate. MARCKS & Co., Ld., Jewellers, Bombay and Poona.

TRAINED LADY NURSE Offers Services during voyage in return for full passage to England in April. Apply No. 940 care of this Paper.

AUSTIN CAR.—It is so rigid, so safe, so easy. It is the acme of perfection. Years of highest reputation proves it to be the right machine to-day at the right price. Sole Agents :—THE UNIVERSAL ENGINEERING Co., 14, Hummum Street Fort, Bombay.

WANTED ONE BOOK-KEEPER PARSEE preferred, for British Central Africa on a 3 years' Agreement. Salary Rs. 150 rising to Rs. 180 per mensem. Free 2nd Class passage, quarters and travelling expenses. Apply to Box No. 926 care of this Paper.

MACHINE MINDER wanted for High-class Jobbing, one used to latest machinery and best work only need apply permanency to suitable more. Write stating salary required, enclosing testimonials to the MANAGER, "Gazette" Office, Green Street, Bombay.

TO COMPOSITORS.—TWO COMPOSITORS wanted for first-class Jobbing Work, none but good steady men need apply. Permanency if suitable. Write stating age, salary required, enclosing samples of work and copies of testimonials to the MANAGER, "Gazette" Office, Green Street, Bombay.

TO COMPOSITORS—TWO ENGLISH COMPOSITORS wanted for first-class Jobbing Work, none but good steady men need apply. Permanency if suitable. Write stating age, salary required, enclosing samples of work, and copies of testimonials to the MANAGER "Gazette" Office, Green Street, Bombay.

GAZDAR AND CO.—MERCHANTS and CONTRACTORS, Church Gate Street. Large Stock best English and Italian flooring, Dado Wall Tiles, Majolica Mosaic, Hand Brand Cement, Marble, Lavatory Basins Closets, Bath Tubs, etc.

AN INVITATION—Meals which cost Rs. 2 and Rs. 3 elsewhere, can be got at the RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, for nearly half the rate. Give it a trial and judge for yourselves. Only genuine Wines and Liquors stocked and sold at moderate rates. Brand-new Billiard Tables. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Dinners served till late hours.

BOOKS FOR SALE.—GARNETT'S "International Library of Famous Literature" 20 vols; "Scribner" '80 to '82 five vols; "Century" '84 and '85, 4 vols. Offers. Box 2693, care of this Office.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET, behind the Bank of Bombay, where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotation given for all sorts of Printing Work Binding Stationery etc

ROUNDABOUT BOMBAY. By James Douglas. Rs. 5. Apply Box No. 408, care of Bombay Gazette Office.

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OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," when available, are supplied at the following special Prices :—If of a date over one and within 3 months, 8 annas a copy ; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee per copy ; over 12 months old, and additional rupee for each year ; and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Rs. 2 must be paid in advance.

TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey," Bombay to the Bosphorous. Two Volumes. By Grattan Geary. Rs. 10. Apply Box No. 4, 9. care of "Bombay Gazette" Office

EXCHANGE TABLES.—NEW EDITION, revised and enlarged. Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling. Advancing by 32nds from 1s. 3½d. to 1s. 4 31/32d. Also includes Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal—Values—Due Dates. Price Rs. 3. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

SPECIAL OFFER.—Commercial Envelope: "Gazette Commercial," of the following sizes — 9½ inch by 4½ inch Rupee 1 per hundred 9½ inch by 4½ inch, Annas 14 per hundred, (If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Rs. 3 per 1,000 5 13-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Rs. 2½ per thousand If printed on flap, Rs. 4 per thousand.

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works 2 Green Street Fort

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.—By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

WORLD'S GREATEST PLEASURE is to enjoy the advantages of a perfect health. Many young men often betake themselves to various vices, that break down the health, and very soon render them, fit for nothing but the sick-bed. Isn't it a sad thing ?

ATANK NIGRAH PILL

is the only safe and reliable remedy for all diseases, resulting from youthful indulgence. It tones up the entire nervous System.

It imparts wonderful strength and vigour by increasing and purifying the blood and stopping wet dreams.

It is invaluable in weak digestion and constipation. In short it supplies everything what a man should have.

PRICE—Re. 1 for a box of 32 pills.

Write to day :—
VAIDYA SHASTRI,
MANISHANKER GOVINDJI,
Atank Nigrah Pharmacy,
Kalbadevi, Bombay.

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BUYING AGENTS. PRODUCE AGENTS.

BUYING DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. having for many years been large Exporters to the East of HARDWARE, METALS, MACHINERY, STORES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE. offer their services to Firms abroad.
CATALOGUES OR QUOTATIONS FURNISHED.
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PRODUCE DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. undertake the sale of EASTERN PRODUCE on commission.
GENERAL AGENCY BUSINESS carefully conducted.
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WILLIAM J. KEYMER & CO.,
88 FENCHURCH STREET, LONDON, E.C.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL...	£ 2,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL.......	£ 1,000,000
RESERVE FUND...........	£ 850,000

HEAD OFFICE :
26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON E. C.

BRANCHES :

Calcutta,
Bombay,
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FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

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The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

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Post Box No. 141, BOMBAY
W. J. K. HEGARTY,
Acting Manager.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	£ 1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£ 1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL...............	£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS	£ 325,000

HEAD OFFICE :
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E. C.
LONDON BANKERS
The Bank of England,
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The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms :—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising interest and dividends when due.

A. SCOTT SMITH,
Manager.
Esplanade Road, Bombay.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.

CAPITAL (Paid up)..................	Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper)	Rs. 28,50,000

HEAD OFFICE : SIMLA.

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London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

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FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of Every Description transacted RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

W. A. M. LATTEY,
Agent.
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$ 16,750,000
Gold Reserve Fund.........................	£ 1,500,000

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SAIGON
SAN FRANCISCO
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CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum accrued amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on term which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every discription of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent.
Carlton House, Outram Road, Bombay.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ...	Yen. 48,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ...	" 30,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS... ...	" 17,150,000

HEAD OFFICE :—YOKOHAMA.

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Nagasaki
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New York
Osaka
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Tientsin
Tokyo

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 upto Rs. 100,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI,
Manager.
Post Box No. 207,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY,
No. 16, APOLLO STREET.

WEEKLY SALE.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 11th instant, at 2-30 p.m., (S.T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, a quantity of grey, white and coloured piecegoods and the following :—

Furniture such as zoonda cupboard, almyrahs, drawing-room set, also office furniture such as writing and office tables, chairs, cupboards, and iron safe.

1 Remington No. 7 Typewriter in good order.

By order of R. D. SETHNA Esq., Official Assignee, and Assignee of the estate of Lakhamsi Devsi and others traded as Madan Bhimjee and Co., Insolvents.

Pehdi and office furniture such as cupboards, chairs, tables, mehta boxes, Gadlas, pillows, sample cotton, and two iron safes on stands, etc.

At 3 p.m., (S.T.)

Several gents' bicycles by different makers.
1 Royal West End bicycle with accessories.
1 Peugot motor cycle about three horse power.
1 light rubber-tyred victoria.
1 " " " vis-a-vis with double and single poles.
1 pair bay Waler mares 14-3.
1 pair Arab and C.B. horse and mare, both pairs going in single and double harness and saddles.

By order of R. D. Sethna Esq., the Official Assignee, and Assignee of the estate of Abdul Tyeb Goolam Hoosein, Insolvent

1 handsome rubber-tyred vis-a-vis with a young Arab bay horse and harness.

The property of a gentleman:—

1 Darraque double cylinder about 12 H. P., 4 seated motor car magneto ignition.

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY to Collectors of China and Japan Curios.

Messrs CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed by orders of the concerned to sell by Public Auction at Medows Street, Fort, next to Messrs. Dunnett & Co. TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, the 12th, and on WEDNESDAY, the 13th instant at 2-30 p. m. (S.T.), each day, a large and variegated surplus collection of China and Japan Curios to make room for fresh consignments, consisting of embroidered and cut velvet wall hangings, embroidered pictures, very old and valuable Budhas, Kakemono, one pair Hokusai painted Kakemono and one pair Sunsho painted Kakimono (Renowned Artists), printed pictures by Hokusai, Utamaro, Eizan, Hirosige, Toyokuni and other famous painters Budha in shrine (very old), several old Chinese porcelain pieces, Jade, Crystal, Agate pieces, and old Lacquered Inro, Ivory, Satsuma, Bronze, cloisoinne Imari and Kutani wares, wooden carved furniture, screens, and many other articles for drawing-room and hall decorations, too numerous to mention.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

The above collection is well worth a visit.

On FRIDAY the 15th inst. at 2-30 p. m. (S. T.) Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Apollo Bunder next to Watson Annexe and above Messrs. Muraghis Marble Mart, the valuable and neat teakwood and blackwood household furniture, of the latest design, glassware, crockeryware and platedware, dining table and chairs, mirrored sideboard and dinner waggon, drawing-room suite of sofas and chairs, hand silk tapestry marble and tiled topped tables and teapoys, side and corner cabinets, Mahogany cottage piano, iron bedsteads, single and double mirror door almyrahs, clothes and gown presses, marble topped dressing and wash-hand tables, also blackwood carved chiffoneers, flower stand teapoys, table ornaments, wired proof lamps, etc., the property of F. M. Trocher Esq., and others.

Catalogues will be published and the property is on view.

SALE ON SATURDAY, 16th March.

On SATURDAY, the 16th inst., at 2-30 p. m. (S. T.) Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 2, Jairaj House, next to the Sassoon Dock, Middle Colaba, the valuable and handsome teakwood and blackwood, household furniture, by Devji Canji and others, glassware, crockeryware and platedware, dining table, mirrored sideboard and dumbwaiter, English-made Caesterfield and folding, drawing-room, suite of sofas and chairs, hand silk tapestry, corner and side cabinets, iron bedsteads, English bedroom, suite of almyrah, dressing and wash-hand tables, single and double almyrahs, clothes press, marble topped dressing and wash-hand tables, half-plate camera with Beck lens, nearly new ebonized square piano by Schiedmayer, Stuttgart, specially made for Indian climate, Sharanpore carved furniture, table ornaments, lamps rubber-tyred vis-a-vis in good order, etc., the property of W. M. Denby Esqr., of Messrs. Macbeth Bros. and others.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

Under instructions from the Administrator-General of Bombay, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY the 25th March, 1912 at 3-30 p. m., (S. T.) at their Rooms, the platedware of the late Mr. W. Brough Simpson, such as 2 cases fruit knives and forks, 2 cases fish knives and forks by Treacher & Co., 1 plated dinner gong, claret jugs, spoons and forks, &c.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 11th March 1912.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE of Cotton slightly damaged by Fire and Water.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 11th instant, at 5 p. m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT, and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at Jamshed Bunder, Colaba, on account of the concerned—

A large heap of cotton damaged by Fire and Water on the 5th instant.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE of Cotton slightly damaged by Fire and Water.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 11th instant, at 4-30 p. m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT, & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at 1st Pasta Lane, Colaba, behind Jaitha No. 13 on account of the concerned—

About 750 full pressed bales of Bengal, Oomravati, Akola, Purbhani, Broach, Jalna, Ujjain, Muttra, Kassur and other cotton.

The above will be sold in small lots to suit the requirements of purchasers.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS.

Under instructions from the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, Messrs. BENNETT, & Co., will, THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 11th instant at 4 p. m. (B. T.) sell by Public Auction, on the Premises the whole of the materials of the Gowlies' Chawl situate at Agripada.

AUCTION SALE of very valuable Diamond Pearl Emerald and Ruby Jewellery.

Under instructions from Messrs. R. D. Sethna and Bhaidass Narotamdass, the Guardians appointed by the High Court of the property of Jayantilal Ramdass, a minor, Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will, on TUESDAY the 19th instant, at 2 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction, at their rooms, very valuable diamond pearl ruby emerald jewellery consisting of very valuble pearl bangles of one row, pearl raifuls of 2 rows, 2 pearl necklaces of 2 strings, one satlada of six strings of big and small pearls, one pearl ruby and emerald necklace of 2 strings, one diamond necklace with pendant and 4 big pearls, one pearl ruby and emerald necklace, of 2 strings, one Dawin set with pearls, rubies and diamonds, one diamond nose ring, one big pearl nose ring, diamond earstuds, diamond rose pattern ring, ruby earstuds, one pearl and emerald necklace, etc. etc., too many to describe.

The above will be on view 3 days before the sale.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 11th March, 1912.

INSURANCES.

NORTH BRITISH
AND
MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY.
ESTABLISHED 1809.

CHIEF OFFICES :
EDINBURGH : 64, Princes Street.
LONDON : 61, Threadneedle Street.
Total funds exceed......£21,000,000.

A BONUS

has just been declared at the rate of 30 shillings per cent per annum and is allocated on the Compound System. This Bonus is therefore equivalent to an addition of from Rs. 15 per thousand on new Policies to Rs. 36-8 per thousand on the oldest Policies which have thus been doubled in amount by such additions of bonuses.

INDIAN LIVES are insured at European rates of premium. For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms, etc., apply to

KING, KING & Co.,
Secretaries.
KING'S BUILDING, BOMBAY.

N. B.—WANTED Energetic and Influential AGENTS on exceptionally liberal terms.

GRESHAM LIFE OFFICE.

IMMEDIATE ANNUITIES with RETURN OF PURCHASE MONEY.

THIS NOVEL and most ATTRACTIVE SCHEME which has been recently introduced offers exceptional Advantages to prospective Annuitants and the "GRESHAM" is the first Insurance Company to offer its benefits to the Public.

(1). A RETURN OF THE FULL AMOUNT OF THE PURCHASE MONEY GUARANTEED IN ANY EVENT.
Under the old scheme, the Capital was lost at Death, whenever it occurred.

(2). A LIBERAL SURRENDER VALUE ALLOWED SHOULD IT BE DESIRED TO REVOKE THE CONTRACT AT ANY TIME.
Under the old scheme, the Annuitant had no control over his Capital once paid down.

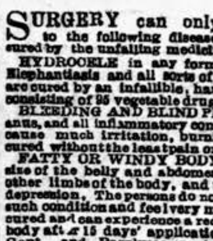
For full particulars apply to—

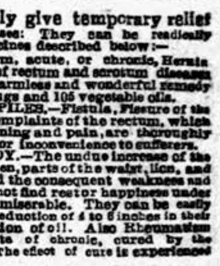
CROFT MODY & CO.
Chief Agents for India, Burma and Ceylon,
BOMBAY.

The Undermentioned Medicines are prepared from Herbs.

A BOON SUFFERING HUMANITY
SURGERY SUPERSEDED.

I possess numerous certificates from officials, Europeans, Parsees, Mahomedans, Hindus on all diseases. Those who wish to be convinced are requested to come and inspect them





SURGERY can only give temporary relief to the following diseases: They can be readily cured by the unfailing medicines described below :—

HYDROCELE in any form, acute, or chronic, Hernia Elephantiasis and all sorts of rectum and scrotum diseases are cured by an infallible, harmless and wonderful remedy consisting of 95 vegetable drugs and 105 vegetable oils.

BLEEDING AND BLIND PILES.—Fistula, Fissure of the anus, and all inflammatory complaints of the rectum, which cause much irritation, burning and pain, are thoroughly cured without the least pain or inconvenience to sufferers.

FATTY OR WINDY BODY.—The undue increase of the size of the belly and abdomen, parts of the waist, lion, and other limbs of the body, and the consequent weakness and depression. The persons do not find rest or happiness under such condition and feel very miserable. They can be easily cured and can experience a reduction of 4 to 6 inches in their body after 15 days' application of oil. Also Rheumatism Gout, and Paralyses, acute or chronic, cured by the application of oil and pill The effect of cure is experienced after 15 days' treatment.

SPERMATORHEA, STERILITY, and monthly disorders, and other obstinate uterine diseases are permanently cured, no matter how old the patient or disease may be.

DIABETES.—Insipid an Mellibes—and complaints thereto, both acute and caronic, are thoroughly cured harmless Vegetable Pills.

ALL BILIOUS COMPLAINTS, DYSPEPSIA, beating sensation in Throat or Chest, Sour, Bitter or Sweet taste the mouth, heartburn, headache caused thereby, and loss of appetite are easily cured.

ALL NASAL COMPLAINTS.—Watery, blood or pus discharges from the nose, formation of scales or fresh globules in the nose causing obstruction to breathing, are perfectly cured by an effective smelling powder.

PATIENTS ARE NOT REQUIRED TO UNDERGO INCONVENIENCES AND DANGER OF OPERATIONS

Price as follows —
For Hydrocele, Hernia and Elephantatis Pills and Oil for 30 days, Rs. 15-8.
For Piles, Fistula, Ointment and Pills for 15 days, Rs. 6-4
For Windy & Fatty body, Oil for 15 days, Rs. 6-4
For Spermatorhea, Sterility, Monthly Disorders, Pills for 15 days, Rs. 7-8
For Diabetes, Pills for 15 days, Rs. 7-8.
For Billious complaints, Dyspepsia, &c., Pills for 15 days Rs. 5-8.
For Nasal Diseases, Smelling powder for 15 days, Rs. 6-8.
For Rheumatism, Goutand Paralysis, Pills and Oil for 15 days, Rs. 9-12.

LEPROSY—Black and white—and BLOOD-DISORDERS are satisfactorily cured by my remarkable remedy consisting of pills and ointmen tfor 15 days, Rs. 10-8.

ELEPHANTIASIS and similar inflammatory complaints of legs and hands, causing pain, itching, and irritation cured thoroughly by the use of the oil. Medicine for 30 days, Rs. 10-8

ASTHMA, COUGH, Difficult Respiration, Hooping Cough Cold, Throat Irritation Consumption, Blood Phlegm, and similar diseases of the Lungs, Bronchitis, are cured by a month's treatment. Medicine for 15 days, Rs. 9-12.

EPILEPSY HEMICRANIA, habitual Head-ache, Dropsy, after-effects of mercury and other mineral poisons mouth diseases, are all very successfully treated Medicine for 15 days, Rs. 7-8.

OPHTHALMIA—Obstinate eye and ear diseases, redness, watery or pus discharges, soreness, CATARACT, burning, piercing pain, shortness of sight, flashes, night blindness, are relieved by harmless applications which neither burn nor produce any inconvenience to patients. Pills or mixture or 15 days, Rs. 9-12.

IMPOTENCY, SPERMATORHEA, LOSS OF NERVE POWER are permanently cured, no matter how old the patient or disease may be Rapid SEMINAL DISCHARGE, the results of thoughtless excesses and errors of youth are entirely cured, GREAT RETENTIVE POWER and perfect MANHOOD restored to the complete satisfaction of sufferers. Unfailing potent remedies of harmless nature are always kept in stock. Pills or oil (as the cases may be) for 15 days, Rs. 7-8.

MENSTRUAL TROUBLES, Amenorrhoea, Dysmenorrhoea, Leucorrhoea, Sterility, Prolapsus, Uteri, Threatened Miscarriage, Tumour and other obstinate Uterine Diseases are speedily cured without any chance of recurrence. Pills for 15 days, Rs. 5-8.

CHOLERA, DIARRHOEA DYSENTERY sudden and periodical COLIC PAINS are cured by unfailing remedies which surpass all other preparations. Pills for 15 years Rs. 6-8

Up-country orders Promptly executed by Value Payable Post.

Up-country patients are requested clearly their to state age disease and the duration of the same for my guidance.

In addition to the abovementioned medicines there are several other superior medicines of differen tprices fo r complaints mentioned above and also for severa l other complaints, the prices and other information for which may be had on application by Post or by personal interview disease and the duration of the same for my guidance.

Apply to Dr. BALKRISHNA NARAYAN JOSHI, at Benares, Motiwalla's Chawl, near old Tram Terminus, Tardeo Bridge, Tardeo, Bombay.

CERTIFICATE

Dear Sir—I have much pleasure to say, that your Medicine effected me a perfect cure from hydrocele and piles from which I had been suffering for the last 12 years and my wife from the undue increase of fatness in body which she was suffering from for the same period.

I tried good many European and native Doctors but to no effect. I have full confidence in your vegetable drugs and shall be most happy to recommend to my friends.

Yours faithfully—(Sd H. W. WILLIAMS

Bombay, 14th February 1910.

CERTIFICATE.

To Dr. BALKRISHNA NARAYEN JOSHI, Tram Terminus Tardeo.

Dear Doctor,—I wish to bring these few lines to your notice for the benefit of other sufferers I was suffering great agony from Hydrocele and Piles for almost a period of 12 years and tried many doctors both native and European, but to no avail. I almost gave up all hopes of ever finding a cure but you will be glad to hear that since using the Pills and Ointment prescribed by you, I found instant relief and a thorough cure.

Thanking you for the same and I sincerely trust your medicines will be soon known by all sufferers, I would very much advise you to advertise more freely in all newspapers. I shall always recommend you to my friends. Yours faithfully,

J. W. BREAKEY Government Telegraphs.

5th September, 1905.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81 Queen's Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whisky may be had from Messrs. JAMES FINLAY and Co., Limited, Bombay.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 29 June, 2017

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, MARCH 8.] [BOMBAY, MARCH 9.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
1-2 per cent. Consols ...	78 1-13	1-16	
do. Rentes ...	94 3-4	1-4	
3 1-2 do. Sterling Loan ...	93 3-4	1-4	
1-2 do. Gov. Securities...	64 3-8	un	chgd
Bar Silver in London ...	26 12-16		1-16
do. 2 months' hence...	26 11-16		1-16
Bar Silver in New York ...	58 1-4		1-8
Exchange on London at Paris...	25·24 1-2		1-2
do. do. at Berlin...	20·47	1-2	
do. do. New York...	4·87 1-4	un	chgd
Discount Bank of England Rate...	3 1-2 p.c.	since	
do. Short London Bills	8th Feb.		
3 months' sight...	3 1-2	1-16	
do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight...	3 1-8	un	chgd
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills...	3 3-4	un	chgd
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills...	3 5-8	un	chgd
Interest day-to-day Loans ...	3 1-8	un	chgd
do. 7 day Market Loans...	3 1-4	un	chgd

Bar Gold per oz. ... 77·9 unchgd

Exchange on India 30 days' sight (Bank buying rate) 1 3 15-16 unchgd.

Closing Tone of Silver—Fall caused by absence of buying orders.

SPECIE SHIPMENTS.

Silver to Bombay	£210,000
Bar Gold to Bombay	£250,000
Sovereigns to Bombay	£60,000

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—
Spot Good business done.—Steady.
Futures ... Barely—Steady.
Manchester Firm with a good demand.
Total Sales ... 10,000 bales.
Sold on Speculation and for Export... 1000 „
Imports ... 30,000 „
Mid-Americans ... 6·03+04
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown ... 9 unchgd.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

Mar.-Apr.	April-May	May-June	June-July	July-Aug.
5·80	5·80	5·81	5·81	5·80
—01	—01	—01	—01	—02

Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.
5·78	5·75	5·73	5·72
—01	—01	—02	—01

New York official noon call May 10.48; July 10-60.
New Orleans 10 a.m. May 10-72; July 10-80.

NEW YORK—

	Bales.
Two Days Receipts at all U. S. Ports ...	31,000
„ Receipts at U. S. last year ...	13,000
„ Exports to Great Britain ...	27,000
„ Exports to Continent ...	6,000

Spot Cotton— ... 10·70+05
Futures—Month of May 10·54+05
Futures—Month of July 10·67+06
} Advanced on southern buying of futures in the local market, and on bull support and short covering.

NEW ORLEANS—
Spot Cotton ... 10 9-16 unchgd
Futures—Month of May ... 10·75—01
Do. do July ... 10·84+02
Tone of Spot Cotton ... Firm.

	Bales.
Week's Receipts of cotton at U. S. Ports	225,000
Do. exports to Great Britain	82,000
Do. do. to France and Continent	189,000
Do. do. to Japan	13,000
Stock of cotton at U. S. Ports	1,242,000
Do. do. at Interior Ports	569,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON STATISTICS—	Bales.
Total actual Exports	22,000
do Forwarded	32,000
do Imports	175,000
do Stocks	1,174,000
Stock of Cotton in London	2,260

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Fair Red Coconada C. I. F. London ... d 4 13-16
Coconada Ginned C I F London ... d 4 15-16
Westerns G. M. C I F London ... d 5 7-16

Liverpool, Mar. 8.

Tone Dhooties...	Firm but quieter.
Tone Shirtings ...	do do
Weft American "54" ...	10 3-4
Weft Egyptian "80" ...	16 1-4
Tone Cloths ...	Very firm and advancing.
Tone Yarns ...	Market quiet.
Weft Egyptian "32" ...	10 7-8
Twist "36" ...	9 3-4
Twist "42" ...	10 7-8
Twist American "60" ...	14 3-8
Twist Egyptian "60" ...	15 3-4
Twist Egyptian "80" ...	20
40s Banner Mill Twist ...	10 1-4
Geo Mayall's Yarn ...	10 1-4
F. G. F. Tinnevelly c i f L'pool	5 5-8
Buyers or Sellers ...	Nominal
Months ...	March-April

WHEAT.

Wheat White Delhi ... ... Nominal
Do. Months—
Do. Name of Ports —
Wheat White Karachi ... 37 1-4 +1-4
Do. Months—May-June.
Do. Name of Ports—London—Sellers.
Wheat Red Karachi ... ... Nominal
Do Months—
Tone—Firm.
South Australian Wheat—Unchanged.

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—
Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs 85 p.c ex-ship. ...48 1-2
Do. Months— ...May-June
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk—Sellers.
Yellow Gujarat, per 416 lbs. 85 p. c. ex-ship ... Nominal.
Do. Months— ... .
Do. Name of Ports.— ......
Brown Cawnpore ...43 1-2 unchgd.
Do. Months—May.-June.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers.
Tone—Quiet but steady,

LINSEED—
Bombay, per 416 lbs ex-ship ...54—1-2
Do. Month—Mar.-Apr.
Do. Name of Ports.—Antwerp—Sellers.
Tone—Quiet.
Linseed Argentine—La Plata ...57 1-2—1-2
Do. Months—Mar.-Apr.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Nearest—Value.

BOMBAY COTTONSEED.—
£ 6-13-6+0-0-6—Mar.-Apr.—Hull—Sellers—Quiet.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—
In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality). ... ... — 14 3-8+1-16

RUBBER—
Para Rubber ... ...4 9+1-4
Mar.-Apr.—Done—Sellers—Quiet.

METALS—
Copper Braziers ... £ 76 unchgd
Yellow Metal ... d 6 9-16 unchgd
Standard Copper G M B ... £ 64 11-15—1-8
Bar Iron, Belgian No. 2 ordinary sizes F. O. B. Antwerp... 5 5 0
Iron corrugated sheets 24 gauge G. O. B. 4 per cent. F. O. B. Liverpool ... 11 5 0
Basic steel Bars Belgian C. I. F. India... 6 1 3

FREIGHT—
Coals:—Cardiff to Bombay Canal ... Nominal

SHEEP SKIN SALES.

Sheep Skin Sales opened to-day with a good demand.

Sheep skins unchanged.

SUGAR—
German Granulated Sugar C & F India (Double bags) ... 19 6+4 1-2d.
Do. Months of Shipment...May-Aug.
Tone—Very Steady. Not much doing.
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India ... ... Nominal.
Do Months of Shipments ... .
German Beet-root 88 p.c. ... 15 9 1-4+1 1-2d.
Months of Shipments ... May.—Sellers.
Tone—Opened firm. Closed Quiet.
E A E & Similar Crystal C & F India ... 20 9+3d.
Months of Shipments Apr.-Aug.—Sellers.
Tone—Firm—Still nothing doing.
Mauritius Crystals C & F Calcutta and Bombay ... 17 unchgd
Month of Shipments ... March. Value
Tone—Firm.
Java Sugar—Steady but little or nothing doing.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

SATURDAY EVENING.] [9TH MARCH 1912.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importers
10 Cases Sovs.	Rs. 7,50,000	Marseilles	Mercantile Bank
813 Bars Silver..	16,05,000	London	Indian Specie Bank

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 7th Mar., 1912.

By	Bars	Ounces
G I P Railway ...	27	31,011
B B and C I Railway ...	30	34,961

FINANCIAL.

EXCHANGE:—

The market opened steady at 1s. 4 3-32d. T.T., 1s. 4 1-8d. Demand and 1s. 4 5-16d. for 3 month's sight Credits. To-day being mail day there has been little fresh business offering. Far Eastern rates are steady.

We quote :—

T. T. on London	...1s. 4 3-32d.
Demand Draft	...1s. 4 1-8d.
Credits 3 months' sight	...1s. 4 5-16d.
Do. do forward	...1s. 4 9-32d. April
Do. do France	...171 3-4
Do. do Marks	...139 3-4
Hongkong 60 days' sight	...140
Shanghai „	...194 1-4
Japan „	...149 3-4

GOVERNMENT PAPER :—

The market opened quiet at 95 7-8 for Cash and the Settlement and has remained unchanged throughout the day with only a small business doing.

We quote :—
Cash ... ... Rs. 95 14 0
Settlement ... ... „ 95 14 0

BULLION:—

Yesterday Bar Silver in London closed 1-16 lower both for ready and forward at 26 13-16 and 26 11-16 respectively. New York was 1-8 down at 58 1-4. The local market has been slightly easier and we quote as under.

We quote :—

English Bar Gold	Rs	24	0	0
Australian „	„	24	0	0
Sovereigns „	„	15	0	0
Silver Ready ex duty ...	„	68	2	0
„ 1st Settlement ...	„	68	2	0
„ 2nd ...	„	68	5	0

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT:—

Changes in the Home market were slight. The local market opened quiet with good Broach quoted Rs. 272-7-3. Wurdha and Nagpur for March were rather steadier, but other descriptions were unchanged. There has been very little business doing at the close the tone of the market is easier, good Broach having been done at Colaba at Rs. 271 1-2.

An estimate of the unsold stock of cotton in Bombay gives a total of 320,000 bales. In this the unsold stock of the Broach is placed at 70,000 bales. There should consequently be plenty of cotton available for tender against contracts of good Broach if necessary.

For ready cotton the demand continues only moderate, and is chiefly for the best lots of fine, the selection by buyers being strict. For really nice lots, well up in class, good prices are still obtainable

QUOTATIONS :—

Fine M. G. Broach	Rs.	271 6-7	March
Good M G Broach	„	271 1-2	„
Fine M G Wardha Hingunghat	„	283	„
Fine M G Nagpur ...	„	281	„
Fine M G Dhamangaon ...	„	276	„
Fine M G Khamgaon-Akola...	„	272	„
Fine M G Khandeish ...	„	262	„
F. G. M. G. Khandeish ...	„	252	„
Fine M G Bengal ...	„	260	„
F. G. H. G. Bengal ...	„	241	„
Good H. G. Westerns ...	„	274	Apr.-May.
Good M. G. Westerns ...	„	278	„

LIVERPOOL OPENER :—
Opening Tone ... ... Quiet—Steady.
Estimated Sales ... ... 5,000 bales
Total Imports ... ... 5,000 „

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

Mar.-April.	Apl-May.	May-June
5·79	5·79	5·80
—01	—01	—01
June-July.	**July.-Aug.**	**Aug.-Sept.**
5·80	5·79	5·77
—01	—01	—01
Sept.-Oct.	**Oct.-Nov.**	**Nov.-Dec.**
5·74	5·72	5·71
—01	—01	—01

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED :—

The markets is quiet for forward and prices are easier.

We quote :—
Ready ... Rs. 11 4 0 B.T.
April.-May ... „ 11 6 0 B.T.

RAPESEED :—
The market is steady. We Quote :—
Brown Delhi A.-M. ... Rs. 7 11 6 B.T.
Yellow Cawnpore ... „ 8 3 0 B.T.

GINGELLYSEED :—
Tone—Steady.
We quote :—

Bold White 85 p.c. ...	Rs.	55	0	0
Mughi ...	„	54	0	0
Red Jubbalpore ...	„	52	0	0
Black Kutni ...	„	46	8	0
Yellow Hingunghat ...	„	58	8	0

POPPYSEED :—
Tone—Steady. We quote :—
Ap.-May ... ... Rs. 11 3 0 B. T.

CASTORSEED :—
Tone—Steady. We quote :—
Ready ... Rs. 34 8 0
Forward ... „ 7 1 0 B.T.

COTTONSEED :—
Tone—Quiet but steady. We quote:—
Ready. ... ...Rs. 25 8 0

GROUNDNUTS —
Tone—Quiet. We quote :—
Bold... ... ... Rs. 43 0 0
Small ... ... Rs. 40 0 0

WHEAT :—
The market is steady. We quote :—
White Pissi ready 85 p.c. Rs. 5 4 0 B. T.
„ Delhi A.-M. ... „ 5 4 0 „

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay	1,780
Bank of India	65
Bombay Merchants' Bank ...	10
Eastern Bank	82
Indian Specie	50 1-2

MILLS.

David ... ... —	407 1-2
Kohinoor	740
Manockji Petit	2,375
New Great Eastern	192 1-2
Standard	1,147 1-2

PRESS.

New Mofussil	815

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay S N Co Ordy ...	272 1-2
Bombay S N Co Pre ...	280
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ordinary ...	149
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Preference...	175
Colaba Land and Mill	1,292 1-2
Shivrajpur Mining Syndicate ...	17 C D
Treacher & Co	480
Tata Hydro E P S Co Ld Ordy	480
do do Preference ...	452 1-2

RAILWAY.

Tapti-Valley	525

DAY'S RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of produce into Bombay, during the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m., yesterday :—

Cotton ...	11,191 bales
Wheat ...	4,308 cwts.
Linseed ...	5,793 „
Rapeseed ...	1,152 „
Gingellyseed ...	1,443 „
Poppyseed ...	Nil
Groundnuts ...	5,582 „
Castorseed ...	4,747 „
Rice ...	3,022 „
Myrabollams ...	7,131 „
Cottonseed ...	17,810 „
Mowraseed ...	Nil
Gram ...	8,204 „
Joowar ...	2,062 „
Maize ...	5,822 „

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA LD.

Profit £ 293,369 ; Dividend 12 per cent ; Reserve £50,000, making it now £900,000 ; Premises £10,000 ; Pension £10,000 and carried forward £53,368.

The Transfer Books will be closed from 12th to 19th March 1912.

LONDON MARKET

LONDON, MAR. 9.] [BOMBAY, MAR. 10.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
2 1-2 per cent. Consols ...	78		1-16
3 do. Rentes	94 3-4	un	chgd
3 1-2 per cent. Sterling Loan..	94 3-4	un	chgd
do. Govt. securities...	64 3-8	un	chgd
Bar Silver in London	26 13-16	un	chgd
do. 2 months' hence...	26 11-16	un	chgd
do. in New York...	58 1-4	un	chgd
Exchange on London at Paris.	25·24		1-2
do. at Berlin...	20·48	01	
do. at New York...	4·87 1-4	un	chgd
Discount Bank of England Rate	3 1-2	since	
do. Short London	8th Feb.		
Bills, 3 months' sight.	3 1-2	un	chgd
do. Indian Bank Bills, 6 months' sight.	3 1-4	1-8	
do 3 months' Fine Trade Bills...	3 7-8	1-8	
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills...	4		3-8
Interest day-to-day Loans ...	3 1-8	un	chgd
Interest 7 day Market Loans...	3 1-4	un	chgd

Bar Gold ...77·9 unchgd

Exchange on India, 30 days' sight (Bank buying rate) 1 3 15-16.

Closing Tone of Silver—Steady.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—
Spot ... Steady, Quiet.
Futures ... Quiet.
Total Sales ... 5,000 bales.
Sold on Speculation and for Export 500 „
Imports ... 5,000 „
Mid-Americans ... 6·06+03
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown ... 9—unchgd

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

Mar.-April.	April-May	May-June.	June-July.	July-Aug
5·81	5·81	5·82	5·82	5·81
+01	+01	+01	+01	+01

Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.
5·78	5·75	5·74	5·72
unchgd	unchgd	+01	unchgd

NEW YORK—

	Bales.
Receipts at U. S. Ports ...	22,000
Receipts at „ last year ...	......
Exports to Great Britain ...	24,000
Exports to Continent ...	28,000
Spot Cotton— ...	10·60—10

Futures—Month of May. 10 43—11
Futures—Month of July 10·58—12
} Declined on favourable weather reports and on Commission house liquidation.

NEW ORLEANS—
Spot cotton ... 10 9-16 unchgd.
Futures month of May. ... mutilated.
Futures month of July ... Do.
Tone of Spot Cotton ... Steady.

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON STATISTICS.

	Bales.
Total in Sight ...	13,270,000
Egyptian Visible Supply ...	372,000
East Indian do ...	135,000
American do ...	4,681,000
Other do ...	62,000
Total Sales ...	44,000
East Indian sales ...	Nil.
Total Speculation ...	1,000
Do. Exportation ...	3,000
East Indian Export ...	Nil
Do. Indian Stock ...	5,000
Do. Forwarded Consumer ...	800
Do. Actual Exports ...	200
Do. Week's Imports ...	1,000
Do. Speculation ...	......
Americans Afloat ...	290,000
East Indian ...	3,000
Total afloat ...	338,000

WHEAT.

Wheat White Delhi ... Nominal
Do. Months—Feb.-Mar. ......
Do. Name of Ports— ......
Wheat White Karachi ...37 1-4
Do. Months—May-June.
Do. Name of Ports—London—Sellers.
Wheat Red Karachi ...Nominal
Do. Month—Jan.
Tone—Firm.

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rosario Santa Fe—62lbs ... unchanged.
Jan.-Feb.— do.
Barletta Russo 62 1-2lbs ... .
Do. Months— ......

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian ... ... unchgd.
New South Wales ... ...

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—
Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs., 85 p.c. ex-ship ... 48
Do. Months— ... May-June
Do. Name of Ports— Dunkirk—Sellers.
Yellow Guzerat, per 416 lbs, 85 p. c. ex-ship ... Nominal.
Brown Cawnpore ... 43 1-4
Do. Months—May.-June.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers.

LINSEED—
Bombay per 416 lbs ex-ship ... 63 3-4
Do. Months—Mar.-May
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers.
Linseed Argentine—La Plata ... 57 1-4
Do. Months—Mar.Apr.—Antwerp.
Do. Name of Ports—Nearest—Value.

COTTONSEED—
Bombay Cottonseed Market ... £ 6-13-6
Mar.-Apr.—Hull—Buyers.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—
In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality) 14 3-8

RUBBER—
Para Rubber ... 4 9 1-2 Mar-Apr.—Done—Firm

SUGAR—
German granulated sugar C. and F. India double bags ... 19 6
Do. Months of Shipment ...May-Aug.
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India ... Nominal.
Do. Months of Shipments ... .
German Beet-root 88 p. c. ... 15 9 3-4 Sellers.
Months of Shipments ... May.
Tone—Opened firm closed quiet.
E A E & Similar Crystals C & F India ... 20 9 3-4
Months of Shipments ... Apr.-Aug.—Sellers.
Tone—Firm, nothing doing.
Mauritius Crystal C & F Calcutta and Bombay ...17—Value.
Months of Shipments ...Mar.
Tone—Firm.
Java Sugar—Old crop dearer.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

INDIA.

DEATH.

SHERMAN—February 27, at Tuticorin, of enteric fever, Casimir Mackellar Sherman, Assistant Commissioner, Salt, Abkari and Customs Department, Madras, aged 48 years.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Conder Tennis Tournament, Y. M. C. A.
Bombay Light Horse Camp closes, Inspection in the morning.
Wilson College Day Celebration, College Hall, 6 p.m., Hon. Sir R. A. Lamb presiding.
European General Hospital, General Meeting of Subscribers, Messrs. Killick Nixon and Company's Office, 6-15 p.m.
Annual General Meeting of St. George's Hospital Nursing Association, Killick Buildings, Home street, Fort, 6 p.m.
Maidania, 6-30 p.m. to 12 midnight.
Art Exhibition, Town Hall, 8-30 a.m. to 8 p.m.
Excelsior Cinematograph, Novelty Theatre. Three shows nightly, 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30, 10 to 11 p.m.

Maxim: "Night dancing and late suppers don't contribute to business success."—HENRY CLEWS.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Ceylon, Singapore, China, Japan and Australia per s.s. "Delta" will be closed at the General Post Office at 10 a.m. on Wednesday the 13th instant. Parcel mail for China closes at the New G. P. O. at the same hour.

RADIO MESSAGES.—The Telegraph Department has received the following from the Sandheads on the 10th instant :—The B. I. mail steamer "Erinpura," outward bound to Rangoon, will be in Radio communication till 19 hours to-night. She will then get into touch with Diamond Island and Table Island.

WILSON COLLEGE SPORTS.—The Annual Sports in connection with the Wilson College were held on the College Gymkhana ground, Kennedy Seaface, on Saturday afternoon. Dr. Mackichan, principal, and professors, lecturers, and a large number of students were present and a programme of sixteen items was gone through. This afternoon the College Day Celebration takes place in the College Hall when the Hon'ble Sir R. A. Lamb will preside and Mrs. Lamb has kindly consented to give away the prizes.

LORD REAY LECTURES.—A series of two lectures will be delivered in connection with the abovementioned lectureships by Constancio Coutinho, B.Sc.,L.M. & S.,B.Hy., in the new Lecture-Theatre of the Grant Medical College to-day and on Monday 8th March at 5-30 p.m. Major L. T. R. Hutchinson I.M.S. will preside. Subject—"Chemistry of the Blood in Health and Disease." The medical profession and the public are invited to attend.

PROSECUTION UNDER THE INDIAN FACTORIES ACT.—Mr. K. C. Doctor, Proprietor of the Orient Iron Works, Jacob's Circle, was on Saturday last charged before Mr. Dastoor, 2nd Presidency Magistrate, by Mr. Boughton Chambers, Inspector of Factories, for neglecting to register his Factory as required under Section 14. The offence was admitted and the charge not being pressed a fine of Rs 7 was inflicted.

FIRE AT TAJ MAHAL HOTEL

An alarm was raised on Saturday afternoon about half past five o'clock when a fire occurred in the kitchen on the sixth floor of the Taj Mahal Hotel, Apollo Bunder.

The Fire Brigade was immediately communicated with, and the engines from Colaba and the fort quickly arrived on the scene. The Fort engine commenced the operations and within a short time succeeded in controlling the spread of the fires.

The cause of the fire is not definitely known, but it is presumed to have originated in the chimney. The damage is estimated at about Rs. 5,000.

AN APPEAL FOR THE DUMB.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The scarcity of fodder is gradually taking a dangerous form especially in Katniawar, Cutch, and Gujrat and is making dreadful havoc among the dumb animals. To this distressful state of things is drawn the attention of the people of all races and creeds in India. A large number of cows have been taken for fodder to the forests of Sasan in Gir by the Sindhis of Cutch. Being totally unable to save those of them that are dying by starvation, these ignorant people resort to slaughtering them. For the purpose of preventing this slaughter Sheth Durlabji Sunderji, a preacher of the Sthanakvasi Jain conference, wrote a letter to Sheth Odhavji Ramji, the Honorary Secretary, of the Mahuva (Kathiawar) Gorakshak Sabha (Cow. Protection Society). In reply to the inquiries immediately by the said secretary to Purshottam Hemchand a pleader of Sasan, the pleader has explained the situation as follows :—

"The Sindhis are not willing to part with the cows even on condition of sharing with them any proportion in the expenses during the period of this scarcity. They have 7,000 cows in their possession out of which some 2,000 emaciated starving cows can be had by sale for 4 to 6 rupees each. A trustworthy man may therefore be sent with the necessary money to purchase them."

On receiving this information the Hon. Secretary felt the necessity of taking immediate steps, but his own Sabha (society) having already under its protection as many as 625 cows and the number is daily increasing, and being embarrassed to defray its own increasing expense of feeding with but limited fund has had to address letters for help to the following Associations, and Philanthropists viz., the Bombay Gorakshak Society, the Native Cloth Merchants' Society the Gujerati Merchants' Society, the Grain Merchants Association, the Kariana Bazar Association, the trustees of the late Sir Novroji Maneckji Wadia, C. I. E. the trustees of the Bombay Panjrapole, the Bombay Messrs. W. A. Graham and Company, Mansukhbhai Bhagubhai, Ahmedabad, and Lalbhai Dalpatbhai etc.

It is therefore to be devoutly hoped that they as well as others charitably disposed will manage to take immediate steps to prevent the slaughter of the said cows for which act of mercy the all merciful God will give them long life and increasing prosperity.—Yours, &c.,

ODHAVJI RAMJI,

Hon. Secy. Mahuva Madrasha Sabha, Mahuva Bandar.

SHANKAR SHET SCHOOL.

Lady Chandavarkar Pays a Visit.

LADY CHANDAVARKAR visited the Jagannath Shankar Shet Girls' School, on Friday, the 8th instant at 4 p.m., when she was received by Mr. R. S. Navalkar and the teachers of the school. A short report of the working of the school was read by the head mistress. Lady Chandavarkar distributed Rebatsec money prizes to the girls and addressed them. She said that though the Institution had been in existence for about 60 years, the people had not realised its importance, otherwise its financial condition would not have been so disheartening as was evident from the report; she thanked the managing Council of the Society for maintaining the schools in spite of such difficulties; she suggested that on the occasion of festivals such as marriages, etc., donations should be made to the Society to mark the joyous nature of the occasions by persons who had received education in the Society's schools, or by persons whose children were being trained in the Society schools.

BOMBAY LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

Agenda for Wednesday's Meeting.

The following is a list of business to be brought forward at a meeting of the legislative Council of the Governor of Bombay to be held in the Council Hall, Secretariat, Bombay at 12 noon on Wednesday:—

New Members:—

One New Additional Member will make the oath or solemn affirmation and take his seat.

Questions asked by honourable members and the answers thereto:—

Explanation of the revised financial statement of the Government of Bombay for the year 1912-13.

BILLS :—

1. A Bill to amend the Societies' Registration Act, 1860—First Reading.
2. A Bill for the Registration of Medical Practitioners—Second Reading.
3. A Bill to provide for the Licensing of Racecourses in the Bombay Presidency—First Reading.
4. A Bill for the abatement of nuisances arising from the smoke of furnaces in the Town and Island of Bombay and to provide for the extension thereof to other areas in the Bombay Presidency—Second Reading.
5. A Bill further to amend the Bombay Land Revenue Code, 1879—First Reading.
6. A Bill further to amend the Bombay District Municipal Act, 1901—First Reading.
7. A Bill to amend the Khoti Settlement Act, 1880—Second Reading. (Vide item 5 under Head VII.)
8. A Bill further to amend the Bombay District Police Act, 1890—Second Reading.
9. A Bill further to amend the Bombay Civil Courts Act, 1869—Second Reading (Vide item 7 under Head VII).
10. A Bill further to amend the Bombay Abkari Act, 1878—First Reading.
11. A Bill for the Registration of Charities—Second Reading.

Motions of which notice has been given:—

By the Honourable Mr. Raghunath Pandurang Karandikar. Amendments in Bill No. II of 1911 (a Bill for the Registration of Charities).

By the Honourable Sir Ibrahim Rahimtoola, Kt., C. I. E.—Amendments in Bill No V of 1911 (A Bill for the abatement of nuisances arising from the smoke of furnaces in the Town and Island of Bombay and to provide for the extension thereof to other areas in the Bombay Presidency.)

By the Honourable Mr. Chimanlal H. Setalvad. Amendments in Bill No. VI of 1911 (a Bill for the Registration of Medical Practitioners) :—

The Honourable Mr. Gulam Muhammad walad Khan Bahadur Wali Muhammad Bhurgri will move for leave to introduce a Bill to provide for the Levy of a Cess from the Musalman Landholders in Sind for the promotion of Education in that country.

Discussion of matters of general public interest :—

—Resolution by the Honourable Moulvie Rafiuddin Ahmad, Bar-at-Law.—

1. That the Governor in Council may be pleased to bring the pilgrim traffic under strict Government control, to abolish the Haj Committee as at present constituted and to place the existing agencies for the protection of pilgrim on a higher and more independent basis.

Resolutions by the Honourable Mr. Raghunath Pandurang Karandikar.—

2. That the Governor in Council may be pleased to give his attention to the betterment of the status capacity and remuneration of the Village Police.

3. That the Governor in Council may be pleased to try prohibition of Liquor in a selected area.

Resolution by the Honourable Sir Ibrahim Rahimtoola, Kt., C.I.E.—

4. That with a view to secure greater facilities to the pilgrims and to ensure reasonable rates of passage money from Bombay to the Hedjaz, Government be requested to represent to the Government of India the desirability of throwing open for the embarkation of pilgrims the ports of Calcutta, Chittagong and Madras.

Resolution by the Honourable Rao Bahadur Shriniwas Konher Rodda.—

5. That the Governor in Council may be pleased to reconsider the orders curtailing the Annual Report of the Director of Public Instruction.

6. That the Governor in Council may be pleased to arrange with the Railway Board for the introduction of an intermediate class of carriage between Poona and Bangalore or at least on the Poona Hubli section of the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway Company,

Resolution by the Honourable Sardar Narayanrao Govind alias Baba Saheb Ghorpade, Jaghirdar of Ichalkaranji.

7. This Council recommends to His Excellency the Governor in Council that the restriction imposed by section 85 of the Bombay Land Revenue Code on holders of alienated villages in which there exist hereditary Patel and accountant in the matter of receiving their dues on account of rent of land revenue direct from the inferior holder be removed by repealing section 85 of the Land Revenue Code or if that is not possible to order that the revenue of alienated villages should be recovered by the processes mentioned in section 150 of the Land Revenue Code without it being necessary for the Inamdar to apply for assistance.

Papers to be presented to the council:—

(1) Letter from the Secretary to the Government of India, Legislative Department, No. 235. dated the 20th January 1912.—Returning with the assent of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General signified thereon the authentic copy of the Dekkhan Agriculturists' Belief Law and the Bombay Repealing and Amending Law, 1912.

(2) Report of the Select Committee appointed to consider Bill No. VI of 1911 (A Bill for the Registration of Medical Practitioners).

(3) A set of printed petitions relating to the Medical Practitioners' Bill.

(4) Report of the Select Committee appointed to consider Bill No. V of 1911 (A Bill for the abatement of nuisances arising from the smoke of furnaces in the town and Island of Bombay and to provide for the extension thereof to other areas in the Bombay Presidency.

(5) Report of the Select Committee appointed to consider Bill No. VII of 1911 (A Bill further to amend the Khoti Settlement Act, 1880.)

(6) Report of the Select Committee appointed to consider Bill No. VIII of 1911 (A Bill further to amend the Bombay District Police Act, 1890).

(7) Report of the Select Committee appointed to consider Bill No. IX of 1911 (A Bill further to amend the Bombay Civil Courts Act, 1869).

(8) Petition from Kutchi Memon Union, dated the 17th November 1911, regarding the Bill for the Registration of Charities.

(9) Petition from the Anjuman Imdadul Islam, Karachi, No. 729, dated the 5th December 1911, regarding the Bill for the Registration of Charities.

AHMEDABAD NOTES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

AHMEDABAD, MARCH 8.

After an unusually warm February we have been having a regular cold snap since the 1st instant, and the other day a few drops of rain fell. The Holi fires were quite a welcome sight and every body seemed to have enjoyed the holiday. It is said that there was less drunkenness and less indecent language was heard than in former years, which is very gratifying.

It is reported that some two dozen of the Sahebloks celebrated the Dhuleti by attending a moonlight picnic, on the invitation of Mrs. Painter and Mrs. Lambert, on the maidan in camp. A large bon fire was lit and those present renewed their youth by vigorously indulging in the games of childhood. The violent exercise rendered the guests quite ready for the midnight supper which was attacked with considerable zest and much enjoyed. Although "The Wanderer" shone with her full brilliance yet she seemed to have done her work of measuring time somewhat too fast, as the hour of separation came all too soon. About one o'clock goodbyes were reluctantly said and then home to bed and blankets. The local Cattle Relief Fund is steadily mounting up, due to the many and varied efforts of various willing helpers. For example, the members of the Ladies' Club organised a grand evening concert in aid of the funds. It was held under the patronage of Mr. Painter in the Shanti Bhuwan Theatre, kindly lent for the occasion by Sheth Ambalal Sarabhai. There was a very full attendance which heartily appreciated the many items on the programme. A goodly sum was raised for the very worthy object and the organisers are to be congratulated on the success of their efforts.

B. B. AND C. I. RAILWAY.

Presentation of Durbar Medals.

There was a large gathering on Saturday, the 2nd instant, at 5 p.m., in the B. B. and C. I. Railway Mechanic's Institute, Parel, to witness the distribution of Durbar Medals by Sir William Bisset, K. C. I. E., R. E., Chairman of the Home Board. These medals had been awarded to the Engine Drivers of the above Railway in recognition of the meritorious work done in conveying Their Imperial Majesties from Bombay to Rutlam.

Mr. R. Woolcombe, Acting Agent of the Railway, Mr. A. R. Anderson, Agent of the Madras and Southern Maharata Railway, and a large number of ladies, officers and subordinate staff of the B. B. and C. I. Railway were present. The B. B. and C. I. Railway band was also in attendance.

Before the commencement of the ceremony, the school children and children of the Railway Institute members were entertained at tea by Sir William Bisset. Mr. F. J. Page, the Loco. and Carriage Superintendent then said he was extremely glad to have this opportunity of expressing his great appreciation of the excellent way in which the staff had carried out all work connected with the Delhi Durbar. Every Department has been concerned in the general success, and he wished to thank the whole staff, from officers downwards. He made special reference to the Carriage Department, the output of which had increased 66 per cent. consequent on the requirements of Durbar Traffic, and quoted figures which conclusively proved the zeal and energy of the staff necessary to have carried out this extra work. He was exceedingly pleased to say, and was sure all present would agree, that this zeal had been recognised, for, in addition to the Durbar Medals awarded to the Railway Department, Mr. E. A. E. Peirce, Carriage Shop Foreman, was to be presented with a gold scarf pin. He went on to mention the excellent and satisfactory manner in which all arrangements connected with the running of the Royal Train to Muttra had been effected by everyone concerned; also the two Postal Specials which conveyed the Royal Mails to Delhi ; the performance of the latter were splendid and constituted record runs. The working of Specials and extra local trains had also been undertaken very efficiently. He ended by calling upon Sir William Bisset to distribute the Medals.

Sir William Bisset began by expressing his gratification in seeing many of his old friends there. He said it was a great pleasure to him and all those assembled to meet together on that occasion to acknowledge the recognition of the Government, who had sent a number of medals to be awarded to some of the staff, in appreciation of their services. It was a matter of regret that the number of medals was limited, but was confident that the selection had been carefully made by those responsible. He was quite sure that all those who had been presented with medals deserved them, but he was equally sure that a great many men who deserved them as much had not received them and those who had received them would understand that the honour was done not only to them, but to many who were concerned in the same work, and they, as recipients, were representatives. It gave him pleasure to say that the Board of Directors had received a very satisfactory report of the successful efforts of the staff, and that they were generally acknowledged by the Indian public. He thanked all very heartily for having carried out their duties so efficiently.

He then presented a gold scarf pin to Mr. E. A. E. Peirce and Durbar Medals to Messrs. J. W. Curtis. B. W. Wilson, N. A. Jensen, R. Young, Kaikhusru A. and H. Jenings, pinning them on to the recipients' coats. He again thanked all those who had rendered good service, and wished them a long and prosperous life. The ceremony was terminated by a vote of thanks and three cheers for Sir William Bisset.

FAMINE RELIEF FUND.

The following donations have been received in the Famine Relief Fund opened by Mrs. Jamnabai Nagindas Sakai :—Diwan Mangalsen, Punjab, Rs. 50; Mrs. Ali Akbar, Rs. 44, Mrs. D. N. Bahadurjee, Rs. 30 ; Church Gate Station Staff through Kaikhushrow, B. Dept. Station Master, Rs. 38; lady P. M. Mehta, Mrs. Hirabai Jamsedjee Petit, Mrs. Dhanbai Behramji M. Malbari, Mrs. Tejkorbai Jamnadas and Mrs. B. N. Motiwala, Mr. Pitambarbhai Hatwibhai, Cloth Merchants from Bhuleshwar Market, Mr. Kilabhai D. Dalal, in memory of his young son, Mrs. Manigavri Nagindas Kazi, Mr. Hajigal Mulk Hakim M. Ajmal Khan of Delhi, Mrs. Dusklibhai Sukhtankar, each Rs. 25, Mrs. Pemkorbai Rattonsey Liladhar, Miss Piroza Behramji M. Malbari, Mrs. Rattonbai Karamsey Damji, one good hearted Parsi, each Rs. 15. Mr. Krishnalal Jani, Rs. 13, Mrs. Parvatibai in memory of her daughter Sadalaxmi, Rs. 12 ; Mrs. Tuljagauri Krishnalal Mohanlal Zaveri, Mrs. Mamtaz Jahan Begum Nasuralakhan, Mrs N. Ramangauri Manubhai Rangildas, Mr. Maganbhai Ujimbhai, Mrs. Yesodabai Moreshwar Bhatwadekar, Mr. T. P. Thakor Editor "Praja Bandhu"; Mrs Javerbai Jagmohandas Mangaldas Nathubhai, one Hindu, Mone order from Jubbulpore, Mrs. Girdhardas Jethabhai, Miss Doulat Beheramji M. Malbari, Mr. Rammohanray, Editor "Sundery Subodh," Mrs. Laxmibai Jagmohandas Firjivandas, one Parsee Lady from Africa, Mr. Tulsobhai Bakorbhai, Mr. Venishankar Dayaram, Mr. Umedbhai, Mr. Maganbhai Patel, Mr. Purshottamdas, Mrs. Jamnabai Jivandas Damodardas, Mr. Aliakbar, Mrs. Samjoobai Bhogilal Veerchand, Mrs. Laxman Jagannath Vyad, Mrs. Dilshad Begam Nawab Marza, and one Hindu, each Rs. 10. Mrs. Purshotamdas Karsondas Mulji, Rs. 11; Mrs. Prangavri Damoobhai Mehta, Mrs. Motilal Satawala, Mr. Phirozeshah Merwanji Marzban, proprietor, "East Goftar," children from Parsee family, Mr. Parmanand Krishanarao, C. D. Mahalaxmiwalla, Mr. Gulabroy Chaganlal Oza, one Hindu lady, 3 Misses Girdharlal Jethabhai, Mr. Dwarkadas Chhotalal, Lord Guide me to Help, Mr. Lalubhai Kalyanji, Revakantha, Mr. Maneckji Pestonji Bharucha, Mrs. Ranchhordas Veerji, Poona; Mrs. Chunilal Kilabhai, Mr. Lalubhai Ghelabhai, Mrs. Chhubbildas Dharamchand, Mr. Kilabhai Dulabhram Dalal, Tarachand Parashram Jeweller, Mr. Gokaldas Damodar, Messrs. Raoji Thakersey and Co., Mr. Mulchand Jivraj, Mr. Nathubai Kirparam, Mr. Chimanlal Motilal, Mr. Kedarmal Shawlaram, Mrs. Dinbai Edulji Baria, Mr. Jivram Vasanj, Mrs. Fatehally Shaik Ahmed, H. H. The Nawab Saheb of Janjira, Mrs. Mohsin B. Tayabji, Mr. Hiralal Damodardas, Mr. D. V. Gokhale, Mr. Hirabhai Rawji Bravat, Mr. Jagannath Datt, Mrs S. R. Cama, in memory of Manibai T. K. Popat, each Rs. 5.

With other Sunday sums, the Fund collected up till now Rs. 2,137-4-0. From which Rs. 1,000 have been handed over to the Secretary of the Bombay Central Relief Fund.

RAILWAY NEWS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 9.

Sanction has been accorded to the provision of a night school at Amigaon station for the employes of the Eastern Bengal State Railway.

The total approximate gross earnings of State and Guaranteed Railways from 1st April to 24th February, 1912, show a gain of Rs. 3,64,77,106 as compared with the corresponding figures for 1910-11.

Sanction has been accorded to the provision of an institute for the Indian employees of the North Western Railway at Sukkur.

RUBBER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, MARCH 9.

The Pudukad Rubber Company, Ltd., produced 17,500 lbs. of rubber during the year 1911.

The Periyar Company during last January harvested 1,658 pounds against 7,629 during similar period of the previous year.

What's the use?

'What's the use of enduring those frightful pains in your face, when ten minutes rubbing with Little's Oriental Balm will bring relief ?

Neuralgia is nothing but tortured nerves. But those nerves quivering with agony, unfit you for sleep, work or enjoyment. "Little's Oriental Balm" soothes, comforts, relieves—stops the pain.

And you are well.

To those who have tried hot bandages and various remedies without effect, the painstopping power of this wonderful Balm seems almost beyond belief.

If Neuralgia torments you, use Little's Oriental Balm. Keep a bottle always handy. It is the best insurance against all aches and pains.

Sold at Re. 1 per bottle. Of all Chemists and Medicine Vendors throughout India.

BALD-HEADED MEN.

Ignorance of the Hair Causes Much Baldness Among Men.

Early piety doesn't cause baldness, neither does any kind of piety. Some bald-headed men console themselves with the idea that baldness is caused by a superabundance of gray brain matter and would have the world believe that a bald head is a sign of great intellect.

Such, however, is not the case. Ninety-nine times in one hundred, baldness is caused by dandruff germs which dig down deep into the roots of the hair, destroy its vitality and cause it to fall out.

All this may come gradually and take time, but as an up-to-date humorist would say "what's time to a dandruff germ."

If you have dandruff, the little invisible, persistent devils called dandruff germs are at work. Destroy them at once, or sooner or later they will cause your hair to fall out and you will be compelled to take your place in the bald-headed class.

In France baldheads are few because men understand how to care for the hair. Kaminia Oil is a hair grower and invigorator that is guaranteed by the manufacturers to grow hair if the hair root is not already destroyed to eradicate dandruff, stop itching scalp and falling hair, or money back.

Sold at Re. 1-0-0 per bottle. Of all druggists and perfumers or from the manufacturers.

KAMINIA PERFUMERY CO.,
BOMBAY.
PROPRIETORS:
ANGLO-INDIAN DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO.,
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SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The steamer Tjmo 1453 tons, Captain D. Danielsen arrived in harbour on Saturday from Durban, with a cargo of coal.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Lindula 2183 tons, Captain H. G. Sinnatt, arrived in harbour on Friday from Calcutta via Coast ports with a general cargo and two deck passengers.

The steamer King Edgar 2433 tons, Captain D.Brooks, sailed on Saturday, for Hull and Middlesbrough with a general cargo.

The Bombay and Persia S. N. Co.'s steamer Khosrou, 2410 tons, Captain J. Hannah sailed on Saturday for Calcutta in ballast.

The steamer Belle of France, 2468, tons, Captain J. Cargill, sailed on Saturday for Calcutta in ballast.

The B. I. S. N. Coy's. steamer Madura 1273 tons Captain A. G. Logan arrived in harbour yesterday from Bahrein with a general cargo.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Upada, 3382 tons Captain C.Hodgson, sailed on Saturday for Calcutta via Coast ports with a general cargo.

The P. and O. Co's Mail steamer Arabia 4098 tons Captain W. B. Palmer, sailed on Saturday for London, with mails, a general cargo and passengers.

The German-East Africa, 2550 tons Captain L. Kason arrived in harbour on Saturday from Durban via intermediate ports with a general cargo and 53 deck passengers.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Lhasa, 950 tons Captain H, Moncey, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Karachi with a general cargo and passengers.

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—March 9.

Arcadia	3573	Barcham	London	P & O Co
Dumra	762	Morrison		M M & Co
Gallia	555	Wratt	repairing	J Mackintosh & Co
Hoecinee	998	D'Lorne		Bo & P S N Co
Harpenden	2302	Carmak		T M & Co
H M S Highflyer		Dick		R N Flagship
Hatumet	2584	Petrie		T M & Co
Itaura	5197	Bishop		M M & Co
Kuala	360	McLaria		K N & Co
Koweit	2346	Coates		H S N Co
Kanzler	1665	Coltzan	Durban	A Strandes & Co
Kiarcss	2552	Dracup		
Lhasa	9:0	Manley		M M & Co
Nourel-Bahr	212	Nacoda	Arab	S N Co
Newenfels	3542	Heckel		W & A G & Co
Norkoowa	1074	Jones		M M & Co
Patrick Stewart		Townsend		Telegrap Str
Plassy	4615	Andrews	Sp'ton 13-3	Transport
Shah Jehan	2635	McBean		Shah S N Co
Salsette	2391	Lewellin	Aden 16-3	P & O Co
Saifi	565	Morin		
Somali	2550	Kason		A S & Co
Tjomo	1453	Danielsen		

VESSELS IN DOCK.—March 9.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessel.	Tons.	Capts.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
A Abana	2709	Wilson	Antwerp		Graham & Co
D & E Lindula	2183	Sinnatt	Calcutta	12-3	M M & Co
G Balgay	131	Ebrahim			Bo S N Co
P Castlemoor	2403	Angus	Genoa	18-3	K N & Co
T Clan Sinclair	3291	Smith	Tuticorin		J Finlay & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

3 Carbridge	2332	Richardson	Antwerp	15-3	W & A Graham & Co
4 Glenlyon	2654	Sloane	Kobe	14-3	T M & Co
5 R Rubattino	2382	Mujis	Genoa	15-3	R Line
6 Bregenz	2886	Petris		16-3	A L S N Co
8 Redbridge	2443	Vasen	Dunkirk	9-3	J M & Co
9 Tannenfels	3411	Gordes	K'chi	9-3	W & A Graham & Co
10&11 Delta	4780	Martin	Shanghai	13-3	P & O Co
12 & 13 Persia	4155	Palmer	London	23-13	P & O Co
15 Glenaffric	2657	Lane			T M & Co

M W D D

Virawa	3360	Gipper	Moulmein	5-3	M M & Co

ARRIVALS.

Mar.	Vessels.	Commanders.	From
8	Lindula	Sinnat	Calcutta, Feb 4
9	Tjomo	Danielsen	Durban, Feb 16
	Lhasa	Manley	Karachee
	Somali	Kason	Durban, Feb 20
10	R M S Dalhousie	Vines	Aden, Feb 29
	Madura	Logan	Bahrein, Mar 3

DEPARTURES.

Mar.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
9	Saxby	Eriksen	Marseilles
	China	Pavissich	Hongkong
	Upada	Hodgson	Calcutta, &c
	King Edgar	Brooke	Hull
	Belle-of-France	Cargill	Calcutta
	Khosrou	Hannah	Calcutta
	Arabia	Palmer	London

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Lamont, arrived in London on the morning of the 8th instant.

The Anchor Line steamer Castalia, arrived at Liverpool from Bombay on the evening of the 7th instant.

The B I S N Co's steamer Chyebassa, left Suez on the morning of the 8th instant and the same Co's steamer Mombassa, left Suez on the afternoon of the 9th instant.

The Ellerman Line steamer City of Athens, passed Perim at 6 a.m. on the 9th instant and is due to arrive here at daylight of the 15th instant.

DAILY EXPORTS.—MARCH 9.

FOR ANTWERP.

Carbridge s—400 cwts horns, G. Mahomed; 165 bales cotton, N. Rajaram and Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Tannenfels s—220 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 516 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR GENOA.

R Rubattino s—105 bales cotton, W Wolf and Sons; 1600 cwts linseed, C Boggiano and Co; 2000 cwts linseed, Volkart Bros; 200 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 1 packagewoollen carpets, Thos. Cook and Sons.

Castlemoor s—200 bales cotton fly, H E Bode and Sons.

FOR NAPLES.

R Rubattino s—100 bales cotton, The J Cotton Trading Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Delta s—80 cwts uplate, 150 cwts dry fruit, 8 cwts byeoboll, 22 cwts kadoo H Badroodin and Co; 167 cwts dry fruit H Purshotam; 105 cwts gum A H Mowjee and Co; 75 cwts sharkfins A Chagla and Co; 100 bales twist David Sassoon and Co; 26 chests opium, C Ebrahim and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Delta s—300 bales twist, D Sassoon and Co; 28 chests opium, C Ebrahim and Co.

FOR OSAKA.

Glenaffric s—100 bales cotton, M Jethabhai and Co; 200 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

Ischia s—100 bales cotton B N Ginwalla and Co; 50 bales cotton, Tata Sons and Co; 300 bales cotton, The M B Kaisha.

FOR KOBE.

Glenaffric s—125 bales cotton H N Madraswalla and Co; 400 bales cotton, M Jethabhai and Co.

Delta s—25 cwts Colombo roots 23 cwts gum, W Mosinbhoy.

Ischia s—100 bales cotton, Tata Sons and Co; 350 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 300 bales cotton, D D Curranee and Co; 200 bales cotton, B N Ginwalla and Co; 300 bales cotton, H N Madraswalla and Co; 500 bales cotton, The Japan C T Co; 600 bales cotton, N W Kaisha; 54 bales cotton The M B Kaisha; 500 bales cotton, C Ebrahim and Co.

Glenlyon s—300 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Ischia s—200 bales cotton, The Japan C Trading Co

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White Rose, 150 deg.	5 12 2	do.
Chester, 125 deg.	4 12 2	do.
Devoes Brilliant 125 deg.	4 8 2	do.
Tiger 125 deg.	4 8 2	do.
Monkey Brand, 125°	4 4 2	do.
White Camelia 125° (in tins)	3 14 0	per two tins.
Elephant brand 125° (in tins)	3 14 0	do.
do, brand 125° (in bulk)	3 4 0	per 8 gallons.
Camel brand 125° (in tins)	3 14 0	per two tins.

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.

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Sandra Agent adds one anna to the above prices excepting for bulk.

Coorla and Andheri Agents add one anna and Thana Agent adds 2 1-2 annas to the above prices.

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By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5.
GIRAS AND GUARANTEE.
Being a Compilation of Decisions, etc., on Questions regarding Giras, Wanta, and other Guaranteed Rights.
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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

⁂ All communications of a literary character should be addressed to The Editor, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the General Manager. Communications should not be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, General Post Office, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.

Monday, 11th March, 1912.

THE WATER SUPPLY.

FEW subjects in Indian municipal administration have inspired more discussion than that pertaining to water supply, and yet it is rarely dealt with on any rational basis. Reference is made to the supply of cities in Europe, and because 25 gallons and upwards is the consumption per head of population, this amount is regarded by our authorities as a good starting basis for India, with an added margin, because India is a hot country. Why a margin in excess should be allowed in a hot country they do not stop to consider, although in the light of Dr. Bentley's report on malaria in Bombay, a good deal might be said on the other side of the question. It is certainly much easier to guess a basis of water supply than to ascertain each single item that goes to make up the total. Sir Aukland Colvin, Lieutenant-Governor of the North-West Provinces, decided that Cawnpore should have waterworks based on a 25 gallon supply per head, and this work was carried out in spite of the protests of the municipal council. Three years afterwards the total consumption of water from the works was five and a half gallons per head per day. Lucknow was about the same time provided with waterworks on a basis of 15 gallons per head which also proved excessive. Simla at this period was using nine gallons per head, and Ahmedabad 10 gallons. There was at least one man in the country who went to the root of the question. In "The Rudiments of Sanitation for Indian Schools," Surgeon-Major Patrick Hehir, Lecturer on Hygiene, Hyderabad Medical School, says, that the least quantity of water necessary for each person of the poorer classes is six gallons, but he adds: there are very few houses in which even this small quantity of water is used. In several instances he had recently found that the average quantity used in the houses of the poor was less than two gallons per head. Major Hehir, after a very careful enquiry, found that, in houses where cleanliness was properly attended to 13 gallons per head was the least quantity to be used. In places where water has to be drawn from wells, there is little or no waste, and coolies who have to draw or carry their supplies of water rarely exceed seven and a half gallons per head per day for all purposes. But when they can draw it from a pipe supply at their door, the quantity they will waste is only limited by the opportunity. This waste is so much dead loss directly, and it contributes to the causes of malaria by encouraging small deposits of water in vessels which are rarely emptied. Although a man may wash himself completely with one gallon of water and a wet cloth, a cooly will waste as much at a tap while washing his mouth.

In the letter of the Municipal Commissioner that accompanies the Water Engineer's report the former would provide 25 gallons per head for the coolie class which includes 75 per cent. of the population. These people who actually use seven and a half gallons or less per day would have an excess of 17 and a half gallons each or more than 16·4 million gallons too much. Waste of water in Bombay is a much more serious matter than in London, not only on account of the ill-health it produces, but also for the needless expense it throws on a comparatively poor community. The distribution of water is actually in the hands of the poorest and most ignorant class, those living in one-room tenements, and domestic servants including malis and stable men, none of whom has to pay a pie directly for water or knows anything regarding the more important bearings of water supply. As the domestic supply forms 45 per cent. of the total estimates, it is needless to go much further into the causes of waste, and it is evident that in proportion as waste is reduced there will be a surplus available for other purposes. Long experience has shewn that so long as householders pay by assessment they will not concern themselves in water economies, and equally long experience at Bandra proves that when it is sold by meter, there is no waste, that is to say, none is misappropriated to the detriment of the water supply scheme. Water is the one article that is sold to the public of Bombay without check as to quantity, and the result is the present proposal to supply 37 million gallons per day or nearly 41 gallons per head per day. Gas and electricity are supplied by meter, railway and tram fares by the journey, and all kinds of food at fixed prices, but the people have been trained in habits of waste and extravagance with regard to the most essential means of subsistence, and the water supply has had frequently to be increased not in proportion to the needs of the city but to confirm to the habits of the lowest stratum of the population. This is the situation, in the city that has adopted for its device "Urbs prima in Indis."

How is this infatuation to end? Is it to result in the general enlargement of our sewers to dispose of waste water, a multiplication of hospitals for the treatment of malaria, and useless increase of the city's capital in waterworks. We cannot continue this slipshod policy. The proper water supply of a city in the tropics is the least quantity that will meet the real needs of the people without any waste at all, and this is the only rational standard towards which the Municipal Government should adjust its organisation. Water is sold in many other cities more cheaply than in Bombay, although it has to be both pumped and filtered, but in all these cities the waste will be found to be less than it is here. But in all these cities it is sold on the same basis as gas and electricity and as the user pays by measure his attention is drawn to any sudden increase of consumption by an increase in his water bill. The intermittent supply has been the cause of several evils the chief of which is the storage of water in tanks and open vessels which enormously increased the breeding facilities of mosquitoes, and next to this the habit of leaving water taps open, if the water did not flow immediately. It has also increased the prejudice against meters as when the mains were drained empty and filled with air, the return of the water supply, the air was driven out through the meters causing the turbine wheel to spin round at a very rapid rate and register a large amount on the deal which was charged as water to the unfortunate consumer. No wonder if the meter acquired a sinister reputation. Meters were offered to the Corporation that would only record water while letting the air pass unrecorded, but the offer was not accepted. There can be no doubt that, since any attempt to impress a sense of economy on the mind of the cooly and the domestic servant would be hopeless the only remaining remedy for waste of water is the meter.

◆

A PARSI RELIGIOUS BOOK. ANOTHER instalment of that highly useful work for a knowledge of the Parsi religion, the Pahlavi Dinkard, has recently been published under the patronage of the Sir Jamshetji Translation Fund, by Dastur Darab Sanjana, the editor and translator. Whilst noticing the eleventh part, some little time back, we had occasion to complain of the very slow progress of this work, whose first part appeared in the last generation so far back as 1874. Its original projector Dastur Peshotun, who died in 1898, brought out only eight parts and took a quarter of a century over it. He was old and preoccupied, but his younger son who took up the task on his father's death, has not proceeded more rapidly, as he has published four more parts in thirteen years, which is if anything a slower rate than his father's. But the latest part, the twelfth, has now followed its predecessor with commendable rapidity, and if the remaining parts of this voluminous and extensive work are to be issued with the same speed the present generation may see the end of it. The most important part of this work is the Pahlavi text which it publishes for the first time, and this text is very useful to scholars who are anxious to see what the Dinkard has to say on various cardinal points of the Parsi religion. It is a comprehensive though rather miscellaneous collection of information regarding the doctrines, customs, traditions, history and literature of this faith and was written in the ninth century of an era by a learned Dastur or high priest of the Zoroastrians in Persia. But though written so late as a couple of centuries after the final ruin of Zoroastrianism in the land of its rise and progress at the hands of Islam, it was compiled from materials much older which was extant at that time; in fact the Parsi tradition is that it was based on the original Avesta as it was extant in the hey-day of Parsi supremacy and empire. In the estimation of the Parsis of India it ranks very highly, indeed they give it the highest place among Pahlavi literature and esteem it only below the Avesta of which it is believed to give the spirit and essence.

The Dinkard itself contains at the end of the third book an highly interesting statement as to the actual history of its compilation from which it appears that its compiler had before him the odd volumes and scattered fragments of the Parsi scriptures as arranged by the famous Tansar who was commissioned by the Sassanian Parsi King Artaxerxes to edit the Avesta again after its destruction by fire at the command of Alexander the Great. Tansar was very successful in recovering the Avesta of the pre-Alexandrian period, but his labours were again rendered useless by revolutions of time and fate, and once more after several centuries the compiler of the present Dinkard set to work and got together as much as he could by investigation of the previous work of Tansar. Thus the present Dinkard is connected with the original Avesta composed by Zoroaster and his immediate successors, and this connection accounts for the great reverence attached to it by the Parsis who were always anxious to know on any disputed point what this Pahlavi book had to say. But strange to say it was brought to India only so late as 1783 by an Iranian priest and his manuscript was in the possession of the famous Mulla Feroz, the Oriental scholar and high priest of the Parsis in the early part of the last century. Feroz used in his works especially in his controversial writings concerning the Parsi Calendar in which he translated some portions of it. When a knowledge of Pahlavi began to revive the Parsis took the first opportunity to undertake its printing and translation and the Sir Jamshedji Translation Fund commissioned in 1871 the late learned Dastur Peshotun to bring out the text and translations in English and Gujarati. The work ought to have been complete by this time voluminous though it be. He has accelerated his pace of late and we hope he will continue to publish at the rate of a part every year. We may point out in conclusion that the present part volume does not bear the name of the press or presses where it has been printed. This is an oversight which ought to be amended.

◆

NATURALISATION LAW. ALTHOUGH, it is not included in the summary of Mr.Asquith's announcement of his programme, the present session of Parliament is expected to deal with an Imperial question of much interest and importance. It was stated in the King's speech that a Bill is to be introduced to give effect to the unanimous recommendation by the last Imperial Conference for the amendment and consolidation of the law relating to British nationality. It is hoped in time that a standard naturalisation law will be in operation throughout His Majesty's Dominions, but this appears hardly practicable at present as local questions, especially those of coloured immigration affect the matter and are still at such an acute stage that the respective dominions affected will not countenance any modification of their attitude. Consequently the proposed law will become operative only after the local legislatures have adopted it, and they will be able to add special local stipulations provided that these are not contrary to the spirit of the general law. The draft of the proposed measure has been sent by the Colonial Office to the Governments of the Overseas Dominions. The main provisions are that an alien may apply for naturalisation as a British subject if he has lived for five years continuously within His Majesty's territory, is a person of good character, possesses an adequate knowledge of the English language, or of any other language recognised in any dominion as on an equality with English, and is prepared to take the oath of allegiance. As we have hinted above, when it comes up for discussion in the Imperial Parliament, there are likely to be several points in it of interest to India.

LORD AND LADY MEATH, after visiting Moulmein and Mandalay, have gone to Bhamo. Lord Meath spoke on the Empire movement at the Kanchin School, Rangoon, on Saturday.

THE fiftieth birthday of the Gaekwar of Baroda was observed as a public holiday in the State.

THE formation is notified of a general police district to include the railways in the United Provinces.

THE General Officer Commanding the Abor expedition telegraphing from Yambung on March 8th says that the weather is dull and cloudy.

THE *Pioneer's* London correspondent writes that in the Challenge round of military ranks doubles, the second battalion of the Yorkshire Infantry beat the holders of the Army Service Corps by four games to two.

THE *Statesman* correspondent states that at the Colombo tea sale the average obtained was forty-six cents, a price unchanged from the previous week average. The price of complete invoices offered was forty-eight cents.

THE Rangoon Municipality is raising a loan bearing interest at 4 per cent. for 30 years of 12 lakhs 47 thousand rupees for the construction of new municipal offices, 54 and a half lakhs for extending sewers in Mayo Sailors Home and other works.

THE *Pioneer* says:—"The question of a settlement with the Mahsuds for their recent attempt at a hostile demonstration is under consideration. The whole of the sections were not involved, so the matter of the usual fine is not easy of adjustment."

AMONG the passengers on the "Erinpura" leaving for Rangoon on Monday are Mr. Holdsworth, liquidator of the Bank of Burma, and Mr. A. J. Noble, representative of the Bombay depositors and shareholders. Others interested are also travelling by the same steamer to attend the forthcoming Rangoon meeting.

THE latest administration report of the Punjab comments on the slow progress of popularising sanitation in the villages. At the suggestion of the Sanitary Board rewards were offered for people who have distinguished themselves in promoting any scheme of sanitation, but no prizes were earned during the year. It is stated that the village committees do not fully appreciate the rewards, want of organisation being the chief difficulty in the way.

AMONG the passengers who proceeded to Europe on Saturday by the P. & O. Company's mail steamer "Arabia" were His Highness the Aga Khan, Sir Wm. Bisset, Sir Shaputji Broacha, Lady Broklehurst, Lady Cameron, Sir Frederick Croft, Bart., Sir Charles Friswell, Lord and Lady Gerard, Lady Sophie Gifford, Lady Katherin Howard, Col. the Hon. H, D. Napier, C.M.G., Sir James Walker and Lady Walker.

THE WEEK AT HOME.

Awaiting the Coal Strike.

LOW SPIRITS IN PARLIAMENT.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)
LONDON, FEB. 23.

The traveller from the East just now returns to an England plunged in gloom, a soddened land beneath grey weeping skies. Memories of the glories of the Durbar, of the sunshine and the palm-trees of Bombay, soon grow dim when one hears the incessant statement:—"It has rained ever since you left." It is raining still, and London is a wilderness of mud and slime. The influence of the climate is reflected in the spirits of the people. Everyone is depressed. In Parliament all the four parties are dispirited. The Conservatives are down at heart, because it is considered that Mr. Bonar Law made a poor beginning in the debate on the Address. Already they begin to repent their hasty change of leadership, and say that their new chief can never be permitted to become Prime Minister. The Liberals are morose, because they are losing ground in the country, because the Insurance Act is not very popular, and because after a long period of triumphant supremacy they are overwhelmed with difficulties. The Labour members are shivering at the prospect of the threatened gigantic industrial struggle, which is setting in motion forces they are utterly unable to control. The Irish party are nervous because, despite the supposed imminence of Home Rule, they are well aware that it will not be carried, and they fear the day of reckoning with their supporters. The financial arrangements are the rock upon which the Home Rule movement must ultimately split this time. One who knows Ulster well assures me that the Ulstermen are quite ready to fight; but they will have no need to do so.

The strain of the domestic situation is visibly telling upon Mr. Asquith, who has lost much of his old robust vigour. Whether there is any truth in the rumour that he will soon elect to become Lord Chancellor, I do not know; but personally I am unable to credit it. The story probably had its rise in the conferment of the Garter upon Sir Edward Grey, who is alleged to be about to become Mr. Asquith's successor. But the Garter was given to the Foreign Secretary for two quite different reasons. It was meant first to indicate to other Powers that Sir Edward Grey's policy abroad had the full endorsement of the Government. It was further intended to mark the Cabinet's disapproval of the attacks to which Sir Edward Grey has been subjected by a large section of their own supporters.

THE MENACE OF THE MINERS.

The thoughts of all men in England, however, hardly turn at this juncture to Parliament at all. Despite the debate in the Lords, of which more anon, Indian questions are almost wholly eclipsed. The anarchy which has succeeded revolution in China, scarcely receives a passing glance. The troubles of Persia seem vague unrealities. The issue with Germany is almost disregarded, though I find few people really believe that Lord Haldane's mission to Berlin has materially ameliorated a situation full of strained feeling. The interest of the whole country centres this week upon the threatened strike of the miners, the probabilities of which are still uncertain at the moment of writing. Whether the miners cease work or not, the general public know very well that in the long run they will have to put their hands in their pockets to satisfy the demands of the men. The coalowners have no intention of paying. When the struggle is over, the additional burden will be thrust upon the back of the wretched consumers. Who is paying for the railway strike of last year? Not the railway companies. I possess a season ticket on one of the main lines out of the metropolis. On renewing it the other day, I found that five per cent. had been added to the cost of all season tickets "as a result of the strike." Other classes of tickets have also been raised in price. So it will be with the coal dispute. Gas companies are already increasing their charges, on the plea that they have been compelled to lay in large excess stocks of coal at high rates. The poor, who buy their coal by the hundredweight, are already paying exorbitant prices for it. All who can afford it are laying in stores of candles and oil, and there is a tremendous run on lamps In London, the gas companies declare that they have reserve supplies of coal sufficient for many weeks, but some of the smaller provincial towns will probably be in darkness a week after the strike begins. The Railway Companies are notifying their intention of reducing their service of local trains. The cheap illustrated papers are filled with pictures showing that reserves of coal people are accumulating in their houses The bath-room seems a favourite spot for an extra coal-store in London flats, where the cellar accommodation is small. One enterprising lady is reported to have erected a huge stack of coal in her drawing-room. Meanwhile substitutes for coal are being discussed, but the suggestion of the "Daily Mirror" that people should burn chalk is not much appreciated.

THE CHANCES OF SETTLEMENT.

Long before this letter reaches India, the issue will have been decided. I can only record the feeling at this moment. It is that the belated intervention of the Government will not prevent the strike. This is no sudden unforeseen deadlock, like the railway strike of last year. The intention of the miners to strike some time this winter was announced as long ago as last August. Their preparations have been cool, deliberate, and apparently implacable. Much is being said about the division of opinion among the men in Yorkshire and Durham, many of whom are unwilling to join in the strike. The real storm centres, however, are not in the northern English counties, but in Wales and Scotland. In Wales, both coalowners and miners seem equally bitter and determined. They profess to resent Government interference, and desire to fight out the struggle which they have had so long in contemplation. When men have been preparing for six months for a conflict, they do not readily hold out olive-branches to each other at the bidding of a Prime Minister. Lord Rosebery settled the great coal strike of 1893 by suddenly ushering the delegates from both sides into a room where a sumptuous luncheon, with copious supplies of champagne, awaited them. This ingenious expedient will not now suffice. The temper of the Welsh miners is not to be mollified to-day by a luncheon to their leaders. A friend, who returned last night from the neighbourhood of Pontypridd, gave me a forbidding picture of the atmosphere in which the battle will be fought. It was a picture of grimy valleys, driving mist, clusters of mean houses, universal mud, sullen groups of determined men The curious thing about the doggedness of the Welsh miners is that their union is far worse off than the unions in Northern England. The Yorkshire miners, for instance, have enough money to furnish strike-pay for six weeks, but the Welshmen can only pay a very exiguous allowance for a fortnight. Nothing is more certain than that at a very early period of the strike there will be rioting and bloodshed in South Wales. The Government may not settle the dispute, but the duty of preserving order will remain, and the country will not permit the Cabinet to evade it. My own impression is that, despite the warnings of the newspapers, despite the notices already given to large bodies of ironworkers and others, the public have not yet fully realised the swift paralysis which will overtake the activities of Great Britain, if the strike begins and is at all prolonged. I chanced to be in Australia, during the coal-strike of 1909. I have a vivid recollection of its rapid and perplexing consequences; but the Australian strike was a trivial event in comparison with the catastrophe which now threatens us.

THE LABOUR OUTLOOK.

Whether the coal strike is averted or not, there are many signs that we are entering upon a new and sinister phase of life in England. The changes, during the last ten years, are bewildering, and the England of Queen Victoria, the England that many of my Bombay readers knew when first they set sail to the East, seems as remote and dim as the middle ages. These are not the forebodings of a pessimist, not the wailings of one permeated with Oriental melancholia. They are the convictions which, in my belief, must inevitably follow a dispassionate contemplation of present conditions in Great Britain. The man who stubbornly asserts that the country is in a healthy state is blind to the portents which confront him. Even thus may some French noble have proclaimed the happiness and prosperity of France on the eve of the Revolution, when was already being fashioned the tumbril which was to carry him to his doom. We have always had plenty of discontent, abundance of grinding poverty, in England. The condition of working men, the environment of the very poor, is no doubt far better and healthier than it was at the beginning of the modern industrial era. But the discontent is fiercer than ever to-day, and it is no longer passive. The revolt of labour waxes apaces. The recent limited strikes at Glasgow and Manchester are only ripples which herald the coming storm. The spirit which permeates the labour world to-day is difficult to define by reason of its very vagueness, but it is unquestionably the kind of discontent which will not be allayed by makeshift expedients. It is a spirit faithfully reflected in France and other continental countries. It suggests that the indefinable unrest which preceded the widespread political upheavals of 1848 has reappeared in another form in the ranks of labour, and more particularly of British labour. For many decades the British were accustomed to watch placidly the domestic troubles of continental nations, and to congratulate themselves that their own path was smoother. The position is now reversed, and the continent watches internal developments in England, with intense interest, mingled with some apprehension. Karl Marx declared in 1848, that "every revolution on the continent that did not spread to England was a storm in a tea-cup." To-day, in the threatened resolution of labour, England is rapidly taking her place in the van of battle. The most remarkable feature of the situation is that the change has not been wrought by any widespread acceptance of the principles of conventional Socialism, which are but little understood by the British proletariat. The views most readily endorsed by labour audiences are almost indistinguishable from the cruder doctrines of Syndicalism, a gospel of destruction and spoliation which is only a more respectable form of anarchy. On the surface the Welsh miners, and those who think as they do, are apparently concerned with technical questions about a minimum wage and "abnormal place-labour." But tha views which lie behind and furnish the motive power which may presently plunge these dull Welsh valleys into deadly strife, have much in common with the extremer forms of French Socialism. They resemble the principles of the French "Reds" far more than the "Yellows." Wales does not stand alone in this respect. We have drifted far in the last ten years.

THE INDIAN DEBATE.

As I have already indicated in the midst of these absorptions the two days' Indian debate in the House of Lords has not attracted much attention. There are only two comments which I will make upon it. The first is that the story of the Nawab of Dacca, related by Lord Curzon, was widely known in the Durbar Camp. Lord Morley's denial was too hasty, and was subsequently qualified by Lord Crewe. The Secretary of State was far too cautious to endorse Lord Morley's sweeping contradiction; he simply said that an inaccurate version had been telegraphed out to India, which manifestly was a matter not concerning Lord Curzon.

The other comment has reference to the extremely important statement with which Lord Crewe closed the second day's debate. It will be remembered that the third paragraph of the famous despatch of the Government of India contained a series of somewhat vague statements which certainly appeared to indicate that further large constitutional reforms were in contemplation. I know very well that prominent Indian politicians attached the most profound importance to these statements and I am inclined to think that they were officially encouraged to do so. Both Lord Lansdowne and Lord Curzon asked what was meant by these sweeping and sonorous sentences, which seem to indicate the ultimate partial abdication of the Government of India in favour of Provincial administrations. Great was the surprise when Lord Crewe rather lamely explained that only the Hobhouse Commission's recommendations were meant. Equally great, I fear, will be the disappointment of Mr. Gokhale and his followers when they learn the truth. The paragraph is certainly capable of a far wider interpretation.

MR. GRAHAM GILMOUR'S DEATH.

Last Saturday, I chanced to see Mr. Graham Gilmour only a few minutes before he was killed. During a brief interval of sunshine, I was strolling in a friend's garden near Shepperton-on-Thames, when Mr. Gilmour, flying quite low, passed overhead on his Handasyde aeroplane. We noticed his unusual position, ten feet behind the engine, which is one of the peculiarities of this type of aeroplane. We also noticed how smoothly and quietly the machine was running, and agreed that it was the most noiseless aeroplane we had yet seen. Within ten minutes the airman was dead. At the inquest the jury decided that the accident was due to some fault in the aeroplane, but evidence seems to suggest that Mr. Gilmour may perhaps have been seized with sudden faintness, and thus lost control. One notices that few airmen pursue the pastime, in its more exacting form of long distance flight, for very long. The men who were performing feats of daring a year or two ago now content themselves with teaching others how to do likewise. From France come reports of a new kind of aeroplane, called the Aviette, which carries no engines. It is apparently a kind of aerial bicycle, modest in cost, and capable of long skimming flights. It has already advanced so far that a competition is announced in which a hundred airmen are to ride Aviettes.

ASIATICUS.

SOUTH OLE REACHED.

NDSEN'S STORY OF HIS EXPLOIT.

A id Journey over New Ground.

CLIACROSS A WONDERFUL GLACIER.

ROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

CHRISTIANIA, March 8.

At ening of the Storthing, to-day, the Presiopressed his joy, admiration and pride 'aptain Amundsen had planted the Norwflag at the South Pole.

Thdent telegraphed to Hobart to that effect.

Kinakon has consented to his and Queend's names being used on the maps of thered lands.

LONDON, March 9.

CaAmundsen's story, published in the *Dailynicle*, states that a party of eight startehe 8th of September, 1911, to make a daslhe South Pole.

It j to be too early, the temperature fallinginus 60 deg. *Celsius*. Owing to the sug of their dogs the party returned.

Caj Amundsen and four companions again d on the 20th of October. They occasi experienced dense fog and blizzards, but be the 82nd and 83rd degrees, the journe a pleasure trip. The party covered an avdistance of 25 kilometres daily.

Thie was reached on the 14th of Decer

It ated on a vast plateau, which was name "Haakon VII Plateau."

Cbions were taken for three days. The ition determined the extent and charaf the Ice Barrier. They discovered theection of South Victoria Land and probaing Edward Land, with their continuatn mighty mountains, which were obsers far as 88 deg. south, and probably conticross the Antarctic continent.

Wng on Empty Barrels.

Ca Amundsen took fifty-two dogs with him,is final dash for the South Pole. He reacAnd on the 17th of November. Thenceforwe climbed among glaciers and mighty mous, and camped on the 21st of November, height of 10,600 feet. On the 30th of Nber, he began a three days' climb over the il's Glacier, which is honeycombed with nuess holes and crevasses. He described theing as like walking on empty barrels. Hed the place "The Devil's Dancing-R"

i the 8th of December, the weather was go The afternoon of the 14th of Decem ber wbeautiful, with the temperature at m 23deg. *Celsius*. On that day he planted tNorwegian colours at the Pole, and after ovations had been made, advanced nine hetres, and camped on the 16th of mber.

ie four members of the party took observns at every hour of the twenty-four, as ly as was humanly possible, with the ant and an artificial horizon.

he weather on the return journey was isually favourable, and the party averaged kilometres daily. They reached their ter quarters on the 25th of January.

The length of the new mountains is 850 metres, and they have been named "Queen ud's Ranges."

The Japanese expedition arrived at the y of Whales on the 16th of January.

Rejoicings in Norway.

Christiania is bedecked with flags in honour Captain Amundsen's achievement.

Sir Ernest Shackleton, in an article in e *Daily Chronicle*, says he has no oubt that Captain Amundsen reached e South Pole. He got more out of his dogs an the British expedition could. He is parently not aware that we named the lateau after King Edward VII. The markable feature of the journey is its peed. The geographical results are most nportant. The expedition covered entirely ew ground, and defined the limits of the Ice Barrier, which have hitherto been secret.

Later.

King George has congratulated King Haakon on Captain Amundsen's achievement.

[Captain Ronald Amundsen, although he is only 39 years of age, has a distinguished record in exploration. In 1906, he was the first man to accomplish the navigation of the North-West Passage. Three years before he had explored the ocean between Spitzbergen and Greenland. In 1909 he visited London, and announced his intention before the Royal Geographical Society of undertaking a seven years' expedition to the Arctic and was supposed to have started in 1910. His vessel the "Fram" in which Dr. Nansen made one of his celebrated expeditions was suddenly reported at Madeira, where Captain Amundsen announced that he intended to go to the Antarctic. Thus commenced the expedition which has now triumphantly concluded.]

BRITISH TRADE WITH INDIA.

East Indian Section of London Chamber.

LONDON, March 9.

At a meeting of merchants and others, interested in trade with India, held at the offices of the London Chamber of Commerce, Mr. Campbell Macleod presiding, it was resolved to request the Council of the Chamber to sanction the formation of an East Indian section of the Chamber, to deal with matters relating to India and Ceylon.

Sir Felix Schuster, in seconding the resolution, said he thought the section should devote its attention to commercial matters, and not subjects trenching on political and social affairs.

It was unanimously resolved to estabish the section.

Mr. Campbell Macleod was elected chairman, and Mr. J. M Dick, deputy-chairman.

THE COAL STRIKE.

Government Call a Joint Conference.

LITTLE HOPE OF PROGRESS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, March 8.

An important development has arisen in the coal situation. The Government has invited both parties to meet them jointly.

The Miners' Executive has agreed to summon a National Conference at the earliest possible date to submit the proposal, but says that it could not recommend the acceptance of the proposal, unless the principle of a minimum wage is excluded from discussion.

An official statement says that the Government considers that its proposals, which have already been submitted to both parties, offer the fairest means of settlement, but in view of the difficulty of making progress without mutual discussion, the Government has taken this step.

Mr. McKenna, to-day, conferred with the railway companies, who are considering how far they can continue to keep their lines open, and the question of their powers regarding the protection of their property.

Over five thousand railway clerks have received notices of dismissal.

Many woollen operatives in the Colne Valley are idle, and twenty thousand are on short time.

LONDON, March 9.

The South Wales coalowners have issued a statement that they are unanimous in their decision that under no consideration will they admit the principle of a minimum wage.

The cutting off of English coal is beginning to be felt in Europe generally, and the prices of fuel are rising.

Mr. Asquith's proposal for a round-table conference is regarded as still-born, in view of the uncompromising declarations from both sides with which it has been greeted.

The number of unemployed will be doubled in a few days. The pinch is beginning to be really felt, especially in the poorer districts of the cities, and relief works are being started, Apprehensions are felt regarding the failure of the light supply. The number of trains, which are running, is being further decreased.

Later.

Works are daily being closed owing to the coal strike, and it is estimated that 580,000 men are unemployed.

The Admiral in command at Portsmouth has ordered the strictest economy in the use of coal for the Fleet.

Steamers are being chartered in North America, at 25s. per ton as compared with the normal rate of 9s., to convey coal to Port Said, Gibraltar and South America.

An extraordinary shipment is one from Newcastle, New South Wales, to the River Plate at a rate of 31s. per ton.

LONDON, March 10.

The week-end finds the issue of the strike still uncertain. The prevailing opinion is pessimistic, anticipating that the strike will last another month.

Scottish coalowners issued a statement last night adhering to the determination not to accept the minimum wage. The only hope is that miners, in view or increasing distress, will agree to accept the principle of a minimum and that the Government will legislate on the original proposals, coercing the minority of owners.

Later.

The Labour member Mr. Barnes, speaking at Croydon last night, said he hoped that the miners, having won a great victory against capitalism, would not consider it necessary to humiliate Parliament by trying to be a law unto themselves.

THE PANAMA CANAL BILL.

No Preference and Ships of Combines Stopped.

WASHINGTON, March 10.

Interstate Commerce Committee of both Houses has approved the Panama Canal Bill authorising President Taft to fix tolls at a maximum of 1 1-4 dollars per ton. American ships will not receive preference while ships controlled by combines operating with a intent to restrain trade will be prohibited from passing the Canal.

ENGLISH RACING.

Betting on the Lincoln Handicap.

LONDON, March 8.

The betting on the Lincolnshire Handicap is as follows:—

13 to 2 against Warfare.

100 to 9 against Long Set and Spanish Prince.

100 to 6 against Sobieski, Great Surprise and Uncle Pat.

Grand National Betting.

The latest betting on the Grand National is:—

5 to 1 against Rathnally.

8 to 1 against Jerry M.

CRICKET IN AUSTRALIA.

Departure of the English Team.

ADELAIDE, March 8.

The M. C. C. team have sailed for Home.

FOOTBALL AT HOME.

LONDON, March 9.

In the fourth round of the English Cup in Association football at Home to-day, Swindon beat Everton by two goals to one, and West Bromwich Albion beat Fulham by three goals to nil.

The match between Manchester United and Blackburn resulted in a score of one goal each, and in that between Barnsley and Bradford City neither side scored.

In a Rugby match at Belfast, Ireland beat Wales by twelve points to five.

LONDON COUNTY HALL.

LONDON, March 9.

The King, to-day, laid the foundation stone of the new London County Hall. His Majesty afterwards knighted the chairman and chief engineer of the Council.

THE POLITICAL SITUATION.

Important Pronouncement by Mr. Asquith.

THE DEBT TO IRELAND !

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, March 8.

The Liberals to-day gave a banquet at Covent Garden Theatre, in honour of Mr. Asquith, and of his passing the Parliament Bill. He was accorded a splendid ovation, and the theatre was crammed.

In his speech, Mr. Asquith said he would have been glad if this celebration had not fallen under the shadow of a week of great national anxiety, when the Government had temporarily placed upon its shoulders a weighty addition to its load of responsibility, which at all times was hard enough to sustain—(Applause). He congratulated the nation and all political parties on their patience and self-restraint. The Government had not spared any effort in its power to bring about peace, and he still entertained the hope that the controversy would be settled by agreement, based on principles of equity, and honourable to both parties. (Cheers).

Turning to the Parliament Act, Mr. Asquith said the Government believed it would be a great deal more than a mere addition to the statute book. They believed that it would be a landmark recording the completion of one stage, and the opening of another stage, of development. He emphasised the point that if the will of the people did not prevail, then Democracy was a farce, and they might as well throw the whole machinery of the elections on the scrap-heap. (Cheers). At two elections, they had convinced their fellow-countrymen that the House of Lords was a partisan and non-representative body, and nothing better than a caricature of a Second Chamber. The Parliament Act was an enormous step in advance, but much remained to be done in the reform of the electoral system, the making of the House of Commons a truly representative body, and the setting up of a Second Chamber reasonable in size and composition, and qualified to perform efficiently and impartially the functions of such a body.

Effect of the Parliament Act.

Nevertheless, they hoped to carry these reforms, (cheers), and he protested, with all emphasis, against the notion that in the meantime they were living in a state of suspended constitutional animation. There was now a reasonable certainty that popular legislation could be effectually attained. They always had maintained that the Parliament Act was only a means to other ends. Let them see that they attained and achieved those ends. He need not enumerate the n, but there was a long-standing debt to Ireland, (cheers), and it was a great satisfaction to know that Home Rule would be early introduced. There was also Welsh Disestablishment and the question of national education.

They were, Mr. Asquith continued, told to look at the by-elections, but he remembered that three or four years ago there was a similar series of by-elections, with "glorious" Peckham, which were mostly reversed at the general election—(Applause). He attributed their loss at the by-elections to the Tory campaign against the Insurance Act, but he predicted that if, and when, the Tories had the chance, they would not venture to lay a finger on a single one of that Act's fundamental principles

So long, Mr. Asquith concluded, as he had the confidence of the House of Commons to prosecute, with the aid of the Parliament Act, the work which he undertook to perform, he would not be deterred from it by foolish and pointless taunts about clinging to office. He intended to persevere to the end.

By-elections.

LONDON, March 8.

Captain Kirkwood, member for Essex South-East, has resigned.

The Hon. Rupert Guinness is the Conservative candidate.

LONDON, March 9

Professor Hewins has been elected unopposed for Hereford.

LONDON, March 9.

The death is announced of Mr. William Keswick, M. P., for Mid-Surrey.

[Captain J. Hendley Morrison-Kirkwood is the only son of the late J. M. Kirkwood, J. P., of Yeo Vale, Devon. He was born in 1877, and, leaving Harrow, served for some years in the 7th Dragoon Guards, retiring a few years ago with the rank of captain. Captain Kirkwood married, in 1902, Gertrude, a daughter of Mr. Robert Park Lyle.]

[The Hon. Rupert Edward Cecil Lee Guinness, C.M.G., once sat for and has twice since unsuccessfully contested the Haggerston division of Shoreditch. The eldest son of Viscount Iveagh, he was educated at Eton and Trinity College, Cambridge. He distinguished himself at sculling at school, and subsequently won the Diamond Sculls in 1895, and the Diamond and Wingfield Sculls in 1896. He served in South Africa with the Irish Hospital in 1900.]

[At the last election, Mr. Keswick was unopposed having in January 1910, scored an overwhelming victory for the Unionists against Sir Albert Rollit. The figures were Keswick, 10,919 ; Rollit, 5,232 ; Unionist majority 5,687.

Mr. William, Keswick is reputed to be one of the best-informed members of the House of Commons upon matters of Far, Eastern commerce—which is no wonder, seeing that he belongs to the firm of Jardine, Matheson, and Company, whose reputation is as firmly established in Japan and China as in Lombardstreet. He is also a director of the Indo-China Steam Navigation Company, and has been in his time a member of the Legislative Council of Hong Kong and a Consul and Consul-General. He was born in 1835, is a county magistrate for Surrey, and was High Sheriff in 1898. He has represented Mid-Surrey since 1899.]

QUEEN ALEXANDRA.

Slow Convalescence after Influenza.

LONDON, March 8.

Queen Alexandra is recovering from an attack of influenza, but her progress is less rapid than might be desired.

ARBITRATION TREATIES.

Prospects Dead in the United States.

NEW YORK, March 8.

The Press bitterly laments the emasculation of the Arbitration Treaties, and believes that not only will Britain and France never be asked to ratify them in their mangled condition, but that the pending negotiations with Germany and Japan will be allowed to lapse.

Officials at Washington are of opinion that any prospect of the participation of the United States in general Arbitration Treaties is dead for many years to come.

THE TROUBLES IN CHINA.

French Troops Disarming the Chinese.

THE EUROPEAN LOAN.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

TIENTSIN, March 9.

French troops stopped a body of 200 Chinese troops at the railway station and disarmed eighty of them.

A large force of Chinese troops, proceeding to Tientsin by the Grand Canal, has been disarmed by French and Japanese troops.

Two United States cruisers have arrived at Taku.

PEKIN, March 9.

British, French, American, German, Russian and Japanese banks intend to finance the Government, or the two Governments, until the latter's finances are restored. They have already advanced fifty thousand taels, and expect to advance from six to seven millions during the next three years.

Many executions are taking place daily. Order is being gradually restored. Much of the loot is being recovered. The Manchu soldiers in Pekin are acting splendidly.

LONDON, March 9.

In consequence of the situation in China, the transfer of the 1st Inniskillings to India, the 1st Royal Warwickshires to Aden, and the 1st Lincolns from Aden to Home, is indefinitely postponed.

THE NAVY ESTIMATES.

"Times" Speaks of Probable Reduction.

LONDON, March 9.

The *Times* says that the Navy estimates will probably be reduced by one million sterling. They will provide for one Dreadnought less and fewer cruisers.

GERMAN REICHSTAG.

Socialist Vice-President not Confirmed.

BERLIN, March 8.

In accordance with the procedure of the Reichstag, requiring the confirmation of elections to presidential offices, Herren Kaempf, Paasche and Dove have been elected president and first and second vice-presidents. All these have accepted office.

The Socialist, Herr Scheidemann, is thus eliminated.

LONDON, March 9.

The defeat of Herr Scheidemann, the Socialist vice-president of the Reichstag, was due to his refusal to attend the Emperor's Court.

A NOVEL SUGGESTION.

LONDON, March 9.

President Taft, speaking at Toledo, Ohio, condemned emphatically as a crude, reactionary and unstable policy, that lately advocated by Mr. Roosevelt in favour of the revocation of the decision of judges by popular vote, and the submitting of judgments to the people.

THE ARMS TRAFFIC.

Preventive Measures by Sultan of Muscat.

LONDON, March 8.

Reuter understands that the Sultan of Muscat has devised a new arrangement, regulating the export of arms and ammunition, which, it is believed, will effectually stop illegal trade with the countries, which are prohibited from importing arms.

SUFFRAGETTE AGITATION.

Miss Christabel Pankhurst's Manifesto.

LONDON, March 10.

Miss Christabel Pankhurst has still not been tracked. A manifesto from her pen was circulated broadcast over London last night defending attacks on private property.

FIRE IN CHICAGO.

Many Jump out and Six are Killed.

CHICAGO, March 10.

A fire broke out in a lodging house last night in which two hundred inmates were asleep. Many jumped into the fire-nets held by firemen and were injured. Hitherto it is known that six were killed.

A NEW GOVERNOR.

LONDON, March. 8.

It is officially announced that Sir Henry Hesketh Bell has been appointed Governor of the Leeward Islands.

[Sir Henry Hesketh Bell, K. C. M. G., has been Governor and Commander-in-Chief in Northern Nigeria since 1909. He was born in 1864, and entered the Colonial Civil Service in 1882. After seeing service on the Gold Coast and in the West Indies, he was appointed Governor of Uganda in 1905. He devised a scheme for the insurance of property against hurrcanes, which has been adopted by [Lloyds.]

SIR ARTHUR WILSON.

Honour for Distinguished Sailor.

LONDON, March 8.

The Order of Merit has been conferred upon Admiral Sir Arthur Wilson.

[Admiral Sir Arthur Knyvet Wilson, G.C.B., G.C.V.O., O.M., V.C., has been First Sea Lord of the Admiralty since 1909. He was born in 1842, and served in the Crimean War, the Chinese War of 1865, the Egyptian campaign of 1882, and the Soudan campaign of two years later. He has held many of the highest posts in the Navy during a distinguished career.]

REPLANNING OF CALCUTTA.

Suggestions to Improvement Trust.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, March 9.

In a letter to the Calcutta Improvement Trust, the Chairman of the Calcutta Trades Association gives the Association's views on the improvement of the City. They urge that rehousing should keep pace with demolition and give designs for cheap dwelling houses containing sixteen rooms on each floor which would give five per cent. on capital with a monthly room rental of six rupees, four annas. On a two per cent. return the rent need only be two and a half rupees. As regards new roads they declare that for an equal expenditure a large mileage of twenty foot lanes would do more to relieve congestion and improve health conditions than a smaller mileage of sixty and forty foot roads. With respect to arterial roads they suggest one from Corporation Street to Bagbazar Bridge and another from the south side of Dalhousie Square to Circular Road. They would intersect somewhere east of Bentinck Street, at which point a traffic centre could be established withthe wide avenue to Chowringhi.

At the Sealdhah Station they suggest the continuation of the railway line in a loop to shorten the distance to the trains in Circular Road, so that suburban trains could stop within a few yards of the trams. The electrification of the suburban mail service with tube corridor carriages is considered inevitable in the near future, but a central station for Calcutta is probably out of the question. As regards thoroughfares in the central portions of the city the Association agree that new roads rather than the widening of old ones would be cheaper and more efficacious, but emphasise the necessity of widening certain streets, particularly Bentinck Street.

INDIAN COAL SUPPLY.

The Shortage of Railway Wagons.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

CALCUTTA, March 9.

A meeting called by the President of the Chamber of Commerce was held this morning to consider the state of affairs that prevails in the matter of coal supply to the city and port of Calcutta. Mr. A. M. Monteath presided and the coal, jute and other industries were well represented the Hon'ble Mr.; Clark, Member for Commerce and Industry, and Messrs Peddie and Godfrey of the East Indian and Bengal-Nagpur Railways were also present.

Mr. Wanklyn (Messrs. A. Yule and Co.) referred to the statement of Sir T. R. Wynne at the Legislative Council that in his opinion nothing could be done in reference to the shortage of wagons. This was, he said, a serious statement for a gentleman in his position to make. Proceeding Mr. Wanklyn said it took thirty hours for a brake of 50 wagons to get from their collieries to Calcutta which gave a speed of six miles an hour. If the trains were run at a reasonable speed, say 20 miles an hour, they would get three times as many wagous as now.

Mr. Godfrey and Paddie both questioned this statement and said the wagons came to Calcutta, and went back again in four days. Several gentlemen said that this bore out Mr. Wanklyn's statement.

A suggestion was made that when foreign railways wanted coal they should be made to send their own wagons for it, and so relieve pressure on the East Indian Railway.

The Hon'ble Mr. Clark said they had just cause for complaint, and agreed that an inquiry should be made to see if the coal trains could not be quickened.

No resolution was put to the meeting.

THE MADRAS COUNCIL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, March 9.

A meeting of the Legislative Council will be held at noon on the 13th instant. Seven questions have been sent in, but these will not be answered till the meeting in April. The Hon'ble Sir Murray Hammick will present the financial statement for 1912-13. The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur Krishnaswamy Iyengar will introduce a motion regarding the reorganisation of the judicial branch of the provincial service.

The Hon'ble Dewan Bahadur Govindaraghava Iyer will move "that this Council recommends that the amount alloted for the grant-in-aid to non-European secondary schools for boys be raised by Rs. 150 lakhs, the excess being met by the avoidance of the expenditure proposed on model schools."

TIBETAN AFFAIRS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KALIMPONG, March 9.

The Chinese Secretary to the Amban at Lhassa left here to-day for Calcutta, after waiting without success for an interview with the Dalai Lama.

Reports have reached here that two thousand fresh Chinese troops arrived in Lhassa, and that some Chinese officials are on their way here to try and obtain an interview with Dalai Lama.

The Tibetan Prime Minister who is now in Calcutta, is expected back here shortly. There is considerable anxiety and speculation among the Tibetan officials here, as to the result of his visit to Calcutta. It is difficult for them to appreciate the neutral position taken by the British officials, with whom they have to deal.

RED CRESCENT SOCIETY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

LAHORE, March 3.

Maulvie Zaffarali Khan, of Lahore, has dispatched through the Bank of Bengal to the Right Hon. Amir-Ali in London the last instalment of nine thousand rupees asked for by Mr. Amir Ali in aid of the London Medical Mission in Tripoli. Since the outbreak of the war Moulvie Zaffarali has collected and despatched in all thirty-one thousand rupees in aid of the wounded in Tripoli through the Red Crescent Society, Constantinople, and Mr. Amir Ali now appeals for subscriptions amounting to a lakh of rupees.

FIRES IN RANGOON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, March 9.

Two fires broke out yesterday evening at Insein, twelve miles from Rangoon, wiping out a whole quarter from sixty to seventy houses being destroyed. The cause of the fire, which originated in a blacksmith's shop, is unknown.

BOMBAY ART SOCIETY.

Second Notice of their Exhibition.

Lady Clarke possibly as this Exhibition is the last, to which she will be able to contribute as a Bombay exhibitor, has been very liberal, in her support this year, and a long line of her sketches appears on the first screen. She sends ten in all, including four landscapes and three figure studies, and the best of them "The Band, Ajmere," receives a "commended" ticket. From an attractive view-point, this shows the long red and white band, with its thick fringe of bushy trees, while above it the lofty hills pierce through the mists. The other landscapes are of the Taj Mahal, the Residency, Lucknow, the Baillie guard Gate, Lucknow, and Malabar Point, while there are two small portraits, including one of the Jam Sahib of Jamnagar.

"On the Bess" by Mrs. B.O. Roe is a striking piece of work, somewhat spoilt by some weakness in the middle distance, but on the whole a creditable picture, of a shallow lake, broken by mud-banks lying at the foot of a lofty mountain range. Mrs. H. Hulseberg's "Sunset on the Moola-Mutha" hangs near it, and depicts a river winding among low-lying banks covered with tall bushes. Its special charms are its glowing light effects in the sky and on water. Light effect again is the principal feature of a much more vigorous work "A Misty Sunrise" by Major A. F. Stewart, an example of this artist's best efforts. The risen sun is beating down through heavy masses of blue mist upon a placid sea. In the dim distance, one sees the towers of a city, while in the foreground a native craft in full sail stands out a bold object in the glare of light. It is a painting, which has been cleverly executed, and its effect is heightened by a vivid sense of distance. "The Sunset Tower" at Agra Fort, by Mrs. P. Villiers Stuart is a typical instance of this lady's best vein, and next to it is a much less attractive second picture by Major Stewart. This is "Moonrise, Bombay," a view from Malabar Hill across the sea, and is altogether too heavy and gloomy. On the same screen, however we find a lively sketch of the "Ajmere Bazaar" by Miss Mackay, full of gay colour, and suggestion of movement. "Entrance to Fort Gwalior" by Miss Maud Lake is less striking, but is an attractive little sketch, in which the colours have been judiciously handled.

Mrs. W. C. Symes "Walkeshwar, early morning" is another breezy sketch showing the road, as it winds between tall white houses and palms, filled with gaily-clad pedestrians. "Colaba Bazaar" by Mrs. L. Scott is a little hard in tone, but there is action in the pose of the figures and altogether her work shows much promise. Mr. E. von Goethen is the painter of a novel sketch entitled "The Beach," which is exhibited by Mr. W. Graham. It depicts a conventional seaside group, donkeys, children, pails and buckets, but the artist has chosen a grey foggy day, which he reproduces with some quite original effects. "Bombay rural and urban" is the work of Mr. M. K. Parandeker, for which he has chosen a happy instance contrast. One is standing on high ground above Chowpatti, before one is a thatched native hut and a sleeping "pie-dog" while across the bay one gets a view of Queen's Road, and the Fort. It is an interesting picture, well-executed.

Mrs. Ada C. Elrington's "Delhi Gate, Ahmedabad" is another realistic picture of Indian life. She has painted a characteristic scene at the time just after sunset, when in a native bazaar so many soft and varying hues blend into an almost rainbow picture. This painting with its broad dashes of purple and its many less pronounced tints charmingly represents such a scene as one's recollection quickly figures, and of this class of work it is one of the best instances in the exhibition. Mr. Laurence Scott's "Choupatti View" gives us a symmetrical rendering of a familiar scene, in which the active and suggestive figures in the foreground are one of its strong features, while his painting of "Back Bay," shown on the same screen is little less successful. Here again one finds one of Mr. E. von Goethen's charming productions in a group of children round a sea side rock. "On the road to Aundh" is another contribution of Mrs. H. Halseberg, and although a little stilted in its general treatment, it represents attractively a pretty bend in the road, which might easily be taken for a bit of an English lane. Miss Weston's "A Quiet Spot" is a distinctive picture amongst its surroundings. Amid wind-swept marshes, and under stormy grey skies, one sees two lonely trees swayed by the breeze, and the whole subject is treated with a strong touch that brings remembrance. Mr. G. Willet exhibits "The Garden" by Mr. Geend King, a pleasant picture of two women gathering flowers in a quaint old-fashioned garden, but one which has no marked characteristics, while in Col. Hart's "Shedipur" one finds close at hand a subject which is purely Indian and thoroughly characteristic, while it is rendered with an originality which makes it the more vivid.

Mr. H. C. Soundy's "Outward Bound" is a charming representation of a familiar sight in the harbour, and Mr. N. C. Soundy's sketch of a "Fruit Seller" has a vigorous and truthful note. Then amongst a crowd of Indian subjects on the further screen one finds relief in Mrs. L. R. Kenyon's "The Thames near Woolwich" a genuine representation of busy and wary life in a thick fog on the river.

Most of the principal oil-paintings have been already noticed but there is one which cannot be passed over, "The Hermit's visit" by Mr. Muller of Madras. This represents a tall fakir appearing before a ruler amid the splendid surroundings of his zenana. The picture measures some 5ft. by 6ft., and while it is heavier in tone than the majority of Mr. Muller's paintings, the various figures have all the grace, pose and fine outline, which he knows so well how to depict and there is all the dainty charm of his rich colour schemes. One also cannot pass unnoticed Mr. Erachaw Pestonji's "The Looters" three vigorous sketches of the types of the Indian smoker.

THE HAJ.

Rumoured Blockade of Arabian Ports.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, March 9.

The following Press communique has been issued in the Foreign Department:—Rumours have spread to the effect that it was the intention of the Italian Government to blockade the ports of Jeddah and Yembu and representations on the subject have been made by Mahommedan bodies to the Government of India. The Government have received no corroboration of these rumours, nor has any information to that effect reached His Majesty's Government. His Majesty's Government do not believe that the Italian Government have in contemplation steps which would lead to interference with the pilgrim taaffic and in order to allay anxiety on this point have represented to the Italian Government that any such action, if contemplated, would create deep resentment in India.

GLASS INDUSTRY AT AMBALLA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, March 9.

In pursuance of the policy of encouraging infant industries by judicious subsides, the Punjab Government has offered a grant of from five to seven thousand rupees a year for five years to the Amballa glass factory, a private concern. The factory has tried to specialise in glass blowing, but has failed for want of skilled labour. The Punjab Government grant is made to encourage the owners to persevere, the conditions being that a practical chemist and blower be employed and arrangements made for training five to ten apprentices at a time, three of whom at least should have University qualification in science. It is expected that the scheme will attract graduates as Austrian glass blowers employed in the Punjab have earned Rs. 250 and more a month.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS

GERMANY AND ENGLAND.

Austro-Russian Relations.

ANNEXATION OF TRIPOLI.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

PARIS, Feb. 24.

Herr von Kiderlen-Waechter, the German Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, made an important and exceedingly interesting speech in the Reichstag on Saturday in the course of which he stated that Germany never desired to acquire a part of Morocco, and traced the common belief that this had been the case to its source. He said:—"We had long wished to enter into negotiations with France, for the state of things revealed by the expedition to Fez could not go on, and therefore we sent a ship to Agadir to bring matters to a head. Some days before the Panther went to Agadir I told Dr. Klass that we would at once do everything in our power to raise the Morocco business, but that there would have to be some preliminaries to negotiations. Afterwards I went to Kissingen, where I had my first interview with M. Cambon, the French Ambassador, on the subject of compensation, compensation outside Morocco being expresaly mentioned. In June the Under-Secretary of State again had an interview with Dr. Klass, and expressly declared that Germany did not wish to have a share in Morocco. The assertion then appeared in the newspapers that I had once said to a deputy who is no longer here that we must takeMorocco. I am perfectly sure that in the interview in question I carefully explained the reasons why we did not wish to have a portion of Morocco. In September I had a third interview with Dr. Klass, when I had practically settled upon the main points of the Morocco Agreement with the French Ambassador, and we had agreed that a short interval should elapse before we began negotiations upon the Congo Agreement. How could it, therefore, be said that we were going to seize Moorish territory? I think that after what I have said, gentlemen, you will see that it is untrue that I ever told anyone we wanted to take a part of Morocco, or advised a propaganda with that object." Though it must be confessed that the Minister's statement would have been still more valuable had it been made earlier, yet, taken in conjunction with Mr. Asquith's disclaimer of any hostile attitude on the part of England to Germany last summer, it should go far to calm public opinion in both countries and prepare the way for an era of mutual confidence. The German Emperor was probably right when he expressed the opinion after Lord Haldane's visit (it the statement of an officer in the "Militarisch Politische Korrespondenz" be accepted) that a swift change in German public opinion is not to be expected in view of the strong suspicion still entertained regarding English intentions. It is known that it is the Kaiser's wish to effect this, and the internal situation of Germany makes the efforts of the Government to further his wishes all the more necessary. The presence of 110 Socialists in the Reichstag, elected largely by the help of voters who do not accept the Socialist creed, affords the Ministry daily evidence of the discontent prevalent in the country.

THE NEGOTIATIONS.

In their reflections on the Anglo German negotiations the papers in Berlin have now got to the haggling stage. At any rate, that is the spirit of a long article which appears in this evening's issue of the "Kreuzzeitung" the chief Conservative organ, and which has an official smack about it. The writer reviews the whole field of possible possitive agreements between the two countries, and comes to entirely negative results. With regard to the Bagdad Railway, he declares that "the English make demands without offering concessions." In Persia and China, we are told, Great Britain fears the advance of Russia. "The hope expressed by General Bethune at the beginning of February, when he was a guest in St. Petersburg, that in the next war the English and Russians will fight shoulder to shoulder against a common enemy [Germany] will not be fulfilled." Next the value of Walfisch Bay is depreciated, and we are informed that "in the negotiations at the end of 1911 (sic) the English demanded for the cession of Walfisch Bay the whole Caprivi Corner, a region incomparably more important for Germany." On the other hand, England, it is stated, is keenly desirous of a railway through German South-West Africa, which would shorten the route to Pretoria by over a thousand miles. Consequently, "in the Walfisch Bay question, too, it is England who has wishes and desires concessions."

With regard to the partition of the Portugal African colonies it is said: "Here England can demonstrate her goodwill. Only the price for Angola will be very high and it is to be feared that Germany would overburden herself with the purchase of it. Should England claim Southern Angola up to Benguela, in order to build a railway thither from Rhodesia, and so prevent the junction of German South-West Africa with Angola, the acquisition would lose considerably in value. Even if in the first instance only commercial spheres of interest were projected, Germany could not possibly agree to England establishing herself in South Angola. German South-West Africa would then be completely hemmed in by English territory."

The article sums up the situation as follows:

In these circumstances the negotiations between Germany and England will probably not be very protracted. Great hopes cannot be set upon them. It may be possible to ameliorate the tension between the two Empires and peoples, to put an end to the enimosities of the English Press, the jealousy of English naval politicians, the unfriendliness of the English Ministry. Beyond that nothing more can be attained. England adheres strictly to her intimate relationship with Germanophobe France, to her co-operation with Russia, to the main features of the encircling policy. Binding agreements and treaties of a political nature between Germany and England are to be avoided. Limitations of naval armaments are imposible for Gemany if only because France has just voted 1,500,000,000 francs for the development of her fleet.

Similar views have been expressed without so much detail by Chauvinistic papers of the type of the Post and the "Berliner" Neueste Nachrichten, which do not, however, possess anything like the political importance of the Kreuzzeitung.

GERMAN NAVY BILL.

The following paragraph appears in the semi-official "Lokalanzeiger." The introduction of the Naval Bill, as well as of the army scheme, will hardly be possibe before three weeks have elapsed, as all their details are not yet settled, and in particular the final decisions have not been come to as to the financial question. Thus it cannot at the moment be said whether in addition to the demands for an increased maintenance in commission, and for the strengthening of the naval personel, votes will also be put down for an accelerated development of the submarine flotilla. Similarly the question of the quicker replacement of battle units is apparently still open. "The projected Third Active Squadron will probably at first be incomplete. It will be formed without particularly great expense out of the four ships of the material reserve provided for by the existing Navy Law, which at present lie in the docks without crews, and of the flagship of the reserve fleet. Later, this third squadrons is to be brought up to the ful-strength of eight ships by the building of three large vessels. These, however, are probably also by no means final decisions, but merely the momentary state of the naval projects." Paragraphs mentioning the delay in the inroduction of the Naval Bill also appear in most of the other evening papers. It seems very likely that the question of raising the money required for these measures is causing the Government trouble. In the debate on the Budget both Conservatives and Centre have made it quite clear that they will not agree to the Succession Duties rejected by them in 1909, and the Socialists will certainly not vote any money for army and navy increases. Any other form of direct taxation for Imperial purposes would be vigorously opposed by the Finance Ministers of the individual States of the Federation, who are determined to reserve this class of revenue for their own needs. But if the Right and the Centre say no to the Succession Duties no amount of persuasion is calculated to induce the Liberals and Radicals to place further burdens on industry and trade, such as the dividend tax, which has been talked of, and if those were proposed it is exceedingly probable that they would be thrown out. Finally no party or Minister is likely to have the courage at the presen juncture to suggest fresh imposts on articles of popular consumption. So that is by no means an easy matter to conjecture where more money is to come from. In these circumstances it seems possible that the Government will restrict its schemes to what can be covered from the normal expansion of revenue from the existing sources.

KAISER AND SOCIALISTS.

At the close of the Budget debate in the Reichstag there was a heated discussion on the attitude of the Socialists towards the Emperor in the Presidential question. It had been stated that the party had agreed that, should one of their number be chosen First Vice-President, he would in the event of the President being prevented from acting, pay the customary visit to Court and propose three cheers for the Sovereign where circumstances demanded that step. Herr Bebel now denied emphatically that any such undertaking had been given. He had, he said, merely promised that the Socialist Vice-President would fulfil the duties prescribed by the rules of procedure, which say nothing about audiences of the Emperor, and had added jocularly that he could not answer for it that one of his colleagues who happened to be in the chair at a juncture at which cheers for the Monarch are traditional would not be suddenly taken ill and compelled to leave the House. Members of the National-Liberal, Centre, and Radical parties, however, who had shared in the negotiations, declared most positively that they had understood Herr Bebel to accept from the Socialist Vice-President the obligation to go to Court and give the signal for three "Hochs." The House was greatly excited by this conflict of evidence and the details of the confidential negotiations by which it was supported.

AUSTRO-RUSSIAN RELATIONS.

Count Aehrenthal's successor at the Foreign Office of the Dual Monarchy is endeavouring to impress upon the public a clear idea of the policy which he will pursue. The political testament of Count Aehrenthal, the chief points of which consist in the continuance of the Triple Alliance and the restoration of the best relations with Russia, will be fully carried out. In the telegrams exchanged with Rome, which have already been published, the necessity of the Triplice is insisted upon. In the messages—published to-day—sent by Count Berchtold to the German Chancellor the former declares that he "enters upon the rich heritage of warm and confidential relations with Germany bequeathed to him by Count Aehrenthal," and expresses a hope that he will in future receive the support of the German Chancellor. There is, naturally, nothing surprising in this declaration. Of greater significance at the moment at the contents of the telegrams in which the Russian Premier and the Russian Foreign Minister congratulate Count Berchtold upon his appointment. The telegram from M. Kokovtseff states: "I am persuaded that your efforts will be directed still more effectually towards the common aim of both Govenments, which is the maintenance of peace." In reply Count Berchtold said: "My sincerest wish is that the eminently peaceful sentiments by which both our Governments are inspired may conduce towards confirming and developing the relations of the two friendly countries." The Vienna Press comments upon these documents, and gives most importance to those exchanged with Russia, and draws special attention to the Russian Premier's expression: "The common action of both Governments in endeavouring to maintain peace." The "Neues Wiener Tagblatt" remarks that the words, "common action" show that more than normal good relations exist between Vienna and St. Petersburg, and that both Governments are in accord as to preserving peace.

Herr Bethmann-Hollweg replied to Count Berchtold: I cordially thank your Excellency for the telegram in which you were good enough to inform me personally of your appointment as Minister for Foreign Affairs. I express to you my heartiest congratulations upon the proof of confidence which your gracious master has given you, and I do so in the firm and pleasant conviction that the intimate relations of allied friendship which your never-to-be forgotten predecessor in office so unremittingly cultivated will continue to prosper. In wishing you every success in your high office I would ask your Excellency to accept the assurance that I shall endeavour with the loyalty of an ally to support your Excellency's policy, whenever possible, with all my power.—(Signed) Von Bethmann-Hollweg.

FRANCE AND SPAIN.

On Wednesday Sir Maurice de Bunsen, M. Geoffray, and the Marques de Alhucemas held a lengthy conference at the Ministry for Foreign Affairs. The text of the projected treaty, which has already been drawn up in articles, was examined. So far only the basis of the treaty had been discussed, but not the text. Several articles were approved without discussion. Some were discussed, and Spain made observations regarding their wording. Others were accepted by Spain in principle, and the Marques de Alhucemas presented a counter project. In the article referring to the nomination of the Calif to represent the Sultan in the Spanish zone, Spain requested that it should be stated that he was to be appointed on the proposition of the Spanish Government. After listening to the Marques de Alhucemas, M. Geoffrary stated that he would send the Spanish counter-proposal to his Government. My belief is that this redrafting of the article will be accepted by France on account of its greater clearness of expression. Another article as to which Spain put forward a counter-proposal was that referring to the construction of the Tangier Fez Railway. Spain presented a new formula, which preserves the rights of two nations without destroying the unity of the line, gives it an international character, but keeps the two sections Tangier-Alcazar and Alcazar-Fez clearly separated. The Spanish proposition is, first, that the two sections of the line be constructed at the same time and by the same contracting parties, so as to obtain unity in method, rolling-stock, and material, and to ensure completion of the two sections within the stipulated time; secondly, that tenders for the two sections shall be advertised separately by the Sultan and his Calif; thirdly, that the exploitation of each of these sections shall be carried out by a different company, which shall be French in the Alcazar-Fez section and Spanish in that from Alcazar to Tangier; fourthly, that Spain shall give a participation of 30 per cent. in her section to French capital, and that France shall offer an equal participation to Spanish capital within her zone. By this arrangement, the misgivings expressed by the French Press should be allayed.

ANNEXATION OF TRIPOLI.

Enthusiastic scenes were witnessed in Rome on Thursday on the reassembly of the Chamber and Senate, the patriotic fervour rising to its height when greetings were despatched to the army and navy in connection with the operations in Tripoli. It was remarked by older people that the scenes in both Chambers recalled the sittings before 1870 during the War of Independence. Signor Marscoro, who on behalf of the Chamber saluted the army and navy, recalled the ardour of Garibaldi's troops, and said the same spirit animated the Bersaglieri now in Tripoli. Signor Lacava, the doyen of the Chamber, made a most moving speech, he himself having a son who is at the seat of war. In the Senate Signor Finali also paid a touching tribute to the heroism and patriotism of the Italian soldiers. Finally, Signor Giolitti, the Premier, in an able speech, which was all the more forcible from its restraint, invited the Assembly, after remembering the devotion of Italy's soldiers and sailors, to acknowledge the serene fortitude of Italians themselves in sending their sons to die for the Fatherland.

The Bill ratifying the annexation decree was then presented, and was submitted to a committee of 21, representative of all parties, for examination. The Bill is expected to be almost unanimously passed, and a great popular demonstration is being organised for the purpose of greeting deputies, senators, and Ministers after the final vote.

THE JAMALPUR RIOT.

Work Resumed Independently of Contractor's Men.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 10.

Work was resumed at Jamalpur on Saturday morning, the Locomotive Superintendent having arranged to run the Workshop without the contractor's men who had taken part in the riot. The East Indian Railway Volunteers, declares a *Statesman* account, had heavy work during the disturbances and at one time a mob of several thousands had to be kept in check by blank shot until the Monghyr police reinforcement arrived.

MUSSOORIE MURDER CASE.

Further Prosecution Evidence.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, MARCH 9.

Three more witnesses were examined to-day in the Mussoorie murder case.

Mr. Silberrad, District Magistrate of Jhansi, said that when he searched the accused's things he found no prussic acid. He found a set of false teeth in the middle of the box. Accused told him that she had slight fever, but to him she appeared all right.

The Civil Surgeon of Jhansi also deposed to the accused being well at Jhansi after the death of Miss Orme.

Dr. Osburn deposed that he lived in the Savoy Hotel, and was asked to witness Miss Orme's will. The deceased appeared well when she executed the will on the 1st of May. He treated the deceased in July for hysteria. He went into her room on the morning of the 19th, and found her dead. There was an unfinished letter on the table. The deceased was a muscular woman at the time of making the will. He was never asked to certify that the deceased was in her right mind.

BEHAR LANDHOLDERS.

Demand Separate High Court and University.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

BANKIPORE, MARCH, 10.

At a largely attended executive committee meeting of the Behar Landholders Association held yesterday under the presidency of the Maharaja Bahadur of Darbhanga an influential and representative committee was formed with the Maharaja Bahadur of Darbhanga as chairman and Babu Krishna Sahai and the Hon'ble Mr. Sarfaraz Hossain as Secretaries to arrange a demonstration of the people of the province to welcome Sir Charles Bayley when he arrives at Baukipore and to present him with an address.

Babu Krishna Sahay, referring to the letter of the Government received in response to the memorial of the Association urging the settlement in the Dumraon Raj case, observed that the letter breathed sympathy and earnestness for the best interest of the estate and of the parties concerned. A resolution expressing gratification of the Behar Landholders at the attitude of the Government was adopted and the Maharajah of Darbhanga was authorised to negotiate the terms of a compromise. The Maharajah subsequently had a conference with the plantiff who was specially invited by the Association at which it is understood certain proposals for compromise of the case were arrived at which he was authorised to place before the Government.

It was resolved to memorialise the Government for the establishment of a separate High Court and University at Patna as soon as practicable.

It was further resolved to address the Government for adequate representation of landholders in the Legislative Council of the new province.

ARCHÆOLOGICAL FIND.

Statue of King Kaniksha Found near Muttra.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, MARCH 10.

The *Pioneer* reports of an archæological find of great interest from Muttra where Pandit Radha Krishna, Curator of the local Museum, while exploring a mound near the village of Mat, not far from Muttra, has lighted upon a life statue of the great Indo-Scythean king, Kaniksha, who ruled over the whole of Northern India about the time of the commencement of Christian era. The head has been knocked off though it may still be recovered when the mound has been thoroughly searched, but there is no question about the identification as the figure bears a well preserved inscription in ancient Brahmi script "King King of Kings His Majesty Kaniksha." The dress is a striking one, consisting of a long coat reaching to well below the knees and heavy top boots of the type now known as Gilgit boots. His right hand rests on a mace, while his left clasps the hilt of a long straight sword, the costume bearing a strong resemblance to that of the Great Moghuls and their nobles as shown in miniatures of which a collection is now on view in the Delhi Museum.

"GAZETTE OF INDIA."

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 9.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Mr. C. W. Hope is permitted to resign the Indian Civil Serviec.

RAILWAY NEWS.

Surveys are sanctioned for broad-gauge lines from Pathankote, on N. W. Railway, to Nagpur and from Tank Bunder, on the G. I. P. Railway, to Victoria Terminus by an overhead connection across the Wari Bunder goods yard.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

Lt.-Col. P. Ashworth, R. E., has six months' extension of leave.

REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. D. Hooper acts as Economic Botanist, vice Mr. Burkill who has six months' leave from April.

INDUSTRY AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

The Hon'ble Mr. Dempster is gazetted fifteen month's leave from the 1st April.

SOUTHERN ARMY ORDERS.

The following orders were issued by General Sir Edmund Barrow, G. C. B., A.D.C., General, Commanding the Southern Army, from Head-Quarters at Ootacamund, on March 5.

13th Duke of Connaught's Lancers (Watson's Horse.)—Major C. Mackenzie, Squadron Commander pro tem, to officiate as 2nd-in-Command vice Major A. G. B. Turner granted leave, or until further orders.

23rd Cavalry (Frontier Force).—Major F. H. Goldthorp. Squadron Commander to officiate as 2nd-in-Command, vice Lieut-Colonel. L. N. Younghusband granted leave, or until further orders.

7th Duke of Connaught's Own Rajputs.—Major E F. Hood, Double Company Commander, to be 2nd-in-Command pro tem. vice Major H. O. Parr seconded.

99th Deccan Infantry.—Captain H. J. Cotton, Double Company Officer, to be Double Company Commander pro tem vice Major A. C. Hobson seconded.

123rd Outram's Rifles,—Captain G. E. Hardie, Double Company Officer, to be Double Company Commander, vice Lieut-Colonel H. E. C. B, Nepean appointed Commandant.

SPORTING NEWS

BOMBAY RACES.

Results of Eleventh Extra Meeting.

Another large crowd assembled at the Mahalaxmi Race-course to watch the running in the eight races on a good programme. Ladies especially were in evidence and many presumably attended to witness the feats of daring of their male relations in the Hunters' flat Race which was one of the features of the days. The meeting was a good one for the public from a financial standpoint, for on only two occasions did an absolute outsider win. Brown was the most successful jockey, once again, with three wins to his credit, while Kuhn, O'Neill, Ferguson and Hoyt each rode a winning mount. In the race for gentleman riders, Mr. Max Rommel won with something in hand on his own horse, Best Luck, which practically led throughout being at no time troubled by the favourite Tragedian. Silverbolt and Jorock were the only other animals prominent in the race and while the former was whipped up to within a length and a half of the winner; the latter came third ten lengths away. The betting in this race was varied and interesting, each person having his own special tip or fancy. Khalid Beg was strongly backed in the first race, but the running proved Moonspot, the second favourite, to be superior over the distance. In the Selling Plate, Bright Metal was at once made an "odds on" favourite and came up in the straight to win after Encourage had made the running to the bend. In the Virar Plate, Abdul Malik, in spite of his heavy weight had a strong following, while Sir Edward was backed both ways, Singer soon took the lead and kept it, Abdul Malik's effort and the bend proving futile. The winner was followed home by Fado and Regiment. It was expected that Parliament would win the Andheri Plate, but Terror was well installed as second favourite and won comfortably from his stable companion, Mr. G. K's candidate finishing nowhere. In the sixth race, Gowahajamer was made favourite, but Favil Beg and Goorjee Beg were both recipients of support. The favourite won easily followed by Sadee Beg and Favil Beg respectively. Watch Tower and The Loaf found most favour in the Sprinters' Plate, while Forfeit received the most place support. The Loaf won decisively from Ferguson's mount, Wellfield being a somewhat poor third. The last race of the day came as a surprise to the punters whose money was either on Rozelmulook or Burgomaster. Hyder Beg came up to the front near the three furlongs and won comfortably followed home by Tressady and the first favourite.

The details were as follows:—

NEW COMERS' MAIDEN PLATE. Div. 1. Winner Rs. 500; second Rs. 200; third Rs. 100. Distance, six furlongs.

Mr. Syed Rashid's Moonspot, 8st. 2lbs. ......Kuhn 1
Mr. Lion's Khalid Beg, 9st. ....Mujeed 2
Mr. Ahmed Haigany's Longboat, 9st. ....Hoyt 3

ALSO RAN:—Different, Chanticleer, Solar Star, Imperial, Auwad, Athshan, Krushan, Authority, Koweit Star, Jalinies, Bavan, and Canterbury.

BETTING:—Evens Khalid Beg 2 to 1 against Moonspot; 5 to 1 against Auwad, 15's to 20's the rest.

TOTALIZATOR:—Win Rs. 48; Places, Rs. 14, Rs. 13-8, Rs. 73-8.

THE RACE:—Longboat led, then Authority. At the four furlongs, Moonspot came up followed by Khalid Beg and thus they ran home. Won by two lengths, three lengths between second and third. Time.—1 min. 23 4-5 secs.

(Winner trained by Owner.)

A SELLING PLATE.—Winner Rs. 1,000; second Rs. 300; third Rs. 200. Distance—one mile.

Mr. H. Billimoria's Bright Metal, 9st....... Brown 1
Mr. G. K's. Devereaux, 8st. 2lbs. ....Kuhn 2
Mr. L. Kalidass's Mafoota, 7st. 4lbs.........O'Neill 3

ALSO RAN:—Encourage, The Diver, and Mandeville.

BETTING:—5 to 4 on Bright Metal; 4 to 1 against Mafoota, sixes the rest.

TOTALIZATOR:—Win, Rs. 16-8; Places, Rs. 13-8, Rs. 22-8.

THE RACE:—Mandeville was the first to show out; then Encourage and Mafoota. In the straight Bright Metal was followed home by Devereux. Won by a quarter of a length, two lengths between second and third. Time.—1 min. 44 3-5 secs.

(Winner trained by Byramji Rustomji.)

THE VIRAR PLATE.—Winner Rs. 800; second Rs. 250; third, Rs. 150. Distance—One mile.

Mr. Waheed's Singer, 8st. 6lbs...............O'Neill 1
Mr. E. bin Zaid's Fado, 7st. 13lbs..................Fahad 2
Mr. A. bin Talib's Regiment 6st. 4lbs...Ferguson 3

ALSO RAN.—Abdul Malik, Young Majub, Order, Saree, and Sir Edward.

BETTING:—7 to 4 against Abdul Malik, 3 to 1 against Young Majub, 4 to 1 against Saree and Sir Edward, 6 to 1 against Singer, Fado and Regiment, 10 to 1 against Order.

TOTALIZATOR:—Win Rs. 69; Places Rs. 32-8, Rs. 80-8, Rs. 36-8.

THE RACE:—From an even start Regiment first showed out from Singer which took the lead at four furlongs, Abdul Malik lying third. In the straight Singer came on under the whip and was followed by Fado and Regiment. Won by a length and a half, the same distance between second and third. Time. —1 min. 52 secs.

(Winner trained by R. Bence.)

ANDHERI PLATE.—Winner Rs. 1,000; second, Rs. 300; third Rs. 200. Distance—One mile, one furlong.

S. N. Mahomed's Terror, 8st. 1lb............Brown 1
Mr. J.N. Mistri's Young Salanic, 7st.12lbs.O'Neill 2
Mr. Heath's Mutrood, 7st. 1lb...............Dhondee 3

ALSO RAN:—Well Done, Merrily, Asfundier, and Parliament.

BETTING:—2 to 1 against Terror, 6 to 4 against Parliament, 5 to 1 against Merrily, 6 to 1 against Asfundier, longer odds the rest.

TOTALIZATOR:—Win Rs. 33; Places Rs. 18, Rs. 60.

THE RACE:—Mutrood gave trouble at the gate. Young Salanic made the running with Terror second and Parliament third. At the four furlongs Terror came up with Well Done. In the straight Terror won from the stable companion, Mutrood running third. Won by a length and a half, a length between second and third. Time—2mins. 8 secs.

(Winner trained by Cowasji Burjorji.)

HUNTERS' FLAT RACE.—Winner Rs. 200; second Rs. 100; third Rs. 50. Distance—one mile five furlongs.

Mr. M Rommel's Best Luck 12st.............Owner 1
Mr. C. G. Stileman's Silver Bolt 12st. Mr. Wilson 2
Mr. A. Tremearne's Jorrocks 12st. Mr. Hammond 3

ALSO RAN:—Better Luck, Tragedian, Avocet, Eros, and Frantic.

BETTING:—2 to 1 against Silver Bolt and Tragedian 4 to 1 against Jorrocks and Best Luck, 6 to 1 against Avocet, Eros, and 10 to 1 Frantic and Better Luck.

TOTALISATOR:—Win Rs. 37; Places Rs. 14, Rs. 15, Rs. 19-8.

THE RACE.—Avocet was first away and then Jorrocks took the lead. Just before the mile Best Luck came up and led from Jorrocks. At seven furlongs Tragedian moved forward and at the five post Best Luck dropped back. However, in the straight Best Luck came on again to win easily from Silver Bolt, hard ridden, and Jorrocks ten lengths away. Won by a length and a half, ten lengths between second and third. Time—3min. 7 1-5secs.

(Winner trained by Owner.)

NEW COMERS' MAIDEN PLATE.—Div. II. Winner Rs. 500; second Rs. 200; third Rs. 100. Distance—Six furlongs.

Mr. Ali bin Talib's Gowahajamer 9st......Ferguson 1
Mr. S. A. Rahman's Sadee Beg 7st. 7lbs...Mujeed 2
Mr. A. Amir's Favil Beg 1st. 2lbs..................Brown 3

ALSO RAN:—Sahbar, Sorcerer, Pleader II, Reckhan-el-Mulook, Sarim-el-Mulook, Goorjee Beg, Lezab, Lord Timon, Turkish Guinea, Abdul Aziz, Kummar, Phelman, and Jirnas.

BETTING:—Even money Gowahajamer 5 to 1 against Favil Beg, tens and longer odds the rest

TOTALISATOR:—Win Rs. 21-8; Places Rs. 13, Rs. 21, and Rs. 13-8.

THE RACE.—Favil Beg left the gate first then Goorjee Beg showed up but rounding the bend and in the straight Gowahajamer ran away from the field, Favil Beg being a poor third. Won by six lengths, four lengths between second and third. Time—1min. 23secs.

(Winner trained by Owner.)

SPRINTERS' PLATE.—Winner Rs. 1,500, second Rs. 400, third Rs. 200. Distance—Six furlongs.

Mr. F. M. Garda's The Loaf 8st, 13lbs. Brown ... 1
Mr. T. M. Thaddeus's Watch Tower 8st. 4lbs. Ferguson... 2
Mr. Rossco's Wellfield, 7st. 11lbs. Luckman......... 3

ALSO RAN:—Socialist, Aqueduct. Glengarry, Pincher, and Forfeit.

BETTING:—7 to 4 against The Loaf, 2 to 1 against Watch Tower, 5 to 1 against Socialist and Aqueduct, 7 to 1 against Pincher, Wellfield and Forfeit, 12 to 1 against Glengarry.

TOTALIZATOR:—Win Rs. 23-8; Places Rs. 12, Rs. 13, Rs. 21.

THE RACE:—Wellfield started off. Then the Loaf took the lead followed by Watch Tower, and they finished in this order with Wellfield third. Won by three lengths, three lengths between second and third. Time—1 min. 13 1/5 secs.

(Winner trained by Byramji Rustomji.)

ARAB CONSOLATION PLATE.—Winner Rs. 1,000; second Rs. 300; third Rs. 200. Distance—Six furlongs.

Mr. M. Goculdas's Hyder Beg 7st. 10lbs Hoyt ... 1
Mr. A. R. Tahar's Tressady 7st. 12lbs. Templeman 2
Mr. A. bin Talib's Rozel-el-Mulook, 9st. 5lbs Ferguson... 3

ALSO RAN:—Ghalyum, Brazee, Harry Johnson, St. Anthony, Dhaffer, Mysore, Burgomaster, Crown Prince, Young Japan, Miner, Upright, Bonepacte, Bunsee, and St. Hilarion.

BETTING:—Even Money Rozel-el-Mulook 4 to 1 against Burgomaster, Upright and Dhaffer, 5 to 1 against Ghalyum, 8 to 1 against Hyder Beg. Tressady Crown Prince and St. Anthony, longer odds the rest.

TOTALIZATOR:—Win Rs. 111; places Rs. 30, Rs. 38, Rs. 16-8.

THE RACE:—Harry Johnson first took the lead after a level start. Then Upright came to the front, but round the bend Hyder Beg won under the whip followed by Tressady and Rozel-el-Mulook. Won by one length, half a length between second and third. Time—1min. 22 2-5secs.

(Winner trained by C. Blaach.)

LAWN TENNIS.

The following is the draw for the Mixed Doubles Handicap to be played on the Bombay Gymkhana Compound Courts:—

	I Round.	II Round.	III Round	Semi-final.	Final.
Miss Gorrie & Barstow (—1-6)	Bye				
Miss Froom & Jackson (—40)	,,				
Mr and Mrs Portlock (—15-4)	,,				
Mr & Mrs Hanny (Scr)	,,				
Mr & Mrs Reynolds (—40)	,,				
Miss Stilsman & Savile (—3-6)	,,				
Miss Gatmell & Sisson (Scr)					
Mrs Holmes & Kuhns (+2-6)					
Mr& Mrs Retallack (Scr)					
Mr Bonner & Cassels (+15)					
Col & Mrs Pike (—13-3)					
Captain & Mrs Darley (—1-6)					
Mr Blunt & Binning (—15-3)					
Mrs Barr & Powell (—1-6)					
Mr & Mrs Stanton (+15)	Bye				
Miss Pike & Capt Scarfe (—15-3)	,,				
Mrs Polland & Sanderson (3-6)	,,				
Capt & Mrs Byrne (—15-4)	,,				
Mr & Mrs W Reid (—30-3)	,,				
Mr & Mrs Brent (+15)	,,				

1st and 2nd rounds to be played by Saturday 16th March 1912.

3rd rounds to be played by Wednesday 20th March 1912.

Semi-finals rounds to be played by Saturday 23rd March 1912.

Final rounds to be played on Monday 25th March 1912.

Courts may be reserved on any day for these Matches. The abovementioned dates will be strictly adhered to. Any competitors who have not played off their matches by these dates will be scratched.

M. FENESS NICHOLSON,
H. Sec. tor Tennis.

SOUTH INDIAN TENNIS.

Results in the Finals of Tournament.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS MARCH.10,

The South Indian Lawn Tennis Tournament which has been in progress since 28th February terminated yesterday when the finals in the four events were played.

In the Championship Singles Captain Bacchus beat Capt. J. J. Robb 3—6, 4—6, 6—4, 6—3, 6—0.

Men's Doubles (handicap),—Gordon Fraser and A. J. Leach (minus F. 2—6) beat vs. C. M. Strouts and N. Fearon (Scr) 6—4, 6—4.

Ladies' Doubles (handicap),—Mrs. Elwes and Mrs. Gilbert (plus 15—13) beat Mrs. Molesworth and Miss Birch Harris (minus 30), 1—6, 6—3, 6—2.

Men's Singles (handicap) class R. W. H. Moses (Scr) beat G. N. Bower (minus 15) 6—5, 6—3.

There was a large attendance of spectators. Sir Ralph Benson congratulated the winners and Lady Benson distributed the prizes.

CALCUTTA TOWER OF SILENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 10.

The new Parsee Tower of Silence in Calcutta will be opened on March 31st.

RIFLE SHOOTING.

Hill Memorial Cup Competition.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, MARCH 9.

The Hill Memorial Cup has been won by "A" Co., Kolar Gold Fields Volunteers with 567 points, the second place being taken by "D" of the 2nd B. B. and C. I. Railway Volunteers with 561, and the third by "D" Co. of 2nd Calcutta Volunteer Rifles. The fourth and fifth places also go to Kolar, with 545 and 539 respectively. Thirty-eight teams competed from all over India.

YACHTING IN BOMBAY.

First Day of the Annual Regatta.

BY "BOBSTAY."

OUR local yachtsmen have been spending a strenuous week polishing up their boats and tuning their gear to the highest pitch for the Annual Regatta week which commenced on Saturday; some have also been practising weird evolutions just to see what their ships can do; and we have heard of one enthusiast, who, not content with the number of hours daylight vouchsafed to us at this season of the year, essayed great things at the witching hour of midnight; the story has several versions of which we give one which appears to us possible, we cannot say more.

The ardent devotee of the finest of sports sailed gaily forth into the waste of waters across the harbour till the tall cliffs of North Karanja loomed ghostly in the moonlight, then, turning round, he made for that landing place of kings, the Apollo Bunder; he successfully weathered the Flagship, after which the drowsy God wrapped his arms around him, and he remembered no more, while the good ship left to herself careered away to the southward blunt end first, as it was put to us. A sudden shift of the wind caused the boat to gybe bringing the boom over with a bang which awoke our navigator to a sense of his duty, when he found himself some miles beyond the Prongs. By dint of careful steersmanship he arrived at the moorings at 7 a. m. with a stiff neck and a thirst that needed a river to quench it. The tuning up and practice have, however done great things as Saturday's races proved, every event being contested with the utmost keenness, and very little given away in any of them.

SPECIAL MATCH RACE.—Sailed at 2-50 p.m.

The first event, which was an extra on the official programme, and might be termed a Challenge Dinner race, was one of the most keenly contested matches we have had the pleasure of witnessing, and was very pluckily contested to the very last by the loser. The competitors were the Pepita and the Salsette's Cutter, each of whose owners were perfectly certain, as is the manner of all good seamen, that he had the better boat, and, although the Cutter won with the handsome margin of 17 1-2 minutes, we are quite sure that Pepita's owner would be the last to admit that his boat was not as good as the other given different weather conditions, while no doubt the Cutter's sporting skipper would be just as certain that he could win again.

Names of Boats.	Time Al'ances on Course. M. S.	Entered by.	Time of arrival. H. M. S.	Corrected Time. H. M. S.
Pepita........	Scr	Lt J White, R N	4 40 43	1 50 43
Cutter........	Scr	Capt Llewellin..	4 23 15	1 33 15

Course: Cee Vessel—S Karanja port—N Karanja port—Cee Vessel. Length 8·45 miles. Wind W N W Strength moderate. 1st prize won by Cutter. Time-limit 7-30 p.m.

METRE CLASS CHALLENGE CUP RACE.—Sailed at 3 p.m.

The first race of the official programme was the Challenge Cup Race which is now restricted to boats built under the new rating rules. There were three entries, the new 7 metre boat "Nelta," which thus made her debut and the two six metres "Maya" and, "Corrie." A good start resulted in Corrie getting across the line first 13seconds after the gun followed in 5 seconds by the Maya with the Nelta 6 seconds later. On the run down to South Karanja Nelta drew ahead a little and rounded the buoy first with Maya second and Corrie about an equal distance behind; at this point Nelta had nothing like made up her handicap for the distance.

From South Karanja to Sunk Rock Lighthouse was a beat; and Corrie allowing for a flood tide on the eastern side of the harbour with an ebb on the West, kept very close to the wind and scored heavily; Nelta sailed fairly free, reckoning on making up for the greater length of her course by the greater speed which she thus attained; Maya on the other hand tried a middle course and missed the advantage of both. The next leg to North Karanja was a broad reach with the flood almost dead and the Nelta still further increased her lead, while Maya gained a little ground on Corrie, which was second, from North Karanja to the Committee Boat was a close hauled fetch and the boats arrived at the Flagship in the following order: Nelta first with Corrie 29 seconds after and Maya 1 1-2 minutes later. On the run out to South Karanja Nelta still further increased her lead while Maya was unable to make much impression on Corrie. On the beat home the order remained unchanged and Nelta, failing to save her time from Corrie, the latter won a hotly contested race by 1min. and 8 secs.

Name of Boats.	Time Al'ances on Course. M. S.	Entered by.	Time of Arrival. H. M. S.	Corrected Time. H. M. S.
Maya........	I.Y.R.U.	Mr V T Janson	6 32 20	3 21 20
Corrie	I.Y.R.U.	Mr J B K Macbeth	6 29 41	3 18 41
Nelta........	Scr	Mr D Blythe...	6 19 33	3 19 33

Course: Cee Vessel—S Karanja starboard—Sunk Rock starboard—N Karanja port—Cee Vessel—S Karanja starboard—Cee Vessel. Length 16·52 miles. Wind W N W. Strength moderate. 1st prize won by Corrie. Time-limit 7-30 p.m.

"A" CLASS HANDICAP RACE.—Sailed at 3-10 p.m.

The "A" Class Handicap Race was next to start and five boats answered to the gun. An excellent start resulted and all the boats crossed the line almost together. Eileen crossing to the extreme eastward of the line met with a cruel stroke of ill-luck, and proved, that whatever the coal strike has done in other parts it has not caused a shortage of coal on the Bombay Yacht Club starting line as she collided with one of the numerous coal boats which seem to take a special delight in crossing the line at the time the yacht races are starting. She was hung up for five minutes thus losing the race and damaging her gear. It might not be out of place to suggest here that the tindals of these barges might be instructed to keep clear of the starting line on race days, as, with the wind as it is in the afternoons, such a course would not mean more than five minutes extra on the voyage.

Another point is that the tindals might be told what to do in case of a collision threatening; on this occasion there would have been no collision at all, or at worst a mere touch, but for the muddle headed steersman of the barge putting his helm hard down instead of hard up at the psychological moment. Eileen's crew having managed to get her clear of the barge, without any help from the people on board the latter who appeared to be able to do nothing but open their mouths, took in her torn balloon canvas and got things straightened out. She then started on what appeared an almost hopeless effort to win the race, and at South Karanja was beginning to make the steersmen of the tail of the fleet look over their shoulders. Gybing round the buoy Melody was soon overhauled and shortly afterwards Isca; Mahshuka was next slowly overtaken and after a pretence of going to windward of her Eileen dipped under her stern and just managed to reach the Mark Buoy half a length ahead of her, Turquoise being about half a minute in front. On the beat in to the Committee boat Turquoise overstood in the first instance and then allowed Eileen to outpoint her on the starboard tack so that the latter arrived at the Schooner 4 minutes ahead of her, the order round being Eileen, Turquoise, Mahshuka, Isca. and Melody. On the run out to Mark Buoy Mahshuka overtook Turquoise, otherwise the order was unchanged. From Mark Buoy to North Karanja was a close haul and Eileen slightly increased her lead and, going about at the buoy, she hoisted her jibtopsail in a vain endeavour to save her handicap; Mahshuka also went about round the buoy, and both easily fetched the Schooner, while Turquoise held on for a considerable distance before going about although she should certainly be able to point higher than either of the other leaders, the result was that Mahshuka took first prize; while Melody, which managed after a great struggle to pass Isca, gets second.

Names of Boats.	Time Al'ances on course. M. S.	Entered by	Time of Arrival. H. M. S.	Corrected Time. H. M. S.
Turquoise...	15 59	Messrs J W Stokes & J F Preston	5 46 12	2 20 13
Melody ...	34 15	Officers, R A...	6 3 36	2 19 21
Eileen IV...	Scr	Mr Watson & Maj Muter RE.	5 33 15	2 23 15
Mahshuka..	16 52	Lt Trench R E...	5 43 0	2 18 10
Isca.........	37 7	Dr Faulkner......	6 4 13	2 22 20

Course: Cee Vessel—S Karanja port—Mark Buoy port—Cee Vessels—Mark Buoy port—N Karanja port—Cee Vessels—Length 13·74 miles. Wind W N W. Strength moderate. 1st prize won by Mahshuka and 2nd prize won by Melody. Time-limit 7-30

"PIXIE" CLASS RACE—Sailed at 3-20 p.m.

The Pixie Class had an exciting struggle all to themselves and the result was in doubt up to the last minute, when Trixie, which had been sailing neck and neck with Erin, cut her out at the committee boat and won an exciting race with only ten seconds to spare. The three boats made an excellent start only eight seconds separating the first and last over the starting line. On the run out to Mark Buoy all three kept close together, and Erin just managed to cut Trixie out at the Mark, Lylie being close behind. The same order was maintained on the next leg, a close haul to North Karanja, though Lylie lagged behind a trifle. On the beat in to the Committee Vessel Erin gained a little on Trixie but not very much, while Lylie did not appear to the best advantage, losing a considerable amount of valuable time. On the run out to North Karanja Erin still maintained her lead and it was not until the boats got on to the close haul home that Trixie succeeded in making good and then only just cut Erin out at the very end, Lylie also gained on the leaders on this leg and arrived only two minutes after Erin.

Names of Boats.	Time Al'ances. on course. M. S.	Entered by	Time of Arrival. H. M. S.	Corrected Time. H. M. S.
Trixie	Scr	Maj Dobbs, & Capt MacIver..	5 29 17	2 9 17
Erin	Scr	The Hon Mr W T Morison, C S I..	5 29 27	2 9 27
Lylie.........	Scr	Messrs Fraser & Fischer..	5 31 38	2 11 38

Course: Cee Vessel—Mark Buoy port—N Karanja port—Cee Vessel—N Karanja port—Cee Vessel—Length 10.81 miles. Wind W N W. Strength moderate. 1st prize won by Trixie. Time limit 7-30

"C" CLASS HANDICAP RACE and TOMTIT Class Race.—Sailed at 3-30 p.m.

The Tomtits had the day of their lives from the time they crossed the line to a most excellent start till the final point was reached.

The first point, as with the Pixie Class, was Mark Buoy and the fleet of eleven with their spinnakers set was a sight to rejoice the heart of a photographer. At Mark Buoy they all came round together so that it was impossible for a meer onlooker to say which was leading. On the close fetch to North Karanja the leaders began to take up their positions definitely and the close haul to the Schooner still further served to show which boats were going to get in first, the order of the first six round the schooner being Mavourneen, Jenny Wren, Curlew, Clutha Maud and Millie. On the chukker round the short course Clutha and Jenny Wren changed places while the others remained where they were and Mavourneen slightly increasing her lead got the gun and won the Class Prize, while Curlew was first on handicap, with Cricket, and Coralie close behind.

Names of Boats.	Time Al'ances. M. S.	Entered by	Time of Arrival. H. M. S.	Corrected Time. H. M. S.
Fecella	12 14	Dr B K Goldsmith	5 35 16	1 53 2
Coralie	11 33	Lt Col Kirby R E..........	5 18 27	1 46 54
Maud	8 9	Officers, R E ...	5 26 25	1 47 16
Mavourneen.	1 22	Mr Newman Taylor	5 19 22	1 48 0
Millie	8 50	Messrs Chapman and Twiddie...	5 27 55	1 49 5
Clutha.........	Scr	Capt J J Welch	5 23 21	1 53 21
Lapwing ...	12 14	Mr Moberly ...	5 29 57	1 47 43
Curlew	7 29	Messrs Orr & Pilcher.........	5 24 41	1 46 12
Swallow	9 31	Mr A S Folkes..	5 34 45	1 55 14
Cricket	16 18	Mr Gregson......	5 33 0	1 46 42
Jenny Wren..	3 24	Mr. D Blythe...	5 24 49	1 51 25

Course: Cee Vessel—Mark Buoy port—N Karanja port—Cee Vessel—Black and White Buoy N by E of Middle Ground starboard—S Troopship Buoy starboard—Cee Vessel. Length 8·15 miles. Wind W N W Strength moderate. Class prize won by Mavourneen. 2nd prize won by Curlew and 3rd prize won by Cricket. Coralie saves entrance. Time limit 7-30.

The next day of the Regatta is Wednesday which has been reserved for our lady steersmen who will as of yore acquit themselves nobly and give some of their masculine friends points to think over.

FOREIGN CABLES.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION

Great Britain.	Continent of Europe.	America.	Australia.	China.	Africa.
Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Teheran Perfect	Via Brest Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Aden Perfect.
Via Turkey Perfect	Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Valentia Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Cadiz Teneriffe Perfect.
Via Suez Perfect.	Via Suez Perfect.	Via Direct Cable Perfect.	......	Via Bhamo Interrupted.	Via Lisbon St. Vincent Perfect.

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 7th March, 1912.

(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

Via	Latest Dates.			Time Occupied in Transmission	
	D.	H.	M.	Hrs.	Mts.
Turkey......	...	...	...	...	...
Teheran ...	10	2	5 p.m.	...	18
Suez.........	10	1	15 p.m.	...	45

NOTICES.

Telegrams for Morocco are subject to very great delay and can only be accepted at sender's risk (18-8-11).

Telegrams for all places in interior of China excepting stations on the coast booked by routes other than Bhamo can be accepted at sender's risk (25-10-11)

Telegrams may be accepted for all places in China via Bhamo but only at sender's risk (29-2-12).

Until further notice code Telegrams for Turkey cannot be accepted (14-10-11).

Italian Administration notify that Telegrams for Tripoli are admitted only in plain language and at sender's risk. As an exceptional measure short telegrams in code or cipher language are also admitted if forwarded via Italy and those concerned deposit two copies of their code one at the Tripoli Telegraph Office and the other at the Telegraph Office at Rome (20-10-11).

Telegrams for following offices in first region of Egypt can only be accepted in plain language at sender's risk. They should be written in plain language English or Arabic only (1) Ras et Dabaa (2) Marsa Matrough (3) Sidi Barani (4) Siwa (12-12-11).

Owing to bad weather telegrams for Casablanca Mogador and Robat are subject to great delay (9-2-12).

In consequence of floods communication between Spain and Portugal interrupted on Portuguese territory. Traffic for Lisbon and beyond should be sent by post from Badajoz at 18-30 hours daily (15-2-12).

Telegrams for Brazil via North Atlantic cables can only be accepted at sender's risk (19-2-12).

Line Ahwaz to Sheshter continues interrupted. Telegrams for Sheshter or Schouschter should bear instructions "Post Bushire". Rates to be collected is that for Bushire (8-2-12).

Ahwaz line interrupted beyond Borasjoon (2-3-12).

Telegrams in code language for Hankow can be accepted at sender's risk (27-2-12)

Bhamo route to China interrupted between Talifu and Yunnanfu (7-3-12).

Icilma
FLUOR CREAM
ENGLAND'S PREMIER
TOILET CREAM
Contains the marvellous tonic water from the spring in Algeria. It stimulates the skin to healthy action, the only way to Beauty. Snowy, fragrant, greaseless—prevents roughness and redness—cools and refreshes the skin—and cures insect bites. NEVER grows hair.
Of leading Chemists and Stores.
ICILMA CO., LTD., LONDON, ENG.

BY THE WAY.

A POLAR EXPEDITION.

According to a Paris contemporary, they ting out at Copenhagen a new expedition North Pole, and to explore the coast of Gr which is still unknown. The cost of the exp is about £20,000, provided by the "Fonds O and its dealer will be Capt. Koch. The b be specially fitted for its work, with a picke Moreover, it will carry a wireless apparatus p enough to communicate with a radiotele station recently established on one of the isl Spitzbergen.

SHROVETIDE FOOTBALL.

It will probably come as a surprise to learn that the ancient Shrovetide football our great-great-grandfathers knew it, still s and that last Tuesday, at four places at le old hearty tussle was renewed on the genera with some local modifications, which obtaine good old times when Pancake Day was uni recognised as a 'prentices' holiday. Not onl old custom kept alive, but, says the "Graphi zealously treasured as a link with the past, an years a growing interest on the part of the p our old folksongs, dances and games has a brought increasing crowds of eager spectators ness the old-time pastime at Alewick, in No berland; at Chester-le-Street and Sedgef Durham; and at Ashbourne, in Derbyshire.

GUINEA-PIGS USELESS FOR EXPE MENTS.

With regard to the complaints of French s about the increasing scarcity of guinea-pi Doyen declares he considers their employm experimental purposes superfluous and a gra take. "It is just because there is so much of animals in laborato ries," he says, that peutic research has been so sterile. Like o geons, I have experimented with many guin and I find that the results obtained with th mals are in no way helpful in diagnosing in the human body. For instance, 20 doses pine, which would kill an adult man, injected under the skin of a guinea-pig witho result."

LI HUNG CHANG AS A DEITY.

The important city of Lu Chou Fu was the of Li Hung Chang. Within its walls is a fin to which is attached (says the "Sunday at a great hospital, both built with funds left for the purpose. By the side of the two es ments stands a new and splendid temple, on finest ever erected in China. It has been accordance with the universal custom of worship but further in order to afford nity for the adoration of the spirit of th statesman, Li Hung Chang has been procla deity, and thus one more has been added countless gods in the Chinese Pantheon. temple is 400ft. long and 75ft. wide. has been £40,000 Li Hung Chang is buri miles away from the city and close by pulchre is another fine ancestral temple.

ROSES IN FEBRUARY.

Planting may yet be done in England but, water frequently. The plants should also b pruned before planting. Cut tea roses back to inches or four inches or less. Pruning shou finished by the second week of March. In the says the Garden the third and fourth week will Pruneall now except the teas, polyanthas, noise chinas. After pruning dig the land thinly. The best plan is to lighty prick it up with a fork. no account dig deeply for the feeding roots close to the surface. If ground has been well pared avoid mulchin beds with manure. Mulch are only beneficial during hot days when plants growing fast and a good loose blanket of eart better than all the mulchings of manure. D stocks for budding should now be planted. Wh the pegging down system is adopted with vigor growing roses, some of the ripest and longest grow should not be pruned. Do not bend them down u April.

CITY AND SOUTHWARK.

The Lord Mayor and Sheriffs, by attending State the opening of the new approach to Southwa Cathedral recently reasserted an ancient associatio between the City and Borough. During the Roma occupation many villas were built here for the wea thier Roman citizens of London, and Southwar gradually came under jurisdiction of the City. Fina ly Edward III granted the will of Southwark "i fee farm" to the citizens, who had complained tha malefactors escaped across the river beyond the reac of punishment. But the Borough was never com pletely absorbed, and "Bridge Ward Without" conferred no citizenship, or order privileges, upon th inhabitants. A relic of former City rule over Southwark remains in the parish church of St. George—"Little Dorrit's Church"—the joint patronage of which belongs to the Corporation.

DR. FAIRBAIRN.

A correspondent writes recalling how on one occasion he heard Dr. Fairbairn preach in a country chapel and the service was marked by two amusing incidents. "The cushion on which the pulpit Bible rested seemed to be uneasy, for it kept slipping down. Fairbairn, who was quite in his element, and gave one the suggestion of being out 'for a night of it,' could stand it no longer, and, seizing the crimson offender by one corner with his thumb and forefinger, pitched it airily over his shoulder. His other action was less pleasing to the organist, who had chosen 'In the Cross of Christ I glory, for the closing hymn. 'There is another hymn about the Cross,' commented the Doctor, 'by one Isaac Watts: "When I survey the wondrous Cross." Besides Watts's lines what a tawdry production this hymn of Bowring's seems to be.' But the organist was not to be beaten. We had the tune associated with Bowring's hymn for a voluntary after the benediction!"

LITERARY CELEBRITIES ON GLASGOW.

Recent comments on some of Dicken's allusions to Glasgow recall to the "Glasgow Herald" the strictures of other literary celebrities. "Did you ever see Wapping on a drizzling wet spring day?" asked the poet Campbell. "That is just the appearance of Glasgow for three parts of the year." In Thackeray's eyes the city was "a great noisy, smokey place." "It's dirty, but it does not smell like Calcutta," remarked Rudyard Kipling as he passed through Glasgow on his way to Arran. Robert Louis Stevenson was equally sarcastic when, in response to a suggestion of the late Mr. Craibe Angus that he ought to do for Glasgow what he had already done, for Edinburgh, he wrote—"I have a fairly good imagination, but it is not equa to the strain of inventing a 'Picturesque Glasgow.'

WELL-KNOWN LONG-DISTANCE WALKER.

"Bob" Carlisle, a worthy who acquired some fame as a long-distance walker, has died at Stewarton Ayrshire. "Bob" was born in Edinburgh over sixty years ago, and his was a well-known figure, trudging along the highways with his wheelbarrow. Indeed, this same "barrow" played an essential part in "Bob's" somewhat arduous career. It accompanied him on his well-known "tramp" from Land's End to John of Groats in 1879. Since the first "trip" Bob calculated he had walked 20,000 miles on the same route, having done the journey no fewer than seven times. In the year as he did his first big "walk," "Bob" covered some 470 miles in six days—a feat which he referred to with pardonable pride.

IF YOUR FRIENDS TOLD YOU

The ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP is "pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin," and "I prefer it to any other." would you miss trying a tablet? These testimonials from ladies of title (with names) are on the wrapper, and thousands (home and abroad) buy the soap. If it suits so many, may it not be worth your attention? It is a Toilet Luxury, delightful in use, delicately perfumed, refreshing and beneficial. British manufacture. Sold by Chemists, Stores, Grocers, etc., and at 76, New Oxford-street London, Established over 35 years.

BOMBAY HIGH COURT.

JEWELLERY FRAUDS.

On the Crown Side of the Bombay High Court, on Saturday, before Justice Sir Dinshaw D. Davar, Mr. Inverarity, instructed by Messrs. Mirza and Mirza, appeared on behalf of William Seils, the agent in Bombay of Messrs. Kaesar and Walter, jewellers, and applied to the Court for a direction to the Clerk of the Crown, that he should hand back all the jewellery exhibited in the Sessions case, in which Amratlal Dayaram was convicted of frinds in respect of jewellery valued at Rs. 1,68,000, to the applicant.

Against this application, Mr. J. D. Davar, instructed by Messrs. Rajuviy, Bhimji and Nagindass, appeared to show cause on behalf of Messrs. Bilasroy and Company, who had advanced Rs. 3,000 on the mortgage of certain jewels in the case, the Advocate-General also opposed the application on behalf of Devkarandass Ramcoover and Company, and Mangaldass Laloobhai who were mortgagees for Rs. 30,000 and Rs. 6,000 respectively.

It appeared that in course of their investigation, the police officers, succeeded in recovering the major portion of the jewellery obtained fraudulently by the accused Amratlal. This was exhibited in the case, and the applicant now claimed the articles as he said the jewellery belonged to him.

The opponents said that they were the mortgagees of certain articles for a valuable consideration and they contended that they were entitled to the same.

After hearing the arguments of Counsel, his Lordship, in passing his orders, said that there was no doubt that the jewellery was obtained by the accused Amratlal from the applicant, Mr. Seils, by means of an offence. Two of the articles were found by the police in the possession of the accused and his Lordship directed a notice to be issued forthwith and served on the accused to show cause why these articles should not be handed over to the complainant. As to the remaining articles, his Lordship observed that they were claimed by three different firms and very nice questions of law had arisen with regard to the respective rights of the parties. Now, it was very undesirable that a Criminal Court should decide those rights and his Lordship was of opinion that they must be settled by civil litigation. The question then was, who was to file the suits. The jewels belonged to Mr. Seils and were obtained by means of fraud and an offence and ordinarily he would have been entitled to the return of the same and that order would have been made in the absence of these claimants. Under the circumstances, his Lordship directed the opponents to file suits. His Lordship further ordered that the jewels should be retained by the Clerk of the Crown for one month, and if within that time the suits were filed, the rights of the parties would be ascertained by the decision of those suits. If no suits were filed within that period, the Clerk of the Crown should hand them over to the applicant.

HIGH COURT—MARCH 11.

(Before the Hon'ble Justice Sir Dinshaw D. Davar.)
Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.
Long Cause.

173-10—Jam R. and D. Mulji Haridas vs. Motabhoy Mulla Essabhoy. Payne and Co.

Short Cause.

1062-11—Shroff D. W.—Bapuji Vithoba vs. Sayana Venseati—Jehangir and Co.

Long Causes.

238-03—Malvi H. M. and R. Jaydayal Lachminarayen vs. Abji Umersey. Ard H. D. and Co.
1065-11—Little and Co. Manibai widow vs. Lalji Dayal Bhai K. and G.
948-07—Hiralal and Co. Shriman Goswamim Shri Chandraprabhavati Vasanji Maharaj widow vs. Shriman Goswami Shri 108 Tikayet Shri Girdharla'ji Maharaj and others—Bhai K. and G.
229-11—Motichand and D. Ishwardas Moti vs Tarachand Lookmandas—Kanga and S.
86-08—Dastur and Co. Raprani Madangopal vs Ramchandra Jankiram and another Dick D and S.
1101-10—P. S. Batliwala Jairam Doongersey. vs Diwabai widow. Tayabjee D. and Co.
345-10—Jam R. and D. Sakarbai widow vs. Sakarchand Kessowji and others, Kanji and S., Mulji and K. and K. J. Dubash.
110-10—Ard H. D. and Co. Naradbhai Manoherdas vs. Shah Valabhji Bhica and others Mulla and M.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman.)
Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.
Long Causes.

458-11—Mulji and K. Nanalal Parbhuram vs. Nagindas R. Shroff. Payne and Co.

For Hearing on Exceptions to Commissioner's Report.

213-08—Sme. B. and Co. Somoobai widow vs. Ramji Anton Nackwa—Jam R. and D.

Long Causes.

476-11—Payne and Co. Jessiram Jaggannath vs. Tulsidas Damodar—Ragh Bh and N.
422-11—Chitnis M. and K. Dattatraya Balwantrao Chitnis vs Hyderalli Abdul Kayum Bhai K and G.
737-11—Kanjee and S. N. H. E, Sakhia vs P. R. Ratnagar and others—Jeh G. and B.
75107—Ragh B. and N. Shaikh Assnarmal vs. S. A. Kolathavier Bhai K and G.
226-11 Pest R. K. and Co—M. D. Darukhanawalla vs. J. D. Darukhanawalla—Bick M and R.
564-11—Dapthary F and D Messrs Raval and Co. vs. Rustomji Dunjibhoy Sethna Motichand and D
790-09—Payne and Co. Mahomed Laloo Khan vs. Nasserwanji Rustomji Mistry Wadia G and Co
741-10—Jehangir G and B Manishanker Vajishanker Dessai vs. Messrs Laxmidas Bhimji.
·24-11—Madh K and Co. Gungabai widow vs. Haridas Ranchordas Edg G W and Co.
·26-10—Malvi H and R Tribhowandas Narotumdas Malvi and others vs. Ramkumar Kissonram Mulla and M.
942-10—Tyabji D and Co. Meghraj Gangaram vs. Ambalal Ramnarayen Malvi H M and R.
586-11—Mat J and M The Barsi Cotton Spinning Factory Co. Ltd vs. Shambhu Appa Malkarjuna Appa D J Mantri.
974-10—Cap and V Damji Hirji and Co. vs. Raimal Hirji and others Wadia G and Co.
55-10—Malvi H M and R Messrs Pokurmal Mutsadilal vs. Rehmal Pretumdas Ragh B and N
19-09—Mirza M and M Moosa Ismail and others vs. Janbai Alias Noorbai Wadia G and Co.
217-11—K J Dubash Goolam Hooseinally vs. R D Sethna Tyabji D and Co.
651-11—Madh K and Co. Babuji daughter of Jawnabai alias Premcorbai vs. Narubai alias Maneckbai widow Unwalla and P.
516-11—Crawford B and Co. The Gum Tragasol Supply Co. Ltd. vs. R Chimanlal and Co. Sham M and H.
752-08—Cap and V Esmail Noor Mahomed Cassum Mika vs. Duyasbai Tapidas Cait M and K.
161-4418-08 In person Purbhudas Dayal and Co. vs. Lukhmidas Little and Co.
1072-09—Tyabjee D. and Co—Hiravahu vs. Anandrao Vinayek and others Little and Co.
5-07—Sham M. and H. Hambaijee N. R. Subedar—Edg. G. W. and Co. [illegible] Patel and E.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Heaton.)
For Judgment.

730-10—Sm. B. and Co. Jeewanji Naoroji Bhiladwala vs The B. B. and C. I. Railway Co. Craw B. and Co.

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.
Long Causes.

918-11—Little and Co. Haji Syed Mahomed Kazarani vs. M. P. Talati Shroff D. and D.
506-08—Hiralal and Co. Hakim Muzder Karim Asari vs. Vasanji Tricumji. Mat J. and M.
83-05—Craigie B. and C. Shanker Anandrao Wagh and others. vs. Bhawanishanker Sadashiv Wagh. Mat H. M. and R.
157-11—Unwalla and P. Himatmal Canji and Co. vs Ranchordas Shroff, Jehangir and S
889-07—Jam R and D. Juggonathdas Deviprasad vs. Tullockchand Kissonlal and others.
728-01—Tyabji D. and Co. Wanbji Bechar an another vs. Jaffer Somia Parpia Capt. & V.
697-11—Mulla and M. Chand Ebrahim vs. Fatmabai Mulla and M.
579-11—Capt. and V. Balaram Pandurang Vagul vs Shamrao Narayen Vagle In Person.
717-11—Payne and Co. Nandramdas Mathuradas vs R. D. Sethna and others Jam R. and D.
661-11—Wadia G. and Co. Bai Rabiabai vs Haji Ismail Haji Mahmed Ard H. D. and Co.
1012-11—Ragh B. add N. Chandulal Dulsukhrai vs. S. E. Deweck, Craw B and Co.
296-02—Payne and Co. Purshottam Vallubhdas vs Manockbai widow and others Little and Co.
25-06—In Person—Surupchand Shrichand vs. Hajarinath Keshrichand, Payne and Co.
107-00—Tyabji D. and Co. Tulsidas Jairam and another vs. Vallubhdas Shivji and others. Bhai K. and G.
574-07—Payne and Co. Haji Goolam Mahomed Azam vs Mahomed Haji Essak Elias—Little and Co.
559-11—S. A. Tyabji, Shanker Bapoo Donke vs. Sabaji Saolyaram Meher Patel and another —Edg. G. W. and Co.
497-11—Pest R. K. and Co. Chimabai widow vs Kashibai widow Khan G. and M. and Judah and S.
865-11—Mehta and D.—Kuppa Dulla and Co. vs. Jelakhaboi widow—Pest R. K. and Co.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Macleod.)
For Consent Decree.

631-11 Madch and N. Vinayekrao Shamrao Laud Ismail Haji Kasam, Wadia G. and Co.

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.
Long Causes.

861-10—Daph. F. and D. The Advocate Genl. of Bombay vs. Nemchand Sobhagchand—M. B. Chothia.
149-11—Wadia G. and W.—C. F. Parelwala vs. Cooverbai—Mulji and K.
798-11—K. A. Ghandi Damania Bros. vs Sitaram Naidu Mirza M. and M.
671-11—Mirza M and M. Joshi Keshavram Pragji vs Halimabai widow, Payne and Co.
850-09—Payne and Co. Gulabchand Manalal and Co. vs. Jeewanchand Laloobhoy and Co. Tyabji D. and Co.
70-09—Payne and Co. Bai Kessar widow vs Permanand Itchalal—Edg. G. W. and Co.
112-04—M. B. Chothia. F. J. Aga vs. R. T. Mody Khan L. and M.
69-11—Sham M. and H. Bai Naval vs. T. H. Desai and others, T. A. Ghand.
1072.11—Payne and Co. Gangabai widow vs. Valubhdas Tulsidas Ramji Edg. G. W.
44-11—Ard. H. D. and Co. Bhimji Jairaj and Co. vs. Versey Poonja, Moti and and D.
184-09—S. B. Mehta. Nomonbhai Mulla Lukmanji vs. Adamji Shaikh Nurbhai, Jeh M and S
1765-09—Abubaker bin Alawe-el-Shattri vs. Isa Karmaji.
733-10—Cap. and V. Damji Hirji vs. Raimal Hirji —Wadia G. and Co. and S. B. Mehta.
492-11—Mulla and M. Velji vs. Anandibai widow and another, In person and D. J. Mantri.
575-11—Mulji and K. Soonabai Hormusji Bhathana vs. R. B. Wadia—Motichand and D.
110-10—Kanga and S. Shaikh Dawood Shaikh Imam vs, Mahomedbux Abdul Waheb—Ard. H. D. and Co.
568-11—S. A. Tyabji Shuffi Camrudin Tyabji vs. Gustadji Muncherji Cooper—Ard. H. D. and Co.
936-11—Shroff D, and D. Bai Poorbai widow vs. Bai Murbai widow, Madh K. and C.

THE LADIES' CORNER.

SPRING FASHIONS IN LACE.

It seems as if women were once more reverting to all the delightful little fal-lals which, in most instances, lend a softening touch to the toilette. For the lace manufacturers were never so busy as they are at present, and the buyers of the big wholesale firms which cater for the first-class West End establishments report that Paris is in favour of the dainty little feminine etceteras which have been debarred for long time. Every one now is supremely tired of the side-frill in all its phases, therefore the flat lace rever is, to some extent, gaining supporters, mostly among those women who favour the tailor-made modes. With the lengthening days one insensibly feels the necessity of something fresh and pretty which will freshen up a winter costume, or which can be worn with a between-season coat and skirt. Should the style of coat permit, a single rever in Duchesse or point de Venise lace is exceedingly smart.

NEW LAFAYETTE COLLAR.

The new Lafayette collar in pleated net or tulle is becoming to youthful faces, especially when it is completed by a narrow band of black velvet ribbon ending in a tiny bow at the back. These frills are also to be worn with the high Gibson collars, more suited to the less juvenile type of face. For those who may not be aware what Lafayette collars are, it may not be amiss to say that they are deep frills of kilted or pleated tulle or net, reaching almost to the top of the sleeve; the deeper frills can be worn almost like a small cape. A very dainty Lafayette frill which has just been brought back from Paris was in fine white net with a deep band of pale Paris shadow lace, in Vandyke pattern, the neck being completed with a narrow band of black velvet. For wear with black satin coats, there are new Abbess collars in net with heavy Cluny insertions, or in a heavier make of lace, and also suitable for street-wear are collars of Paris shade Guipure lace, which can be had in something like the "Sailor" shape, or with a circular back, or a V-shaped back, the front terminating in pointed ends which reach almost to the waist.

DOLLS AND CHARACTER.

"When the education of children has really become a science and an art, parents will watch anxiously the way in which little girls play with their dolls, for this will give them a deep insight into the womanhood slumbering in those young hearts." So writes Ellen Key, the Norwegian philosopher, in her latest book, "Words and Souls." She says, in this her latest utterance, that little girls will always play with dolls. Instead of losing prestige, in fact, the doll is to gain it. The doll of the future. we are told, will be taken seriously, and in the light of the child's attitude towards it will parents and educator steer their course. The essay proceeds:—"When a little girl shows scant interest in ready-made and well-dressed dolls, and especially displays an absolute indifference to the ladylike grown-up-like ones, whereas she lavishes her tenderness on some unsightly rag doll, her parents may feel some anxiety as to her future happiness. She will belong to that class of women for whom love and motherhood, or both, take the character of a passion and assume a tragic importance. The future holds much suffering in store for her."

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR P. R. CADELL, V. D.

Bombay, 11th March.

197. Cadets Competition—It is notified for information that the Drill competition (Cadets) will take place on the parade ground of "M" Coy Indo-British Institution to-day Monday the 11th instant at 5 p.m.

198. Medals.—Applications for Volunteer Long Service Medal should reach Adjutant's Office by the 15th instant.

199. Viceroy's Competition.—The Final Stage Viceroy's Competition will be fired off on Corps Range at Ghat Kopar on Sunday the 17th instant.

Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 6 a.m.

E. G. J. BYRNE, Captain,
Adjt. B. V. R.

NOTICE.

I. Match 9. Bombay Vol. Artillery Rifle Association Annual Meeting open to All Comers will be fired at Ghat Kopar on Sunday 17th instant.

II. Rifle Club matches 35 and 36 will be fired at Ghat Kopar on Sunday 17th instant. The Land and Blockley Challenge Cup competition will take place same day. Conditions as for Match 36. In reference to rule 30, prize winners for year 1911-12 will please inform the Hon. Secretary before 20th instant whether they require spoons or prizes in kind. In the absence of intimation by the date named spoons will be awarded.

III. Miniature Matches 34 to 36 will be fired on the Miniature Range at Carnac Road on Saturday 16th instant from 3 to 5 p.m.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS:—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhoea, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

THE WEATHER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, MARCH 9.

Marked high pressure conditions prevail over northern India, and the weather has been dry generally, while humidity is very low in many parts particularly in Gujarat, where Rajkot reports only ten per cent., the temperature has risen rapidly in Baluchistan; light cloud appeared there and in the extreme north. The forecast predicts no precipitation of importance.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 9th OF MARCH.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Saturday, the 9th March, 1912, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear. The moisture in the air is either equal to or below the average. Temperature is nearly normal.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear. Humidity is normal or in defect. Night temperature is in defect at Agra and Jhansi.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear in Sind and very lightly clouded in Rajputana. Humidity is normal or in defect. Both day and night temperatures are in defect in Rajputana. Minimum temperature is below normal in Sind also.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear. The air is drier than usual. Day tempeature is below the average at Bhuj, Rajkot and Neemuch; night temperature is in defect at most stations.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear. Humidity is normal or in defect. Night temperature is above the average at Amraoti.

The Konkan.—Skies are clear. The usual amount of moisture is present in the air. Minimum temperature is in defect in the south Konkan.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is in defect. Temperature is nearly normal.

General Remarks.—Weather has been dry. Isolated thunderstorms are possible in Mysore.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The reading of the barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32° F. and for Calcutta standard at 8 a.m. (local time) 9th March, was 99,986 inches. The height of Observatory barometer cistern above zero of the tide gauge at Apollo Bunder is 47 feet. The height of tide in the stream above zero of the tide gauge was 5 feet at 8 a.m. (local time). The temperature correction for a mercurial barometer, supposing the reading to be 30·00 inches and that of the attached thermometer 80 deg. F. will be 14in. and this will be higher or lower by 01 inch for each 4 degrees. In the case of the aneroid no temperature correction is required. Should the height of barometer cistern either mercurial or aneroid above zero of tide gauge be different from 47 feet, it will read higher or lower by 01 inch for each 11 feet. The readings above are distinct from those given in the daily weather report to which different corrections have been applied.

H. A. ARMSTRONG,
Meteorologist, Bombay.

SUN, MOON AND TIDES.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hours stated in Bombay Mean Time; depth of water is at Prince's Dock sill:—

HIGH WATER.				LOW WATER.		
Day of Week.	Day of Month.	Bombay Mean Time.	Depth on Sill.	Day of Month.	Bombay Mean Time.	Depth on Sill.
	Mar.	h m	ft. in.	Mar.	h m	ft. in.
S	9	m 2 32	26 4	9	m 8 54	16 11
		3 39 a	25 9		9 8 a	20 9
S	10	m 2 59	25 2	10	m 9 29	17 10
		4 30 a	24 9		9 59 a	21 11
M	11	m 3 28	24 1	11	m 10 17	18 10
		5 51 a	24 0			
TU	12	m 4 6	23 1	12	m 0 19	22 7
		8 45 a	24 4		11 39 a	19 6
W	13	m 6 2	22 5	13	m 2 50	22 1
		9 33 a	25 1		1 22 a	19 7
TH	14	m 8 37	22 10	14	m 3 35	21 2
		10 4 a	25 10		2 32 a	19 1
F	15	m 9 33	23 9	15	m 4 3	20 3
		10 29 a	26 6		3 24 a	18 5

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time, during the ensuing week:—

Mar. 9	(Saturday)	Sunrise	6h 58m	Sunset	6h 47m
" 10	(Sunday)	"	6h 53m	"	6h 47m
" 11	(Monday)	"	6h 52m	"	6h 48m
" 12	(Tuesday)	"	6h 50m	"	6h 48m
" 13	(Wednesday)	"	6h 49m	"	6h 48m
" 14	(Thursday)	"	6h 49m	"	6h 48m
" 15	(Friday)	"	6h 49m	"	6h 49m

PHASES OF THE MOON.—Last Quarter, March 11th, 1h, 25-6m, a.m. New Moon, 19th. 3h. 38-7m. a.m.; First Quarter, 26th, 8h. 31-9m. a.m.; Full Moon, April 2nd, 3h. 34-6m. am.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR W. BOUGHTON CHAMBERS, V. D. COMMANDING.

Bombay, 11th March.

104 Parades.—Parades will be held on Mondays and Thursdays in the Town Hall compound at 9-30 p.m. Spr. Q. F. Field Gun Drill. Dress.—Plain clothes.

107, Parades—The E E Company will parade at Apollo Bunder at 6-30 p m on Tuesday the 12th instant, and proceed to Middle Ground for Defence Light Manning.

E. P. CUDLIP, Capt., R. A.,
Adjutant B. V. A.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 24th February on 945·61 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings (Estimated.)	Total Earnings.
Total Traffic for the week.........	Rs. 2,05,000	Rs. 4,66,000	Rs. 4,000	Rs. 6,75,000
Or per mile of Railway.........	217	493	4	714
For previous 7 weeks of half year	13,56,000	29,55,300	27,570	43,38,870
Total for 8 weeks	15,61,000	34,21,300	31,570	50,13,870
COMPARISON. Total for corresponding week of previous year	2,09,312	4,39,680	3,680	6,52,672
Per mile of Ry...	221	465	4	690
Total to corresponding date...	14,66,985	31,74,628	27,196	46,68,811

Increase for the week.........Rs. 22,328
Do. to date ....Rs. 3,45,059

THE District Traffic Superintendent of the B. B. and C. I. Railway telegraphs from Rutlam that three wagons of a goods train were derailed in Sevalia yard at 4 o'clock on Saturday Traffic was interrupted for about ten hours, passengers being transhipped.

LITTLE SPELLS of fever, Little Chills so bland,
Make the mighty graveyard and the angel band,
SQUIBB'S AGUE SPECIFIC taken now and then,
Keeps a man healthy in a fever den.
Of all chemists and stores in India—MADON, SONS and Co., Bombay.

SCIENTIFIC NOTES.

UTILISING THE TIDES.

The idea of using the rise and fall of the tides as a source of power when our coal becomes scarce has often been discussed. In it we have a practically inexhaustible reservoir of energy. And here and there an actual example or how it can be done, occurs in our own country and elsewhere. In a recent issue of the "Scientific American," for example, there is described an old mill which has been working by tidal power since the Revolution. At high tide the waters are impounded in a basin, and flow out when it falls. The outflow formerly worked two undershot wheels, but now turbines are used. The maximum rise of tide available is 7 feet and about 40 horse-power is developed. This old mill is situated on the New York side of Long Island.

THE MOUTH AS A NURSERY.

When any species of fish departs from the general rule as regards care of their eggs—which is to let them severely alone—it is usually the male which plays the part of nurse. In the case of the fish (*Paratilapia multicolor*) recently described by a French zoologist, M. B. Romeis, however, it is the female which carefully tends the eggs and young. The fertilised eggs are placed in a pocket in her mouth, and kept there till hatched. The young fish are thrown out every morning into the water and received back into their nursery at night, until they are able to take care of themselves.

SLEEPING FISH.

The same naturalist has made some interesting observations on the sleeping habits of this fish. After laying its eggs, the female comes to the surface of the water, and there rests, apparently asleep. The side fins are pressed close to the body, and the back fins are at times out of the water. It will sometimes remain thus quite motionless save for a slight movement of the gill-covers for two hours. M. Romeis suggests that this rest is necessary, since during the breeding season it has eaten no food for a long time. It will also in this position obtain the greatest quantity of oxygen with the least exertion. Other observations on the sleep of fishes have been made at the New Marine Aquarium, Madras. The sea perches there are seen to go to sleep every night at the bottom of the tank, where they remain till the morning. Other species, however, remain motionless without going to the bottom, while others, again, move about all night.

CANARIES IN MINES.

The use of the canary as a warner of the existence of foul air in a mine has long been familiar in this country. And, according to the "Scientific American," a similar use is now made of it on the other side of the Atlantic. It was first of all thus used after the explosion at Cross Mountain Mine, Briceville, Tenn. Rescuers with machines for making oxygen on their backs went first, carrying canaries in cages. These were followed by others who were unprotected. When the wings of the canaries were seen to droop the latter turned back. It was thus known that the air was unfit for them to breathe.

ELEPHANT SEALS IN NEW YORK.

A recent expedition to the uninhabited island of Guadeloupe, 250 miles off San Diego, has resulted in the capture of six young elephant seals, which are now on exhibition at the New York Aquarium. Four skins of adult males, all over 16ft. long, have also been obtained for museum purposes. The elephant seal, of which a young specimen is now to be seen in our own Zoological Gardens, seems verging on extinction, though 50 years ago it was abundant. This is due to its possession of from six to seven inches of blubber-yielding oil, even superior to that of the whale, and the consequent much hunting. Its "trunk," to which it owes its name, is an elongated snout bearing the nostrils at the end. This can be expanded or contracted at will.

THE LOST ATLANTIS AGAIN.

In the "Comptes Rendus," M. Louis Germain revives the ancient myth and modern scientific theory of a lost Atlantis. The article is a forerunner of a book which the writer is about to publish. According to M. Germain, the Azores, Madeira, the Canaries, and Cape de Verde Islands are the last remnants of this drowned continent. The resemblance in the fauna and flora of these islands living and fossil, to those of Europe, Africa, and America, is traced out, and held to support the view of a great Continent submerged in the Atlantic.

COLOURS OF BIRDS' EGGS.

Attention is called by a note in the "Field" to the difficult and fascinating subject of the colours of birds' eggs. The writer emphasises the fact that the usual explanation offered on the lines of natural selection is not altogether satisfactory. It is generally believed that the colouring is protective, and therefore, useful, so that it may be supposed to have been evolved by natural selection. The protectively-coloured eggs are said to occur in open nests, and the conspicuously coloured, or white, eggs in covered nests, or in holes. But there are exceptions. Thus it is pointed out that ducks, pigeons, &c., lay white eggs in open nests, while the magpie lays a marked egg in a domed nest.

WARNING COLOURS?

Darwin's attention was directed to the subject of the colour of birds' eggs as a subject worthy of investigation, but he did not propose any explanation. It was Dr. A. R. Wallace, we believe, who first suggested the explanation now generally held by believers in natural selection. And there are many facts which are not inconsistent with this view. Yet there are many cases of conspicuously coloured eggs in open nests. Nothing, for example, could be much more conspicuous than the bright blue eggs of the hedge sparrow, or the blue black-spotted ones of the song thrush. If it could be shown that these eggs are avoided by egg-eaters, the suggestion that their colours are "warning" colours might perhaps be made.

TESTIMONY OF THE AMBER.

Many things are found in amber besides the fly, and Dr. Dampf, of Konigsburg, has just made a curious discovery in the collection of objects in amber which had been brought together by Professor Klebs. The find consists of a piice of Baltic amber, but instead of the fly inside it is a flea. The interest attaching to insects preserved in amber lies in the fact that skeletons are not known of that period. It is also interesting to know that the anatomical construction of this flea is precisely the same as that of its "congeneres actuels," at least so says the Paris contemporary to which we are indebted for the foregoing. Dr. Dampf is of opinion that the parasite in question came from some member of the unguiculated family, and inasmuch as the "puce" has no eyes, the doctor concludes that the mammal—whatever it was—from which it came, was itself a cave dweller.

PISCICULTURE IN LOMBARDY.

What strikes an Englishman in countries where farming is carried on on the "Petite culture" system is the way in which everything is turned to account. For instance, a tiny border of grass on each side of a pathway is not only a kind of relief to the crops, but is kept in order by the cow, led by a child grazing this green line. The same idea has occurred to Professor Felice Sapino, of the hydro-biologic station at Milan who proposes to turn to account the little water courses which are constructed to irrigate the rice plantations of Lombardy, and at the same time recompense the farmers. "The water must be there," so says the proffessor and why not turn it to account. The Agrarian Society of Lombardy in connection with the Milan station has offered prizes to the rice-growers to utilise their Lilliputian canals for the culture of fish. Carp lend themselves especially to this kind of culture. The experiment has been tried for two years, and Professor Sapino has written a little manual for the use of agri-pisciculteurs, and those who follow his instructions can increase their average earnings easily, inasmuch as the agriculturists receive the young carp gratuitously from the State.

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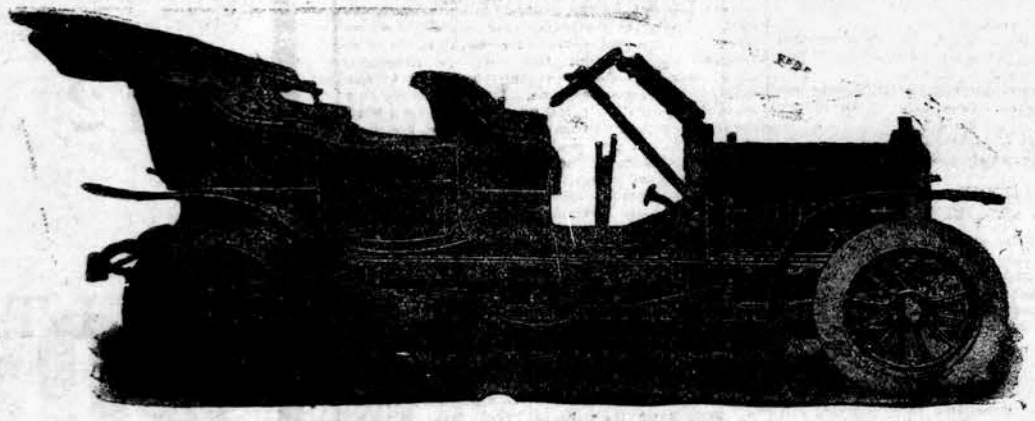

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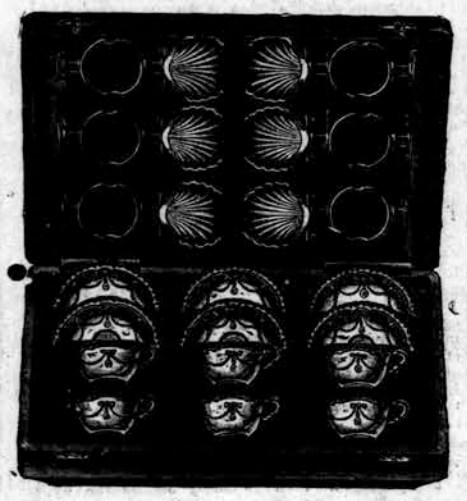

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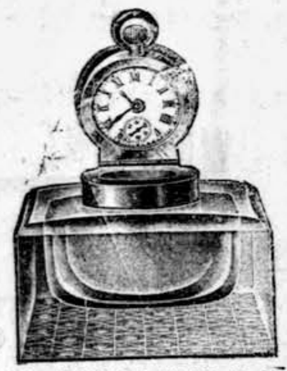
" " 2 " " 35-8 " " 32



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